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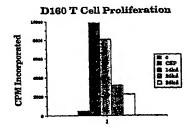
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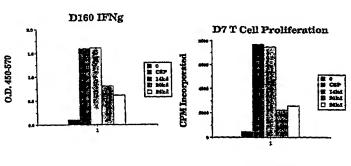
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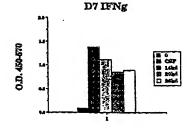
(54) Title: COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

#### (57) Abstract

Compounds and methods for inducing protective immunity against tuberculosis are disclosed. The compounds provided include polypeptides that contain at least one immunogenic portion of one or more M. tuberculosis proteins and DNA molecules encoding such polypeptides. Such compounds may be formulated into vaccines and/or pharmaceutical compositions for immunization against M. tuberculosis infection, or may be used for the diagnosis of tuberculosis.







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## Description

## COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

## Technical Field

The present invention relates generally to detecting, treating and preventing *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection. The invention is more particularly related to polypeptides comprising a *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* antigen, or a portion or other variant thereof, and the use of such polypeptides for diagnosing and vaccinating against *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

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### Background of the Invention

Tuberculosis is a chronic, infectious disease, that is generally caused by infection with *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. It is a major disease in developing countries, as well as an increasing problem in developed areas of the world, with about 8 million new cases and 3 million deaths each year. Although the infection may be asymptomatic for a considerable period of time, the disease is most commonly manifested as an acute inflammation of the lungs, resulting in fever and a nonproductive cough. If left untreated, serious complications and death typically result.

Although tuberculosis can generally be controlled using extended antibiotic therapy, such treatment is not sufficient to prevent the spread of the disease. Infected individuals may be asymptomatic, but contagious, for some time. In addition,

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although compliance with the treatment regimen is critical, patient behavior is difficult to monitor. Some patients do not complete the course of treatment, which can lead to ineffective treatment and the development of drug resistance.

Inhibiting the spread of tuberculosis requires effective vaccination and accurate, early diagnosis of the disease. Currently, vaccination with live bacteria is the most efficient method for inducing protective immunity. The most common Mycobacterium employed for this purpose is *Bacillus* Calmette-Guerin (BCG), an avirulent strain of *Mycobacterium bovis*. However, the safety and efficacy of BCG is a source of controversy and some countries, such as the United States, do not vaccinate the general public. Diagnosis is commonly achieved using a skin test, which involves intradermal exposure to tuberculin PPD (protein-purified derivative). Antigen-specific T cell responses result in measurable induration at the injection site by 48-72 hours after injection, which indicates exposure to Mycobacterial antigens. Sensitivity and specificity have, however, been a problem with this test, and individuals vaccinated with BCG cannot be distinguished from infected individuals.

While macrophages have been shown to act as the principal effectors of *M tuberculosis* immunity, T cells are the predominant inducers of such immunity. The essential role of T cells in protection against *M. tuberculosis* infection is illustrated by the frequent occurrence of *M. tuberculosis* in AIDS patients, due to the depletion of CD4 T cells associated with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection. Mycobacterium-reactive CD4 T cells have been shown to be potent producers of gamma-interferon (IFN- $\gamma$ ), which, in turn, has been shown to trigger the antimycobacterial effects of macrophages in mice. While the role of IFN- $\gamma$  in humans is less clear, studies have shown that 1,25-dihydroxy-vitamin D3, either alone or in combination with IFN- $\gamma$  or tumor necrosis factor-alpha, activates human macrophages to inhibit *M. tuberculosis* infection. Furthermore, it is known that IFN- $\gamma$  stimulates human macrophages to make 1,25-dihydroxy-vitamin D3. Similarly, IL-12 has been shown to play a role in stimulating resistance to *M. tuberculosis* infection. For a review of the immunology of *M. tuberculosis* infection see Chan and Kaufmann in

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Tuberculosis: Pathogenesis, Protection and Control, Bloom (ed.), ASM Press, Washington, DC, 1994.

Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved vaccines and methods for preventing, treating and detecting tuberculosis. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

### Summary of the Invention

Briefly stated, this invention provides compounds and methods for preventing and diagnosing tuberculosis. In one aspect, polypeptides are provided comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications. In one embodiment of this aspect, the soluble antigen has one of the following N-terminal sequences:

- (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Cys-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 120)
- (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 121)
- (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 122)
- (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 123)
- (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 124)
- (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 125)
- (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ser-Pro-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 126)
- (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 127)

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- (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Leu-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asn-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asn; (SEQ ID No. 128)
- (j) Xaa-Asp-Ser-Glu-Lys-Ser-Ala-Thr-Ile-Lys-Val-Thr-Asp-Ala-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 134)
- (k) Ala-Gly-Asp-Thr-Xaa-Ile-Tyr-Ile-Val-Gly-Asn-Leu-Thr-Ala-Asp; (SEQ ID No. 135) or
- (l) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136)
- 10 wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

In a related aspect, polypeptides are provided comprising an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, the antigen having one of the following N-terminal sequences:

15 (m) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No. 137) or

(n) Asp-Pro-Pro-Asp-Pro-His-Gln-Xaa-Asp-Met-Thr-Lys-Gly-Tyr-Tyr-Pro-Gly-Gly-Arg-Arg-Xaa-Phe; (SEQ ID No. 129)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

In another embodiment, the antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.

In a related aspect, the polypeptides comprise an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein the antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, the complements of said sequences, and

DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.

In related aspects, DNA sequences encoding the above polypeptides, expression vectors comprising these DNA sequences and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors are also provided.

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In another aspect, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a first and a second inventive polypeptide or, alternatively, an inventive polypeptide and a known *M. tuberculosis* antigen.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise one or more of the above polypeptides, or a DNA molecule encoding such polypeptides, and a physiologically acceptable carrier. The invention also provides vaccines comprising one or more of the polypeptides as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer, together with vaccines comprising one or more DNA sequences encoding such polypeptides and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

In yet another aspect, methods are provided for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of one or more of the above polypeptides.

In further aspects of this invention, methods and diagnostic kits are provided for detecting tuberculosis in a patient. The methods comprise contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more of the above polypeptides and detecting an immune response on the patient's skin. The diagnostic kits comprise one or more of the above polypeptides in combination with an apparatus sufficient to contact the polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

## Brief Description of the Drawings and Sequence Identifiers

Figure 1A and B illustrate the stimulation of proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production in T cells derived from a first and a second *M. tuberculosis*-immune donor, respectively, by the 14 Kd, 20 Kd and 26 Kd antigens described in Example 1.

Figure 2 illustrates the stimulation of proliferation and interferon-γ production in T cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual by the two representative polypeptides TbRa3 and TbRa9.

SEQ. ID NO. 1 is the DNA sequence of TbRa1. 10 SEQ. ID NO. 2 is the DNA sequence of TbRa10. SEQ. ID NO. 3 is the DNA sequence of TbRa11. SEQ. ID NO. 4 is the DNA sequence of TbRa12. SEQ. ID NO. 5 is the DNA sequence of TbRa13. SEQ. ID NO. 6 is the DNA sequence of TbRa16. 15 SEQ. ID NO. 7 is the DNA sequence of TbRa17. SEQ. ID NO. 8 is the DNA sequence of TbRa18. SEQ. ID NO. 9 is the DNA sequence of TbRa19. SEQ. ID NO. 10 is the DNA sequence of TbRa24. SEQ. ID NO. 11 is the DNA sequence of TbRa26. 20 SEQ. ID NO. 12 is the DNA sequence of TbRa28. SEQ. ID NO. 13 is the DNA sequence of TbRa29. SEQ. ID NO. 14 is the DNA sequence of TbRa2A. SEQ. ID NO. 15 is the DNA sequence of TbRa3. SEQ. ID NO. 16 is the DNA sequence of TbRa32. 25 SEQ. ID NO. 17 is the DNA sequence of TbRa35. SEQ. ID NO. 18 is the DNA sequence of TbRa36. SEQ. ID NO. 19 is the DNA sequence of TbRa4. SEQ. ID NO. 20 is the DNA sequence of TbRa9. SEQ. ID NO. 21 is the DNA sequence of TbRaB. 30 SEQ. ID NO. 22 is the DNA sequence of TbRaC.

	SEQ. ID NO. 23 is the DNA sequence of TbRaD.
	SEQ. ID NO. 24 is the DNA sequence of YYWCPG.
	SEQ. ID NO. 25 is the DNA sequence of AAMK.
	SEQ. ID NO. 26 is the DNA sequence of TbL-23.
5	SEQ. ID NO. 27 is the DNA sequence of TbL-24.
	SEQ. ID NO. 28 is the DNA sequence of TbL-25.
	SEQ. ID NO. 29 is the DNA sequence of TbL-28.
	SEQ. ID NO. 30 is the DNA sequence of TbL-29.
	SEQ. ID NO. 31 is the DNA sequence of TbH-5.
10	SEQ. ID NO. 32 is the DNA sequence of TbH-8.
	SEQ. ID NO. 33 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9.
	SEQ. ID NO. 34 is the DNA sequence of TbM-1.
	SEQ. ID NO. 35 is the DNA sequence of TbM-3.
	SEQ. ID NO. 36 is the DNA sequence of TbM-6.
15	SEQ. ID NO. 37 is the DNA sequence of TbM-7.
	SEQ. ID NO. 38 is the DNA sequence of TbM-9.
	SEQ. ID NO. 39 is the DNA sequence of TbM-12.
	SEQ. ID NO. 40 is the DNA sequence of TbM-13.
	SEQ. ID NO. 41 is the DNA sequence of TbM-14.
20	SEQ. ID NO. 42 is the DNA sequence of TbM-15.
	SEQ. ID NO. 43 is the DNA sequence of TbH-4.
	SEQ. ID NO. 44 is the DNA sequence of TbH-4-FWD.
	SEQ. ID NO. 45 is the DNA sequence of TbH-12.
	SEQ. ID NO. 46 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1.
25	SEQ. ID NO. 47 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-4.
	SEQ. ID NO. 48 is the DNA sequence of TbL-17.
	SEQ. ID NO. 49 is the DNA sequence of TbL-20.
	SEQ. ID NO. 50 is the DNA sequence of TbL-21.
	SEQ. ID NO. 51 is the DNA sequence of TbH-16.
30	SEQ. ID NO. 52 is the DNA sequence of DPEP.

SEQ. ID NO. 53 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPEP. SEQ. ID NO. 54 is the protein sequence of DPV N-terminal Antigen. SEQ. ID NO. 55 is the protein sequence of AVGS N-terminal Antigen. SEQ. ID NO. 56 is the protein sequence of AAMK N-terminal Antigen. 5 SEQ. ID NO. 57 is the protein sequence of YYWC N-terminal Antigen. SEQ. ID NO. 58 is the protein sequence of DIGS N-terminal Antigen. SEQ. ID NO. 59 is the protein sequence of AEES N-terminal Antigen. SEQ. ID NO. 60 is the protein sequence of DPEP N-terminal Antigen. SEQ. ID NO. 61 is the protein sequence of APKT N-terminal Antigen. 10 SEQ. ID NO. 62 is the protein sequence of DPAS N-terminal Antigen. SEQ. ID NO. 63 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa1. SEQ. ID NO. 64 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa10. SEQ. ID NO. 65 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa11. SEQ. ID NO. 66 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa12. 15 SEQ. ID NO. 67 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa13. SEQ. ID NO. 68 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa16. SEQ. ID NO. 69 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa17. SEQ. ID NO. 70 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa18. SEQ. ID NO. 71 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa19. 20 SEQ. ID NO. 72 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa24. SEQ. ID NO. 73 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa26. SEQ. ID NO. 74 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa28. SEQ. ID NO. 75 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa29. SEQ. ID NO. 76 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa2A. 25 SEQ. ID NO. 77 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa3. SEQ. ID NO. 78 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa32. SEQ. ID NO. 79 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa35. SEQ. ID NO. 80 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa36. SEQ. ID NO. 81 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa4. 30 SEQ. ID NO. 82 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa9.

	SEQ. ID NO. 83 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRaB.
	SEQ. ID NO. 84 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRaC.
	SEQ. ID NO. 85 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRaD.
	SEQ. ID NO. 86 is the deduced amino acid sequence of YYWCPG.
5	SEQ. ID NO. 87 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbAAMK.
	SEQ. ID NO. 88 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-1.
	SEQ. ID NO. 89 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-4.
	SEQ. ID NO. 90 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-8.
	SEQ. ID NO. 91 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9.
10	SEQ. ID NO. 92 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-12.
	SEQ. ID NO. 93 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 1.
	SEQ. ID NO. 94 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 2.
	SEQ. ID NO. 95 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 3.
	SEQ. ID NO. 96 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 4.
15	SEQ. ID NO. 97 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 5.
	SEQ. ID NO. 98 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 6.
	SEQ. ID NO. 99 is the DNA sequence of DPAS.
	SEQ. ID NO. 100 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPAS.
	SEQ. ID NO. 101 is the DNA sequence of DPV.
20	SEQ. ID NO. 102 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPV.
	SEQ. ID NO. 103 is the DNA sequence of ESAT-6.
	SEQ. ID NO. 104 is the deduced amino acid sequence of ESAT-6.
	SEQ. ID NO. 105 is the DNA sequence of TbH-8-2.
	SEQ. ID NO. 106 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9FL.
25	SEQ. ID NO. 107 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9FL.
	SEQ. ID NO. 108 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9-1.
	SEQ. ID NO. 109 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9-1.
	SEQ. ID NO. 110 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9-4.
	SEQ. ID NO. 111 is the deduced amino acid sequence of ThH-9-4

SEQ. ID NO. 112 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F2 IN.

- SEQ. ID NO. 113 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-2F2 RP.
- SEQ. ID NO. 114 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb37-FL.
- SEQ. ID NO. 115 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-IN.
- SEQ. ID NO. 116 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F3.
- 5 SEQ. ID NO. 117 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-1F3.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 118 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F5.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 119 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F6.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 120 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of DPV.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 121 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of AVGS.
- SEQ. ID NO. 122 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of AAMK.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 123 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of YYWC.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 124 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of DIGS.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 125 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of AEES.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 126 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of DPEP.
- 15 SEQ. ID NO. 127 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of APKT.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 128 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPAS.
  - SEQ. ID NO. 129 is the protein sequence of DPPD N-terminal Antigen.
  - SEQ ID NO. 130-133 are the protein sequences of four DPPD cyanogen bromide fragments.
- SEQ ID NO. 134 is the N-terminal protein sequence of XDS antigen.
  - SEQ ID NO. 135 is the N-terminal protein sequence of AGD antigen.
  - SEQ ID NO. 136 is the N-terminal protein sequence of APE antigen.
  - SEQ ID NO. 137 is the N-terminal protein sequence of XYI antigen.

## 25 <u>Detailed Description of the Invention</u>

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As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for preventing, treating and diagnosing tuberculosis. The compositions of the subject invention include polypeptides that comprise at least one immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications. Polypeptides within the scope of the present invention include, but are not limited to, immunogenic soluble

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M. tuberculosis antigens. A "soluble M. tuberculosis antigen" is a protein of M. tuberculosis origin that is present in M. tuberculosis culture filtrate. As used herein, the term "polypeptide" encompasses amino acid chains of any length, including full length proteins (i.e., antigens), wherein the amino acid residues are linked by covalent peptide bonds. Thus, a polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of one of the above antigens may consist entirely of the immunogenic portion, or may contain additional sequences. The additional sequences may be derived from the native M. tuberculosis antigen or may be heterologous, and such sequences may (but need not) be immunogenic.

"Immunogenic," as used herein, refers to the ability to elicit an immune response (e.g., cellular) in a patient, such as a human, and/or in a biological sample. In particular, antigens that are immunogenic (and immunogenic portions or other variants of such antigens) are capable of stimulating cell proliferation, interleukin-12 production and/or interferon-γ production in biological samples comprising one or more cells selected from the group of T cells, NK cells, B cells and macrophages, where the cells are derived from an M. tuberculosis-immune individual. Polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of one or more M. tuberculosis antigens may generally be used to detect tuberculosis or to induce protective immunity against tuberculosis in a patient.

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The compositions and methods of this invention also encompass variants of the above polypeptides. A "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from the native antigen only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, such that the ability of the polypeptide to induce an immune response is retained. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences, and evaluating the immunogenic properties of the modified polypeptide using, for example, the representative procedures described herein.

A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. In general, the following

groups of amino acids represent conservative changes: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his.

Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenic properties, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (e.g., poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

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In a related aspect, combination polypeptides are disclosed. A "combination polypeptide" is a polypeptide comprising at least one of the above immunogenic portions and one or more additional immunogenic *M. tuberculosis* sequences, which are joined via a peptide linkage into a single amino acid chain. The sequences may be joined directly (*i.e.*, with no intervening amino acids) or may be joined by way of a linker sequence (*e.g.*, Gly-Cys-Gly) that does not significantly diminish the immunogenic properties of the component polypeptides.

In general, *M. tuberculosis* antigens, and DNA sequences encoding such antigens, may be prepared using any of a variety of procedures. For example, soluble antigens may be isolated from *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate by procedures known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including anion-exchange and reverse phase chromatography. Purified antigens are then evaluated for their ability to elicit an appropriate immune response (e.g., cellular) using, for example, the representative methods described herein. Immunogenic antigens may then be partially sequenced using techniques such as traditional Edman chemistry. *See* Edman and Berg, *Eur. J. Biochem.* 80:116-132, 1967.

Immunogenic antigens may also be produced recombinantly using a 30 DNA sequence that encodes the antigen, which has been inserted into an expression

vector and expressed in an appropriate host. DNA molecules encoding soluble antigens may be isolated by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* expression library with anti-sera (e.g., rabbit) raised specifically against soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigens. DNA sequences encoding antigens that may or may not be soluble may be identified by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* genomic or cDNA expression library with sera obtained from patients infected with *M. tuberculosis*. Such screens may generally be performed using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989.

DNA sequences encoding soluble antigens may also be obtained by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* cDNA or genomic DNA library for DNA sequences that hybridize to degenerate oligonucleotides derived from partial amino acid sequences of isolated soluble antigens. Degenerate oligonucleotide sequences for use in such a screen may be designed and synthesized, and the screen may be performed, as described (for example) in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989 (and references cited therein). Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) may also be employed, using the above oligonucleotides in methods well known in the art, to isolate a nucleic acid probe from a cDNA or genomic library. The library screen may then be performed using the isolated probe.

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Alternatively, genomic or cDNA libraries derived from *M. tuberculosis* may be screened directly using peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) or T cell lines or clones derived from one or more *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals. In general, PBMCs and/or T cells for use in such screens may be prepared as described below. Direct library screens may generally be performed by assaying pools of expressed recombinant proteins for the ability to induce proliferation and/or interferon-y production in T cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. Alternatively, potential T cell antigens may be first selected based on antibody reactivity, as described above.

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Regardless of the method of preparation, the antigens (and immunogenic portions thereof) described herein (which may or may not be soluble) have the ability to induce an immunogenic response. More specifically, the antigens have the ability to induce proliferation and/or cytokine production (i.e., interferon-γ and/or interleukin-12 production) in T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from an M. tuberculosis-immune individual. The selection of cell type for use in evaluating an immunogenic response to a antigen will, of course, depend on the desired response. For example, interleukin-12 production is most readily evaluated using preparations containing B cells and/or macrophages. An M. tuberculosis-immune individual is one who is considered to be resistant to the development of tuberculosis by virtue of having mounted an effective T cell response to M. tuberculosis (i.e., substantially free of disease symptoms). Such individuals may be identified based on a strongly positive (i.e., greater than about 10 mm diameter induration) intradermal skin test response to tuberculosis proteins (PPD) and an absence of any signs or symptoms of tuberculosis disease. T cells, NK cells, B cells and macrophages derived from M. tuberculosisimmune individuals may be prepared using methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, a preparation of PBMCs (i.e., peripheral blood mononuclear cells) may be employed without further separation of component cells. generally be prepared, for example, using density centrifugation through Ficoll<sup>TM</sup> (Winthrop Laboratories, NY). T cells for use in the assays described herein may also be purified directly from PBMCs. Alternatively, an enriched T cell line reactive against mycobacterial proteins, or T cell clones reactive to individual mycobacterial proteins, may be employed. Such T cell clones may be generated by, for example, culturing PBMCs from M. tuberculosis-immune individuals with mycobacterial proteins for a period of 2-4 weeks. This allows expansion of only the mycobacterial protein-specific T cells, resulting in a line composed solely of such cells. These cells may then be cloned and tested with individual proteins, using methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, to more accurately define individual T cell specificity. In general, antigens that test positive in assays for proliferation and/or cytokine production (i.e., interferon-y and/or interleukin-12 production) performed using T cells, NK cells, B cells

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and/or macrophages derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual are considered immunogenic. Such assays may be performed, for example, using the representative procedures described below. Immunogenic portions of such antigens may be identified using similar assays, and may be present within the polypeptides described herein.

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induce proliferation.

The ability of a polypeptide (e.g., an immunogenic antigen, or a portion or other variant thereof) to induce cell proliferation is evaluated by contacting the cells (e.g., T cells and/or NK cells) with the polypeptide and measuring the proliferation of the cells. In general, the amount of polypeptide that is sufficient for evaluation of about 10<sup>5</sup> cells ranges from about 10 ng/mL to about 100 µg/mL and preferably is about 10 µg/mL. The incubation of polypeptide with cells is typically performed at 37°C for about six days. Following incubation with polypeptide, the cells are assayed for a proliferative response, which may be evaluated by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as exposing cells to a pulse of radiolabeled thymidine and measuring the incorporation of label into cellular DNA. In general, a polypeptide that results in at least a three fold increase in proliferation above background (i.e., the proliferation observed for cells cultured without polypeptide) is considered to be able to

The ability of a polypeptide to stimulate the production of interferon- $\gamma$  and/or interleukin-12 in cells may be evaluated by contacting the cells with the polypeptide and measuring the level of interferon- $\gamma$  or interleukin-12 produced by the cells. In general, the amount of polypeptide that is sufficient for the evaluation of about  $10^5$  cells ranges from about 10 ng/mL to about 100 µg/mL and preferably is about 10 µg/mL. The polypeptide may, but need not, be immobilized on a solid support, such as a bead or a biodegradable microsphere, such as those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109. The incubation of polypeptide with the cells is typically performed at  $37^{\circ}$ C for about six days. Following incubation with polypeptide, the cells are assayed for interferon- $\gamma$  and/or interleukin-12 (or one or more subunits thereof), which may be evaluated by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) or, in the case of IL-12 P70 subunit, a bioassay such as an assay measuring proliferation of T cells. In general, a polypeptide

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that results in the production of at least 50 pg of interferon-γ per mL of cultured supernatant (containing 10<sup>4</sup>-10<sup>5</sup> T cells per mL) is considered able to stimulate the production of interferon-γ. A polypeptide that stimulates the production of at least 10 pg/mL of IL-12 P70 subunit, and/or at least 100 pg/mL of IL-12 P40 subunit, per 10<sup>5</sup> macrophages or B cells (or per 3 x 10<sup>5</sup> PBMC) is considered able to stimulate the production of IL-12.

In general, immunogenic antigens are those antigens that stimulate proliferation and/or cytokine production (i.e., interferon-γ and/or interleukin-12 production) in T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from at least about 25% of *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals. Among these immunogenic antigens, polypeptides having superior therapeutic properties may be distinguished based on the magnitude of the responses in the above assays and based on the percentage of individuals for which a response is observed. In addition, antigens having superior therapeutic properties will not stimulate proliferation and/or cytokine production *in vitro* in cells derived from more than about 25% of individuals that are not *M. tuberculosis*-immune, thereby eliminating responses that are not specifically due to *M. tuberculosis*-responsive cells. Those antigens that induce a response in a high percentage of T cell, NK cell, B cell and/or macrophage preparations from *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals (with a low incidence of responses in cell preparations from other individuals) have superior therapeutic properties.

Antigens with superior therapeutic properties may also be identified based on their ability to diminish the severity of *M. tuberculosis* infection in experimental animals, when administered as a vaccine. Suitable vaccine preparations for use on experimental animals are described in detail below. Efficacy may be determined based on the ability of the antigen to provide at least about a 50% reduction in bacterial numbers and/or at least about a 40% decrease in mortality following experimental infection. Suitable experimental animals include mice, guinea pigs and primates.

Antigens having superior diagnostic properties may generally be identified based on the ability to elicit a response in an intradermal skin test performed

on an individual with active tuberculosis, but not in a test performed on an individual who is not infected with *M. tuberculosis*. Skin tests may generally be performed as described below, with a response of at least 5 mm induration considered positive.

Immunogenic portions of the antigens described herein may be prepared and identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, Fundamental Immunology, 3d ed., Raven Press, 1993, pp. 243-247 and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptide portions of the native antigen for immunogenic properties. The representative proliferation and cytokine production assays described herein may generally be employed in these screens. An immunogenic portion of a polypeptide is a portion that, within such representative assays, generates an immune response (e.g., proliferation, interferon-γ production and/or interleukin-12 production) that is substantially similar to that generated by the full length antigen. In other words, an immunogenic portion of an antigen may generate at least about 20%, and preferably about 100%, of the proliferation induced by the full length antigen in the model proliferation assay described herein. An immunogenic portion may also, or alternatively, stimulate the production of at least about 20%, and preferably about 100%, of the interferon-γ and/or interleukin-12 induced by the full length antigen in the model assay described herein.

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Portions and other variants of *M. tuberculosis* antigens may be generated by synthetic or recombinant means. Synthetic polypeptides having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may be generated using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. *See* Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Applied BioSystems, Inc., Foster City, CA, and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions. Variants of a native antigen may generally be prepared using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis. Sections of the DNA sequence

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may also be removed using standard techniques to permit preparation of truncated polypeptides.

Recombinant polypeptides containing portions and/or variants of a native antigen may be readily prepared from a DNA sequence encoding the polypeptide using a variety of techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant protein.

Any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed to express recombinant polypeptides of this invention. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. The DNA sequences expressed in this manner may encode naturally occurring antigens, portions of naturally occurring antigens, or other variants thereof.

In general, regardless of the method of preparation, the polypeptides disclosed herein are prepared in substantially pure form. Preferably, the polypeptides are at least about 80% pure, more preferably at least about 90% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. In certain preferred embodiments, described in detail below, the substantially pure polypeptides are incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or vaccines for use in one or more of the methods disclosed herein.

In certain specific embodiments, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen having one of the following N-terminal sequences, or a variant thereof that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications:

(a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Cys-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 120) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-(b) Ser; (SEQ ID No. 121) 5 (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 122) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-(d) Pro; (SEQ ID No. 123) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (e) 10 (SEQ ID No. 124) (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 125) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ala-Ser-(g) Pro-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 126) 15 Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-(h) Gly; (SEQ ID No. 127) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Leu-(i) Thr-Ser-Leu-Asn-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asn-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asn; (SEQ ID No. 128) 20 Xaa-Asp-Ser-Glu-Lys-Ser-Ala-Thr-Ile-Lys-Val-Thr-Asp-Ala-(j) Ser; (SEQ ID No. 134) Ala-Gly-Asp-Thr-Xaa-Ile-Tyr-Ile-Val-Gly-Asn-Leu-Thr-Ala-(k) Asp; (SEQ ID No. 135) or **(l)** Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-25 Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136) wherein Xaa may be any amino acid, preferably a cysteine residue. A DNA sequence encoding the antigen identified as (g) above is provided in SEQ ID No. 52, and the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No. 52 is provided in SEQ ID No. 53. A DNA

sequence encoding the antigen defined as (a) above is provided in SEQ ID No. 101; its deduced amino acid sequence is provided in SEQ ID No. 102. A DNA sequence

corresponding to antigen (d) above is provided in SEQ ID No. 24 a DNA sequence corresponding to antigen (c) is provided in SEQ ID No. 25 and a DNA sequence corresponding to antigen (i) is provided in SEQ ID No. 99; its deduced amino acid sequence is provided in SEQ ID No. 100.

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In a further specific embodiment, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen having one of the following N-terminal sequences, or a variant thereof that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications:

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- (m) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No 137) or
- (n) Asp-Pro-Pro-Asp-Pro-His-Gln-Xaa-Asp-Met-Thr-Lys-Gly-Tyr-Tyr-Pro-Gly-Gly-Arg-Arg-Xaa-Phe; (SEQ ID No. 129)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid, preferably a cysteine residue.

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In other specific embodiments, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen (or a variant of such an antigen) that comprises one or more of the amino acid sequences encoded by (a) the DNA sequences of SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25 and 52; (b) the complements of such DNA sequences, or (c) DNA sequences substantially homologous to a sequence in (a) or (b).

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In further specific embodiments, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen (or a variant of such an antigen), which may or may not be soluble, that comprises one or more of the amino acid sequences encoded by (a) the DNA sequences of SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, (b) the complements of such DNA sequences or (c) DNA sequences substantially homologous to a sequence in (a) or (b).

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In the specific embodiments discussed above, the *M. tuberculosis* antigens include variants that are encoded by DNA sequences which are substantially homologous to one or more of DNA sequences specifically recited herein. "Substantial homology," as used herein, refers to DNA sequences that are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions. Suitable moderately stringent conditions include

prewashing in a solution of 5X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5X SSC, overnight or, in the case of cross-species homology at 45°C, 0.5X SSC; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS). Such hybridizing DNA sequences are also within the scope of this invention, as are nucleotide sequences that, due to code degeneracy, encode an immunogenic polypeptide that is encoded by a hybridizing DNA sequence.

In a related aspect, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a first and a second inventive polypeptide or, alternatively, a polypeptide of the present invention and a known *M tuberculosis* antigen, such as the 38 kD antigen described above or ESAT-6 (SEQ ID Nos. 103 and 104), together with variants of such fusion proteins. The fusion proteins of the present invention may also include a linker peptide between the first and second polypeptides.

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A DNA sequence encoding a fusion protein of the present invention is constructed using known recombinant DNA techniques to assemble separate DNA sequences encoding the first and second polypeptides into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of a DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptide is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase to permit mRNA translation of the two DNA sequences into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both the first and the second polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptides by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser

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residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene 40*:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83*:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Peptide sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons require to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

In another aspect, the present invention provides methods for using one or more of the above polypeptides or fusion proteins (or DNA molecules encoding such polypeptides) to induce protective immunity against tuberculosis in a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may be afflicted with a disease, or may be free of detectable disease and/or infection. In other words, protective immunity may be induced to prevent or treat tuberculosis.

In this aspect, the polypeptide, fusion protein or DNA molecule is generally present within a pharmaceutical composition and/or a vaccine. Pharmaceutical compositions may comprise one or more polypeptides, each of which may contain one or more of the above sequences (or variants thereof), and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more of the above polypeptides and a non-specific immune response enhancer, such as an adjuvant or a liposome (into which the polypeptide is incorporated). Such pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may also contain other *M. tuberculosis* antigens, either incorporated into a combination polypeptide or present within a separate polypeptide.

Alternatively, a vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated in situ. In such vaccines, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacterial and viral expression systems. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., Science 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, Science 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

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In a related aspect, a DNA vaccine as described above may be administered simultaneously with or sequentially to either a polypeptide of the present invention or a known *M. tuberculosis* antigen, such as the 38 kD antigen described above. For example, administration of DNA encoding a polypeptide of the present invention, either "naked" or in a delivery system as described above, may be followed by administration of an antigen in order to enhance the protective immune effect of the vaccine.

Routes and frequency of administration, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual and may parallel those currently being used in immunization using BCG. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (e.g., intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (e.g., by aspiration) or orally. Between 1 and 3 doses may be administered for a 1-36 week period. Preferably, 3 doses are administered, at

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intervals of 3-4 months, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of polypeptide or DNA that, when administered as described above, is capable of raising an immune response in an immunized patient sufficient to protect the patient from *M. tuberculosis* infection for at least 1-2 years. In general, the amount of polypeptide present in a dose (or produced *in situ* by the DNA in a dose) ranges from about 1 pg to about 100 mg per kg of host, typically from about 10 pg to about 1 mg, and preferably from about 100 pg to about 1 µg. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactic galactide) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Any of a variety of adjuvants may be employed in the vaccines of this invention to nonspecifically enhance the immune response. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a nonspecific stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bortadella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Freund's Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories) and Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ). Other suitable adjuvants include alum, biodegradable microspheres, monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A.

In another aspect, this invention provides methods for using one or more of the polypeptides described above to diagnose tuberculosis using a skin test. As used

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herein, a "skin test" is any assay performed directly on a patient in which a delayed-type hypersensitivity (DTH) reaction (such as swelling, reddening or dermatitis) is measured following intradermal injection of one or more polypeptides as described above. Such injection may be achieved using any suitable device sufficient to contact the polypeptide or polypeptides with dermal cells of the patient, such as a tuberculin syringe or 1 mL syringe. Preferably, the reaction is measured at least 48 hours after injection, more preferably 48-72 hours.

The DTH reaction is a cell-mediated immune response, which is greater in patients that have been exposed previously to the test antigen (*i.e.*, the immunogenic portion of the polypeptide employed, or a variant thereof). The response may be measured visually, using a ruler. In general, a response that is greater than about 0.5 cm in diameter, preferably greater than about 1.0 cm in diameter, is a positive response, indicative of tuberculosis infection, which may or may not be manifested as an active disease.

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The polypeptides of this invention are preferably formulated, for use in a skin test, as pharmaceutical compositions containing a polypeptide and a physiologically acceptable carrier, as described above. Such compositions typically contain one or more of the above polypeptides in an amount ranging from about 1 µg to about 100 µg, preferably from about 10 µg to about 50 µg in a volume of 0.1 mL. Preferably, the carrier employed in such pharmaceutical compositions is a saline solution with appropriate preservatives, such as phenol and/or Tween 80<sup>TM</sup>.

In a preferred embodiment, a polypeptide employed in a skin test is of sufficient size such that it remains at the site of injection for the duration of the reaction period. In general, a polypeptide that is at least 9 amino acids in length is sufficient. The polypeptide is also preferably broken down by macrophages within hours of injection to allow presentation to T-cells. Such polypeptides may contain repeats of one or more of the above sequences and/or other immunogenic or nonimmunogenic sequences.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

#### **EXAMPLES**

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## EXAMPLE 1

## PURIFICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF POLYPEPTIDES FROM M. TUBERCULOSIS CULTURE FILTRATE

This example illustrates the preparation of *M. tuberculosis* soluble polypeptides from culture filtrate. Unless otherwise noted, all percentages in the following example are weight per volume.

*M. tuberculosis* (either H37Ra, ATCC No. 25177, or H37Rv, ATCC No. 25618) was cultured in sterile GAS media at 37°C for fourteen days. The media was then vacuum filtered (leaving the bulk of the cells) through a 0.45  $\mu$  filter into a sterile 2.5 L bottle. The media was next filtered through a 0.2  $\mu$  filter into a sterile 4 L bottle and NaN<sub>3</sub> was added to the culture filtrate to a concentration of 0.04%. The bottles were then placed in a 4°C cold room.

The culture filtrate was concentrated by placing the filtrate in a 12 L reservoir that had been autoclaved and feeding the filtrate into a 400 ml Amicon stir cell which had been rinsed with ethanol and contained a 10,000 kDa MWCO membrane. The pressure was maintained at 60 psi using nitrogen gas. This procedure reduced the 12 L volume to approximately 50 ml.

The culture filtrate was dialyzed into 0.1% ammonium bicarbonate using a 8,000 kDa MWCO cellulose ester membrane, with two changes of ammonium bicarbonate solution. Protein concentration was then determined by a commercially available BCA assay (Pierce, Rockford, IL).

The dialyzed culture filtrate was then lyophilized, and the polypeptides resuspended in distilled water. The polypeptides were dialyzed against 0.01 mM 1,3 bis[tris(hydroxymethyl)-methylamino]propane, pH 7.5 (Bis-Tris propane buffer), the

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initial conditions for anion exchange chromatography. Fractionation was performed using gel profusion chromatography on a POROS 146 II Q/M anion exchange column 4.6 mm x 100 mm (Perseptive BioSystems, Framingham, MA) equilibrated in 0.01 mM Bis-Tris propane buffer pH 7.5. Polypeptides were eluted with a linear 0-0.5 M NaCl gradient in the above buffer system. The column eluent was monitored at a wavelength of 220 nm.

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The pools of polypeptides eluting from the ion exchange column were dialyzed against distilled water and lyophilized. The resulting material was dissolved in 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) pH 1.9 in water, and the polypeptides were purified on a Delta-Pak C18 column (Waters, Milford, MA) 300 Angstrom pore size, 5 micron particle size (3.9 x 150 mm). The polypeptides were eluted from the column with a linear gradient from 0-60% dilution buffer (0.1% TFA in acetonitrile). The flow rate was 0.75 ml/minute and the HPLC eluent was monitored at 214 nm. Fractions containing the eluted polypeptides were collected to maximize the purity of the individual samples. Approximately 200 purified polypeptides were obtained.

The purified polypeptides were then screened for the ability to induce T-cell proliferation in PBMC preparations. The PBMCs from donors known to be PPD skin test positive and whose T-cells were shown to proliferate in response to PPD and crude soluble proteins from MTB were cultured in medium comprising RPMI 1640 supplemented with 10% pooled human serum and 50  $\mu$ g/ml gentamicin. Purified polypeptides were added in duplicate at concentrations of 0.5 to 10  $\mu$ g/mL. After six days of culture in 96-well round-bottom plates in a volume of 200  $\mu$ l, 50  $\mu$ l of medium was removed from each well for determination of IFN- $\gamma$  levels, as described below. The plates were then pulsed with 1  $\mu$ Ci/well of tritiated thymidine for a further 18 hours, harvested and tritium uptake determined using a gas scintillation counter. Fractions that resulted in proliferation in both replicates three fold greater than the proliferation observed in cells cultured in medium alone were considered positive.

IFN-γ was measured using an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). ELISA plates were coated with a mouse monoclonal antibody directed to human IFN-γ (PharMingen, San Diego, CA) in PBS for four hours at room temperature.

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Wells were then blocked with PBS containing 5% (W/V) non-fat dried milk for 1 hour at room temperature. The plates were then washed six times in PBS/0.2% TWEEN-20 and samples diluted 1:2 in culture medium in the ELISA plates were incubated overnight at room temperature. The plates were again washed and a polyclonal rabbit anti-human IFN-y serum diluted 1:3000 in PBS/10% normal goat serum was added to each well. The plates were then incubated for two hours at room temperature, washed and horseradish peroxidase-coupled anti-rabbit IgG (Sigma Chemical So., St. Louis, MO) was added at a 1:2000 dilution in PBS/5% non-fat dried milk. After a further two hour incubation at room temperature, the plates were washed and TMB substrate added. The reaction was stopped after 20 min with 1 N sulfuric acid. Optical density was determined at 450 nm using 570 nm as a reference wavelength. Fractions that resulted in both replicates giving an OD two fold greater than the mean OD from cells cultured in medium alone, plus 3 standard deviations, were considered positive.

For sequencing, the polypeptides were individually dried onto Biobrene™ (Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division, Foster City, CA) treated glass 15 fiber filters. The filters with polypeptide were loaded onto a Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division Procise 492 protein sequencer. The polypeptides were sequenced from the amino terminal and using traditional Edman chemistry. The amino acid sequence was determined for each polypeptide by comparing the retention time of the PTH amino acid derivative to the appropriate PTH derivative standards.

Using the procedure described above, antigens having the following N-terminal sequences were isolated:

- (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Xaa-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 54)
- (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 55)
  - Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-(c) Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 56)
  - (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 57)

- (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 58)
- (f) Ala-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 59)
- (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ala-Ala-Pro-Pro-Ala; (SEQ ID No. 60) and
- (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 61)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

- An additional antigen was isolated employing a microbore HPLC purification step in addition to the procedure described above. Specifically, 20 μl of a fraction comprising a mixture of antigens from the chromatographic purification step previously described, was purified on an Aquapore C18 column (Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division, Foster City, CA) with a 7 micron pore size, column size 1 mm x 100 mm, in a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Model 172 HPLC. Fractions were eluted from the column with a linear gradient of 1%/minute of acetonitrile (containing 0.05% TFA) in water (0.05% TFA) at a flow rate of 80 μl/minute. The eluent was monitored at 250 nm. The original fraction was separated into 4 major peaks plus other smaller components and a polypeptide was obtained which was shown to have a molecular weight of 12.054 Kd (by mass spectrometry) and the following N-terminal sequence:
  - (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Gln-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Asn-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asp-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asp (SEQ ID No. 62).
- 25 This polypeptide was shown to induce proliferation and IFN-γ production in PBMC preparations using the assays described above.

Additional soluble antigens were isolated from *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate as follows. *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate was prepared as described above. Following dialysis against Bis-Tris propane buffer, at pH 5.5, fractionation was performed using anion exchange chromatography on a Poros QE column 4.6 x 100 mm

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(Perseptive Biosystems) equilibrated in Bis-Tris propane buffer pH 5.5. Polypeptides were eluted with a linear 0-1.5 M NaCl gradient in the above buffer system at a flow rate of 10 ml/min. The column eluent was monitored at a wavelength of 214 nm.

The fractions eluting from the ion exchange column were pooled and subjected to reverse phase chromatography using a Poros R2 column  $4.6 \times 100$  mm (Perseptive Biosystems). Polypeptides were eluted from the column with a linear gradient from 0-100% acetonitrile (0.1% TFA) at a flow rate of 5 ml/min. The eluent was monitored at 214 nm.

Fractions containing the eluted polypeptides were lyophilized and resuspended in 80 µl of aqueous 0.1% TFA and further subjected to reverse phase chromatography on a Vydac C4 column 4.6 x 150 mm (Western Analytical, Temecula, CA) with a linear gradient of 0-100% acetonitrile (0.1% TFA) at a flow rate of 2 ml/min. Eluent was monitored at 214 nm.

The fraction with biological activity was separated into one major peak plus other smaller components. Western blot of this peak onto PVDF membrane revealed three major bands of molecular weights 14 Kd, 20 Kd and 26 Kd. These polypeptides were determined to have the following N-terminal sequences, respectively:

- (j) Xaa-Asp-Ser-Glu-Lys-Ser-Ala-Thr-Ile-Lys-Val-Thr-Asp-Ala-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 134)
- (k) Ala-Gly-Asp-Thr-Xaa-Ile-Tyr-Ile-Val-Gly-Asn-Leu-Thr-Ala-Asp; (SEQ ID No. 135) and
- (l) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136), wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

Using the assays described above, these polypeptides were shown to induce 25 proliferation and IFN-γ production in PBMC preparations. Figs. 1A and B show the results of such assays using PBMC preparations from a first and a second donor, respectively.

DNA sequences that encode the antigens designated as (a), (c), (d) and (g) above were obtained by screening a genomic *M. tuberculosis* library using <sup>32</sup>P end labeled degenerate oligonucleotides corresponding to the N-terminal sequence and

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containing *M. tuberculosis* codon bias. The screen performed using a probe corresponding to antigen (a) above identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 101. The polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No. 101 is provided in SEQ ID No. 102. The screen performed using a probe corresponding to antigen (g) above identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 52. The polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No. 52 is provided in SEQ ID No. 53. The screen performed using a probe corresponding to antigen (d) above identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 24, and the screen performed with a probe corresponding to antigen (c) identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 25.

The above amino acid sequences were compared to known amino acid sequences in the gene bank using the DNA STAR system. The database searched contains some 173,000 proteins and is a combination of the Swiss, PIR databases along with translated protein sequences (Version 87). No significant homologies to the amino acid sequences for antigens (a)-(h) and (l) were detected.

The amino acid sequence for antigen (i) was found to be homologous to a sequence from *M. leprae*. The full length *M. leprae* sequence was amplified from genomic DNA using the sequence obtained from GENBANK. This sequence was then used to screen the *M. tuberculosis* library described below in Example 2 and a full length copy of the *M. tuberculosis* homologue was obtained (SEQ ID No. 99).

The amino acid sequence for antigen (j) was found to be homologous to a known *M. tuberculosis* protein translated from a DNA sequence. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, this protein has not been previously shown to possess T-cell stimulatory activity. The amino acid sequence for antigen (k) was found to be related to a sequence from *M. leprae*.

In the proliferation and IFN-γ assays described above, using three PPD positive donors, the results for representative antigens provided above are presented in Table 1:

TABLE 1

RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION AND IFN-y Assays

Sequence	Proliferation	IFN-γ
(a)	+	
(c)	+++	+++
(d)	++	++
(g)	+++	+++
(h)	+++	+++

In Table 1, responses that gave a stimulation index (SI) of between 2 and 4 (compared to cells cultured in medium alone) were scored as +, an SI of 4-8 or 2-4 at a concentration of 1 μg or less was scored as ++ and an SI of greater than 8 was scored as +++. The antigen of sequence (i) was found to have a high SI (+++) for one donor and lower SI (++ and +) for the two other donors in both proliferation and IFN-γ assays.

These results indicate that these antigens are capable of inducing proliferation and/or

# EXAMPLE 2 USE OF PATIENT SERA TO ISOLATE M. TUBERCULOSIS ANTIGENS

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interferon-y production.

This example illustrates the isolation of antigens from *M. tuberculosis* lysate by screening with serum from *M. tuberculosis*-infected individuals.

Dessicated *M. tuberculosis* H37Ra (Difco Laboratories) was added to a 2% NP40 solution, and alternately homogenized and sonicated three times. The resulting suspension was centrifuged at 13,000 rpm in microfuge tubes and the supernatant put through a 0.2 micron syringe filter. The filtrate was bound to Macro Prep DEAE beads (BioRad, Hercules, CA). The beads were extensively washed with 20 mM Tris pH 7.5 and bound proteins eluted with 1M NaCl. The 1M NaCl elute was dialyzed overnight against 10 mM Tris, pH 7.5. Dialyzed solution was treated with

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DNase and RNase at 0.05 mg/ml for 30 min. at room temperature and then with α-D-mannosidase, 0.5 U/mg at pH 4.5 for 3-4 hours at room temperature. After returning to pH 7.5, the material was fractionated via FPLC over a Bio Scale-Q-20 column (BioRad). Fractions were combined into nine pools, concentrated in a Centriprep 10 (Amicon, Beverley, MA) and then screened by Western blot for serological activity using a serum pool from *M. tuberculosis*-infected patients which was not immunoreactive with other antigens of the present invention.

The most reactive fraction was run in SDS-PAGE and transferred to PVDF. A band at approximately 85 Kd was cut out yielding the sequence:

(m) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val: (SEQ ID No. 137), wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

Comparison of this sequence with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to known sequences.

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## **EXAMPLE 3**

## PREPARATION OF DNA SEQUENCES ENCODING M. TUBERCULOSIS ANTIGENS

This example illustrates the preparation of DNA sequences encoding 20 *M. tuberculosis* antigens by screening a *M. tuberculosis* expression library with sera obtained from patients infected with *M. tuberculosis*, or with anti-sera raised against soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigens.

## A. Preparation of M. tuberculosis Soluble Antigens using Rabbit Anti-25 SERA

Genomic DNA was isolated from the *M. tuberculosis* strain H37Ra. The DNA was randomly sheared and used to construct an expression library using the Lambda ZAP expression system (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA). Rabbit anti-sera was generated against secretory proteins of the *M. tuberculosis* strains H37Ra, H37Rv and Erdman by immunizing a rabbit with concentrated supernatant of the *M. tuberculosis* cultures. Specifically, the rabbit was first immunized subcutaneously with 200 µg of

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protein antigen in a total volume of 2 ml containing 10 µg muramyl dipeptide (Calbiochem, La Jolla, CA) and 1 ml of incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Four weeks later the rabbit was boosted subcutaneously with 100 µg antigen in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Finally, the rabbit was immunized intravenously four weeks later with 50 µg protein antigen. The anti-sera were used to screen the expression library as described in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989. Bacteriophage plaques expressing immunoreactive antigens were purified. Phagemid from the plaques was rescued and the nucleotide sequences of the *M. tuberculosis* clones deduced.

Thirty two clones were purified. Of these, 25 represent sequences that have not been previously identified in human *M. tuberculosis*. Recombinant antigens were expressed and purified antigens used in the immunological analysis described in Example 1. Proteins were induced by IPTG and purified by gel elution, as described in Skeiky et al., *J. Exp. Med. 181*:1527-1537, 1995. Representative sequences of DNA molecules identified in this screen are provided in SEQ ID Nos.: 1-25. The corresponding predicted amino acid sequences are shown in SEQ ID Nos. 63-87.

On comparison of these sequences with known sequences in the gene bank using the databases described above, it was found that the clones referred to hereinafter as TbRA2A, TbRA16, TbRA18, and TbRA29 (SEQ ID Nos. 76, 68, 70, 75) show some homology to sequences previously identified in *Mycobacterium leprae* but not in *M. tuberculosis*. TbRA11, TbRA26, TbRA28 and TbDPEP (SEQ ID Nos.: 65, 73, 74, 53) have been previously identified in *M. tuberculosis*. No significant homologies were found to TbRA1, TbRA3, TbRA4, TbRA9, TbRA10, TbRA13, TbRA17, TbRa19, TbRA29, TbRA32, TbRA36 and the overlapping clones TbRA35 and TbRA12 (SEQ ID Nos. 63, 77, 81, 82, 64, 67, 69, 71, 75, 78, 80, 79, 66). The clone TbRa24 is overlapping with clone TbRa29.

The results of PBMC proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  assays performed on representative recombinant antigens, and using T-cell preparations from several different M. tuberculosis-immune patients, are presented in Tables 2 and 3, respectively.

TABLE 2
RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION TO REPRESENTATIVE SOLUBLE ANTIGENS

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Antigen		TbRal	TbRa3	TbRa9	TbRa10	TbRall	TbRa12	TbRa16	TbRa24	TbRa26	TbRa29	TbRa35	TbRaB	TbRaC	TbRaD	AAMK	ΥΥ	DPEP	Control

nt = not tested

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$\overline{\text{Results}}$ of PBMC Interferon- $\gamma$ Production To Representative Soluble Antigens		3		‡	E	+1	+	+	E	ŧ	ŧ	┆	핕	#	ut	ıt	nt	+1	•	+		
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	Antigen		TbRai	TbRa3	TbRa9	TbRa10	TbRall	TbRa12	TbRa16	TbRa24	TbRa26	1. U.S.	10Ka29	1 bRa35	TbRaB	TbRaC	TbRaD	AAMK	YY	DPEP	Control	Control

In Tables 2 and 3, responses that gave a stimulation index (SI) of between 1.2 and 2 (compared to cells cultured in medium alone) were scored as  $\pm$ , a SI of 2-4 was scored as +, as SI of 4-8 or 2-4 at a concentration of 1  $\mu$ g or less was scored as ++ and an SI of greater than 8 was scored as +++. In addition, the effect of concentration on proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production is shown for two of the above antigens in the attached Figure. For both proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production, TbRa3 was scored as +++ and TbRa9 as ++.

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These results indicate that these soluble antigens can induce proliferation and/or interferon-γ production in T-cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual.

# B. <u>Use of Patient Sera to Identify DNA Sequences Encoding</u> <u>M. TUBERCULOSIS ANTIGENS</u>

The genomic DNA library described above, and an additional H37Rv library, were screened using pools of sera obtained from patients with active tuberculosis. To prepare the H37Rv library, *M. tuberculosis* strain H37Rv genomic DNA was isolated, subjected to partial *Sau*3A digestion and used to construct an expression library using the Lambda Zap expression system (Stratagene, La Jolla, Ca). Three different pools of sera, each containing sera obtained from three individuals with active pulmonary or pleural disease, were used in the expression screening. The pools were designated TbL, TbM and TbH, referring to relative reactivity with H37Ra lysate (*i.e.*, TbL = low reactivity, TbM = medium reactivity and TbH = high reactivity) in both ELISA and immunoblot format. A fourth pool of sera from seven patients with active pulmonary tuberculosis was also employed. All of the sera lacked increased reactivity with the recombinant 38 kD *M. tuberculosis* H37Ra phosphate-binding protein.

All pools were pre-adsorbed with *E. coli* lysate and used to screen the H37Ra and H37Rv expression libraries, as described in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989. Bacteriophage plaques expressing immunoreactive antigens were purified. Phagemid from the plaques was rescued and the nucleotide sequences of the *M. tuberculosis* clones deduced.

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Thirty two clones were purified. Of these, 31 represented sequences that had not been previously identified in human *M. tuberculosis*. Representative sequences of the DNA molecules identified are provided in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51 and 105. Of these, TbH-8 and TbH-8-2 (SEQ. ID NO. 105) are non-contiguous DNA sequences from the same clone, and TbH-4 (SEQ. ID NO. 43) and TbH-4-FWD (SEQ. ID NO. 44) are non-contiguous sequences from the same clone. Amino acid sequences for the antigens hereinafter identified as Tb38-1, TbH-4, TbH-8, TbH-9, and TbH-12 are shown in SEQ ID Nos.: 88-92. Comparison of these sequences with known sequences in the gene bank using the databases identified above revealed no significant homologies to TbH-4, TbH-8, TbH-9 and TbM-3, although weak homologies were found to TbH-9. TbH-12 was found to be homologous to a 34 kD antigenic protein previously identified in *M. paratuberculosis* (Acc. No. S28515). Tb38-1 was found to be located 34 base pairs upstream of the open reading frame for the antigen ESAT-6 previously identified in *M. bovis* (Acc. No. U34848) and in *M. tuberculosis* (Sorensen et al., *Infec. Immun. 63*:1710-1717, 1995).

Probes derived from Tb38-1 and TbH-9, both isolated from an H37Ra library, were used to identify clones in an H37Rv library. Tb38-1 hybridized to Tb38-1F2, Tb38-1F3, Tb38-1F5 and Tb38-1F6 (SEQ. ID NOS. 112, 113, 116, 118, and 119). (SEQ ID NOS. 112 and 113 are non-contiguous sequences from clone Tb38-1F2.) Two open reading frames were deduced in Tb38-IF2; one corresponds to Tb37FL (SEQ. ID. NO. 114), the second, a partial sequence, may be the homologue of Tb38-1 and is called Tb38-IN (SEQ. ID NO. 115). The deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-1F3 is presented in SEQ. ID. NO. 117. A TbH-9 probe identified three clones in the H37Rv library: TbH-9-FL (SEQ. ID NO. 106), which may be the homologue of TbH-9 (R37Ra), TbH-9-1 (SEQ. ID NO. 108), and TbH-9-4 (SEQ. ID NO. 110), all of which are highly related sequences to TbH-9. The deduced amino acid sequences for these three clones are presented in SEQ ID NOS. 107, 109 and 111.

The results of T-cell assays performed on Tb38-1, ESAT-6 and other representative recombinant antigens are presented in Tables 4A, B and 5, respectively, below:

TABLE 4A

RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION TO REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS

Antigen						Donor			·		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Tb38.1	+++	+	-	-	-	++	-	+		++	+++
ESAT-6	+++	+	+	+	-	+		+	+	++	+++
Тън-9	++	++	-	++	±	±	++	++	++	++	++

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TABLE 4B
RESULTS OF PBMC Interferon-γ Production to Representative Antigens

Antigen				11	····	Donor					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Tb38.1	+++	+	-	+	+	+++	-	++	-	+++	+++
ESAT-6	+++	+	+	+	+-	+	-	+	+	+++	-++
Тън-9	++	++	-	+++	±	±	+++	+++	++	+++	++

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TABLE 5
SUMMARY OF T-CELL RESPONSES TO REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS

	]	Proliferation	n		Interferon-	γ	
Antigen	patient 4	patient 5	patient 6	patient 4	patient 5	patient 6	total
ТъН9	++	++	++	+++	++	++	13
ТьМ7	-	+	-	++	+	-	4
TbH5	7	+	+	++	++	++	8
TbL23	-	.+	±	++	++-	+	7.5
ТьН4	_	++	±	++	+-+-	±	7
- control	-	-	-	-	-	-	0

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These results indicate that both the inventive *M. tuberculosis* antigens and ESAT-6 can induce proliferation and/or interferon-γ production in T-cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, ESAT-6 has not been previously shown to stimulate human immune responses

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A set of six overlapping peptides covering the amino acid sequence of the antigen Tb38-1 was constructed using the method described in Example 4. The sequences of these peptides, hereinafter referred to as pep1-6, are provided in SEQ ID Nos. 93-98, respectively. The results of T-cell assays using these peptides are shown in Tables 6 and 7. These results confirm the existence, and help to localize T-cell epitopes within Tb38-1 capable of inducing proliferation and interferon-γ production in T-cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis* immune individual.

TABLE 6
RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION TO TB38-1 PEPTIDES

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TABLE 7 RESULTS OF PBMC INTERFERON-Y PRODUCTION TO TB38-1 PEPTIDES

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		2			•		•		•	+1		‡	
		_	+				•	‡		‡		+	
Pentide			pep1		pep2	nen3	Cdad	pen4		pep5		pep6	Control

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#### **EXAMPLE 4**

# PURIFICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF A POLYPEPTIDE FROM TUBERCULIN PURIFIED PROTEIN DERIVATIVE

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An M. tuberculosis polypeptide was isolated from tuberculin purified protein derivative (PPD) as follows.

PPD was prepared as published with some modification (Seibert, F. et al., Tuberculin purified protein derivative. Preparation and analyses of a large quantity for standard. The American Review of Tuberculosis 44:9-25, 1941).

M. tuberculosis Rv strain was grown for 6 weeks in synthetic medium in roller bottles at 37°C. Bottles containing the bacterial growth were then heated to 100°C in water vapor for 3 hours. Cultures were sterile filtered using a 0.22 μ filter and the liquid phase was concentrated 20 times using a 3 kD cut-off membrane. Proteins were precipitated once with 50% ammonium sulfate solution and eight times with 25% ammonium sulfate solution. The resulting proteins (PPD) were fractionated by reverse phase liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) using a C18 column (7.8 x 300 mM; Waters, Milford, MA) in a Biocad HPLC system (Perseptive Biosystems, Framingham, MA). Fractions were eluted from the column with a linear gradient from 0-100% buffer (0.1% TFA in acetonitrile). The flow rate was 10 ml/minute and eluent was monitored at 214 nm and 280 nm.

Six fractions were collected, dried, suspended in PBS and tested individually in *M. tuberculosis*-infected guinea pigs for induction of delayed type hypersensitivity (DTH) reaction. One fraction was found to induce a strong DTH reaction and was subsequently fractionated further by RP-HPLC on a microbore Vydac C18 column (Cat. No. 218TP5115) in a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Model 172 HPLC. Fractions were eluted with a linear gradient from 5-100% buffer (0.05% TFA in acetonitrile) with a flow rate of 80 µl/minute. Eluent was monitored at 215 nm. Eight fractions were collected and tested for induction of DTH in *M. tuberculosis*-infected guinea pigs. One fraction was found to induce strong DTH of

about 16 mm induration. The other fractions did not induce detectable DTH. The positive fraction was submitted to SDS-PAGE gel electrophoresis and found to contain a single protein band of approximately 12 kD molecular weight.

This polypeptide, herein after referred to as DPPD, was sequenced from the amino terminal using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Procise 492 protein sequencer as described above and found to have the N-terminal sequence shown in SEQ ID No.: 129. Comparison of this sequence with known sequences in the gene bank as described above revealed no known homologies. Four cyanogen bromide fragments of DPPD were isolated and found to have the sequences shown in SEQ ID Nos.: 130-133.

The ability of the antigen DPPD to stimulate human PBMC to proliferate and to produce IFN- $\gamma$  was assayed as described in Example 1. As shown in Table 8, DPPD was found to stimulate proliferation and elicit production of large quantities of IFN- $\gamma$ ; more than that elicited by commercial PPD.

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TABLE 8

RESULTS OF PROLIFERATION AND INTERFERON-γ ASSAYS TO DPPD

PBMC Donor	Stimulator	Proliferation (CPM)	IFN-γ (OD <sub>450</sub> )
A	Medium	1,089	0.17
	PPD (commercial)	8,394	1.29
	DPPD	13,451	2.21
В	Medium	450	0.09
	PPD (commercial)	3,929	1.26
	DPPD	6,184	1.49
С	Medium	541	0.11
	PPD (commercial)	8,907	0.76
	DPPD	23,024	>2.70

#### **EXAMPLE 5**

#### SYNTHESIS OF SYNTHETIC POLYPEPTIDES

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Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Millipore 9050 peptide synthesizer using FMOC chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be peptides. characterized using electrospray mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

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From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purpose of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention.

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

- (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:
  - (i) APPLICANTS: Corixa Corporation
  - (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS
  - (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 137
  - (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
    - (A) ADDRESSEE: SEED and BERRY LLP
    - (B) STREET: 6300 Columbia Center, 701 Fifth Avenue
    - (C) CITY: Seattle
    - (D) STATE: Washington
    - (E) COUNTRY: USA
    - (F) ZIP: 98104-7092
  - (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
    - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
    - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
    - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
    - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
  - (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
    - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
    - (B) FILING DATE: 27-AUG-1996
    - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
  - (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
    - (A) NAME: Maki. David J.
    - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31.392
    - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 210121.411PC
    - (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
      - (A) TELEPHONE: (206) 622-4900
      - (B) TELEFAX: (206) 682-6031

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#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 766 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

CGAGGCACCG GTAGTTTGAA CCAAACGCAC AATCGACGGG CAAACGAACG GAAGAACACA 60 ACCATGAAGA TGGTGAAATC GATCGCCGCA GGTCTGACCG CCGCGGCTGC AATCGGCGCC 120 GCTGCGGCCG GTGTGACTTC GATCATGGCT GGCGGCCCGG TCGTATACCA GATGCAGCCG 180 GTCGTCTTCG GCGCGCCACT GCCGTTGGAC CCGGCATCCG CCCCTGACGT CCCGACCGCC 240 GCCCAGTTGA CCAGCCTGCT CAACAGCCTC GCCGATCCCA ACGTGTCGTT TGCGAACAAG 300 GGCAGTCTGG TCGAGGGCGG CATCGGGGGC ACCGAGGCGC GCATCGCCGA CCACAAGCTG 360 AAGAAGGCCG CCGAGCACGG GGATCTGCCG CTGTCGTTCA GCGTGACGAA CATCCAGCCG 420 GCGGCCGCCG GTTCGGCCAC CGCCGACGTT TCCGTCTCGG GTCCGAAGCT CTCGTCGCCG 480 GTCACGCAGA: ACGTCACGTT CGTGAATCAA GGCGGCTGGA TGCTGTCACG CGCATCGGCG 540 ATGGAGTTGC TGCAGGCCGC AGGGNAACTG ATTGGCGGGC CGGNTTCAGC CCGCTGTTCA 600 GCTACGCCGC CCGCCTGGTG ACGCGTCCAT GTCGAACACT CGCGCGTGTA GCACGGTGCG 660 GTNTGCGCAG GGNCGCACGC ACCGCCCGGT GCAAGCCGTC CTCGAGATAG GTGGTGNCTC 720 GNCACCAGNG ANCACCCCCN NNTCGNCNNT TCTCGNTGNT GNATGA 766

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(A) LENGTH: 752 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

ATGCATCACC	ATCACCATCA	CGATGAAGTO	ACGGTAGAGA	CGACCTCCGT	CTTCCGCGCA	60
GACTTCCTCA	GCGAGCTGGA	CGCTCCTGCG	CAAGCGGGTA	CGGAGAGCGC	GGTCTCCGGG	120
GTGGAAGGGC	TCCCGCCGGG	CTCGGCGTTG	CTGGTAGTCA	AACGAGGCCC	CAACGCCGGG	180
TCCCGGTTCC	TACTCGACCA	AGCCATCACG	TCGGCTGGTC	GGCATCCCGA	CAGCGACATA	240
TTTCTCGACG	ACGTGACCGT	GAGCCGTCGC	CATGCTGAAT	TCCGGTTGGA	AAACAACGAA	300
TTCAATGTCG	TCGATGTCGG	GAGTCTCAAC	GGCACCTACG	TCAACCGCGA	GCCCGTGGAT	360
TCGGCGGTGC	TGGCGAACGG	CGACGAGGTC	CAGATCGGCA	AGCTCCGGTT	GGTGTTCTTG	420
ACCGGACCCA	AGCAAGGCGA	GGATGACGGG	AGTACCGGGG	GCCCGTGAGC	GCACCCGATA	480
GCCCCGCGCT	GGCCGGGATG	TCGATCGGGG	CGGTCCTCCG	ACCTGCTACG	ACCGGATTTT	540
CCCTGATGTC	CACCATCTCC	AAGATTCGAT	TCTTGGGAGG	CTTGAGGGTC	NGGGTGACCC	600
CCCCGCGGGC	CTCATTCNGG	GGTNTCGGCN	GGTTTCACCC	CNTACCNACT	GCCNCCCGGN	660
TTGCNAATTC	NTTCTTCNCT	GCCCNNAAAG	GGACCNTTAN	CTTGCCGCTN	GAAANGGTNA	720
TCCNGGGCCC	NTCCTNGAAN	CCCCNTCCCC	СТ			752

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 813 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

CATATGCATC ACCATCA	CCA TCACACTTC	T AACCCCCAC	COCOTOGG		
					60
CCACGCGACA CCGGGCC	CGA TCGATCTGC	T AGCTTGAGTO	TGGTCAGGCA	TCGTCGTCAG	120
CAGCGCGATG CCCTATG	TTT GTCGTCGACT	CAGATATCGC	GGCAATCCAA	TCTCCCGCCT	180
GCGGCCGGCG GTGCTGCA	AA CTACTCCCGG	AGGAATTTCG	ACGTGCGCAT	CAAGATCTTC	240
ATGCTGGTCA CGGCTGTC	GT TTTGCTCTGT	TGTTCGGGTG	TGGCCACGGC	CGCGCCCAAG	300
ACCTACTGCG AGGAGTTG	AA AGGCACCGAT	ACCGGCCAGG	CGTGCCAGAT	TCAAATGTCC	360
GACCCGGCCT ACAACATC	AA CATCAGCCTG	CCCAGTTACT	ACCCCGACCA	GAAGTCGCTG	420
GAAAATTACA TCGCCCAG	AC GCGCGACAAG	TTCCTCAGCG	CGGCCACATC	GTCCACTCCA	480
CGCGAAGCCC CCTACGAA	TT GAATATCACC	TCGGCCACAT	ACCAGTCCGC	GATACCGCCG	540
CGTGGTACGC AGGCCGTG	GT GCTCAMGGTC	TACCACAACG	CCGGCGGCAC	GCACCCAACG	600
ACCACGTACA AGGCCTTC	GA TTGGGACCAG	GCCTATCGCA	AGCCAATCAC	CTATGACACG	660
CTGTGGCAGG CTGACACC	GA TCCGCTGCCA	GTCGTCTTCC	CCATTGTTGC	AAGGTGAACT	720
GAGCAACGCA GACCGGGA(	CA ACWGGTATCG	ATAGCCGCCN	AATGCCGGCT	TGGAACCCNG	780
FGAAATTATC ACAACTTCG	GC AGTCACNAAA	NAA			813

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 447 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

CGGTATGAAC	ACGGCCGCGT	CCGATAACTT	CCAGCTGTCC	CAGGGTGGGC	AGGGATTCGC	60
CATTCCGATC	GGGCAGGCGA	TGGCGATCGC	GGGCCAGATC	CGATCGGGTG	GGGGGTCACC	120
CACCGTTCAT	ATCGGGCCTA	CCGCCTTCCT	CGGCTTGGGT	GTTGTCGACA	ACAACGGCAA	180
CGGCGCACGA	GTCCAACGCG	TGGTCGGGAG	CGCTCCGGCG	GCAAGTCTCG	GCATCTCCAC	240
CGGCGACGTG	ATCACCGCGG	TCGACGCCCC	TCCGATCAAC	TCGGCCACCG	CGATGGCGGA	300
CGCGCTTAAC	GGGCATCATC	CCGGTGACGT	CATCTCGGTG	AACTGGCAAA	CCAAGTCGGG	360
CGGCACGCGT	ACAGGGAACG	TGACATTGGC	CGAGGGACCC	CCGGCCTGAT	TTCGTCGYGG	420
ATACCACCCG	CCGGCCGGCC	AATTGGA				447

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 604 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

GTCCCACTGC	GGTCGCCGAG	TATGTCGCCC	AGCAAATGTC	TGGCAGCCGC	CCAACGGAAT	60
CCGGTGATCC	GACGTCGCAG	GTTGTCGAAC	CCGCCGCCGC	GGAAGTATCG	GTCCATGCCT	120
AGCCCGGCGA	CGGCGAGCGC	CGGAATGGCG	CGAGTGAGGA	GGCGGGCAAT	TTGGCGGGGC	180
CCGGCGACGG	NGAGCGCCGG	AATGGCGCGA	GTGAGGAGGT	GGNCAGTCAT	GCCCAGNGTG	240
ATCCAATCAA	CCTGNATTCG	GNCTGNGGGN	CCATTTGACA	ATCGAGGTAG	TGAGCGCAAA	300
TGAATGATGG	AAAACGGGNG	GNGACGTCCG	NTGTTCTGGT	GGTGNTAGGT	GNCTGNCTGG	360

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NGTNGNGGNT	ATCAGGATGT	TCTTCGNCGA	AANCTGATGN	CGAGGAACAG	GGTGTNCCCG	420
NNANNCCNAN	GGNGTCCNAN	CCCNNNNTCC	TCGNCGANAT	CANANAGNCG	NTTGATGNGA	480
NAAAAGGGTG	GANCAGNNNN	AANTNGNGGN	CCNAANAANC	NNNANNGNNG	NNAGNTNGNT	540
NNNTNTTNNC	ANNNNNNTG	NNGNNGNNCN	NNNCAANCNN	NTNNNNGNAA	NNGGNTTNTT	600
NAAT						604

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 633 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

TTGCANGTCG AACCACCTCA CTAAAGGGAA CAAAAGCTNG AGCTCCACCG CGGTGGCGGC	60
CGCTCTAGAA CTAGTGKATM YYYCKGGCTG CAGSAATYCG GYACGAGCAT TAGGACAGTC	120
TAACGGTCCT GTTACGGTGA TCGAATGACC GACGACATCC TGCTGATCGA CACCGACGAA	180
CGGGTGCGAA CCCTCACCCT CAACCGGCCG CAGTCCCGYA ACGCGCTCTC GGCGGCGCTA	240
CGGGATCGGT TTTTCGCGGY GTTGGYCGAC GCCGAGGYCG ACGACGACAT CGACGTCGTC	300
ATCCTCACCG GYGCCGATCC GGTGTTCTGC GCCGGACTGG ACCTCAAGGT AGCTGGCCGG	360
GCAGACCGCG CTGCCGGACA TCTCACCGCG GTGGGCGGCC ATGACCAAGC CGGTGATCGG	420
CGCGATCAAC GGCGCCGCGG TCACCGGCGG GCTCGAACTG GCGCTGTACT GCGACATCCT	480
GATCGCCTCC GAGCACGCCC GCTTCGNCGA CACCCACGCC CGGGTGGGGC TGCTGCCCAC	540
CTGGGGACTC AGTGTGTGCT TGCCGCAAAA GGTCGGCATC GGNCTGGGCC GGTGGATGAG	600
CCTGACCGGC GACTACCTGT CCGTGACCGA CGC	633

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1362 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

CGACGACGAC GGCGCCGGAG AGCGGGCGCG AACGGCGATC GACGCGGCCC TGGCCAGAGT 60 CGGCACCACC CAGGAGGGAG TCGAATCATG AAATTTGTCA ACCATATTGA GCCCGTCGCG 120 CCCCGCCGAG CCGGCGCGC GGTCGCCGAG GTCTATGCCG AGGCCCGCCG CGAGTTCGGC 180 CGGCTGCCCG AGCCGCTCGC CATGCTGTCC CCGGACGAGG GACTGCTCAC CGCCGGCTGG 240 GCGACGTTGC GCGAGACACT GCTGGTGGGC CAGGTGCCGC GTGGCCGCAA GGAAGCCGTC 300 GCCGCCGCCG TCGCGCCAG CCTGCGCTGC CCCTGGTGCG TCGACGCACA CACCACCATG 360 CTGTACGCGG CAGGCCAAAC CGACACCGCC GCGGCGATCT TGGCCGGCAC AGCACCTGCC 420 GCCGGTGACC CGAACGCGCC GTATGTGGCG TGGGCGGCAG GAACCGGGAC ACCGGCGGGA 480 CCGCCGGCAC CGTTCGGCCC GGATGTCGCC GCCGAATACC TGGGCACCGC GGTGCAATTC 540 CACTTCATCG CACGCCTGGT CCTGGTGCTG CTGGACGAAA CCTTCCTGCC GGGGGGCCCG 600 CGCGCCCAAC AGCTCATGCG CCGCGCCGGT GGACTGGTGT TCGCCCGCAA GGTGCGCGCG 660 GAGCATCGGC CGGGCCGCTC CACCCGCCGG CTCGAGCCGC GAACGCTGCC CGACGATCTG 720 GCATGGGCAA CACCGTCCGA GCCCATAGCA ACCGCGTTCG CCGCGCTCAG CCACCACCTG 780 GACACCGCGC CGCACCTGCC GCCACCGACT CGTCAGGTGG TCAGGCGGGT CGTGGGGTCG 840 TGGCACGGCG AGCCAATGCC GATGAGCAGT CGCTGGACGA ACGAGCACAC CGCCGAGCTG 900

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CCCGCCGACC	TGCACGCGCC	CACCCGTCTT	GCCCTGCTGA	CCGGCCTGGC	CCCGCATCAG	960
GTGACCGACG	ACGACGTCGC	CGCGGCCCGA	TCCCTGCTCG	ACACCGATGC	GGCGCTGGTT	1020
GGCGCCCTGG	ССТGGGCCGC	CTTCACCGCC	GCGCGGCGCA	TCGGCACCTG	GATCGGCGCC	1080
GCCGCCGAGG	GCCAGGTGTC	GCGGCAAAAC	CCGACTGGGT	GAGTGTGCGC	GCCCTGTCGG	1140
TAGGGTGTCA	TCGCTGGCCC	GAGGGATCTC	GCGGCGGCGA	ACGGAGGTGG	CGACACAGGT	1200
GGAAGCTGCG	CCCACTGGCT	TGCGCCCCAA	CGCCGTCGTG	GGCGTTCGGT	TGGCCGCACT	1260
GGCCGATCAG	GTCGGCGCCG	GCCCTTGGCC	GAAGGTCCAG	CTCAACGTGC	CGTCACCGAA	1320
GGACCGGACG	GTCACCGGGG	GTCACCCTGC	GCGCCCAAGG	AA		1362

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1458 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

GCGACGACCC CGATATGCCG GGCACCGTAG CGAAAGCCGT CGCCGACGCA CTCGGGCGCG 60 GTATCGCTCC CGTTGAGGAC ATTCAGGACT GCGTGGAGGC CCGGCTGGGG GAAGCCGGTC 120 TGGATGACGT GGCCCGTGTT TACATCATCT ACCGGCAGCG GCGCGCCGAG CTGCGGACGG 180 CTAAGGCCTT GCTCGGCGTG CGGGACGAGT TAAAGCTGAG CTTGGCGGCC GTGACGGTAC 240 TGCGCGAGCG CTATCTGCTG CACGACGAGC AGGGCCGGCC GGCCGAGTCG ACCGGCGAGC 300 TGATGGACCG ATCGGCGCC TGTGTCGCGG CGGCCGAGGA CCAGTATGAG CCGGGCTCGT 360 CGAGGCGGTG GGCCGAGCGG TTCGCCACGC TATTACGCAA CCTGGAATTC CTGCCGAATT 420 CGCCCACGTT GATGAACTCT GGCACCGACC TGGGACTGCT CGCCGGCTGT TTTGTTCTGC 480

CGATTGAGGA TTCGCTGCAA TCGATCTTTG CGACGCTGGG ACAGGCCGCC GAGCTGCAGC	540
GGGCTGGAGG CGGCACCGGA TATGCGTTCA GCCACCTGCG ACCCGCCGGG GATCGGGTGG	600
CCTCCACGGG CGGCACGGCC AGCGGACCGG TGTCGTTTCT ACGGCTGTAT GACAGTGCCG	660
CGGGTGTGGT CTCCATGGGC GGTCGCCGGC GTGGCGCCTG TATGGCTGTG CTTGATGTGT	720
CGCACCCGGA TATCTGTGAT TTCGTCACCG CCAAGGCCGA ATCCCCCAGC GAGCTCCCGC	780
ATTTCAACCT ATCGGTTGGT GTGACCGACG CGTTCCTGCG GGCCGTCGAA CGCAACGGCC	840
TACACCGGCT GGTCAATCCG CGAACCGGCA AGATCGTCGC GCGGATGCCC GCCGCCGAGC	900
TGTTCGACGC CATCTGCAAA GCCGCGCACG CCGGTGGCGA TCCCGGGCTG GTGTTTCTCG	960
ACACGATCAA TAGGGCAAAC CCGGTGCCGG GGAGAGGCCG CATCGAGGCG ACCAACCCGT	1020
GCGGGGAGGT CCCACTGCTG CCTTACGAGT CATGTAATCT CGGCTCGATC AACCTCGCCC	1080
GGATGCTCGC CGACGGTCGC GTCGACTGGG ACCGGCTCGA GGAGGTCGCC GGTGTGGCGG	1140
TGCGGTTCCT TGATGACGTC ATCGATGTCA GCCGCTACCC CTTCCCCGAA CTGGGTGAGG	1200
CGGCCCGCGC CACCCGCAAG ATCGGGCTGG GAGTCATGGG TTTGGCGGAA CTGCTTGCCG	1260
CACTGGGTAT TCCGTACGAC AGTGAAGAAG CCGTGCGGTT AGCCACCCGG CTCATGCGTC	1320
GCATACAGCA GGCGGCGCAC ACGGCATCGC GGAGGCTGGC CGAAGAGCGG GGCGCATTCC	1380
CGGCGTTCAC CGATAGCCGG TTCGCGCGGT CGGGCCCGAG GCGCAACGCA CAGGTCACCT	1440
CCGTCGCTCC GACGGGCA	1458

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 862 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

ACGGTGTAAT CGTGCTGGAT	CTGGAACCGC	GTGGCCCGCT	ACCTACCGAG	ATCTACTGGC	60
GGCGCAGGGG GCTGGCCCTG	GGCATCGCGG	TCGTCGTAGT	CGGGATCGCG	GTGGCCATCG	120
TCATCGCCTT CGTCGACAGC	AGCGCCGGTG	CCAAACCGGT	CAGCGCCGAC	AAGCCGGCCT	180
CCGCCCAGAG CCATCCGGGC	TCGCCGGCAC	CCCAAGCACC	CCAGCCGGCC	GGGCAAACCG	240
AAGGTAACGC CGCCGCGGCC	CCGCCGCAGG	GCCAAAACCC	CGAGACACCC	ACGCCCACCG	300
CCGCGGTGCA GCCGCCGCCG	GTGCTCAAGG	AAGGGGACGA	TTGCCCCGAT	TCGACGCTGG	360
CCGTCAAAGG TTTGACCAAC	GCGCCGCAGT	ACTACGTCGG	CGACCAGCCG	AAGTTCACCA	420
TGGTGGTCAC CAACATCGGC	CTGGTGTCCT	GTAAACGCGA	CGTTGGGGCC	GCGGTGTTGG	480
CCGCCTACGT TTACTCGCTG	GACAACAAGC	GGTTGTGGTC	CAACCTGGAC	TGCGCGCCCT	540
CGAATGAGAC GCTGGTCAAG	ACGTTTTCCC	CCGGTGAGCA	GGTAACGACC	GCGGTGACCT	600
GGACCGGGAT GGGATCGGCG	CCGCGCTGCC	CATTGCCGCG	GCCGGCGATC	GGGCCGGGCA	660
CCTACAATCT CGTGGTACAA	CTGGGCAATC	TGCGCTCGCT	GCCGGTTCCG	TTCATCCTGA	720
ATCAGCCGCC GCCGCCGCCC	GGGCCGGTAC	CCGCTCCGGG	TCCAGCGCAG	GCGCCTCCGC	780
CGGAGTCTCC CGCGCAAGGC	GGATAATTAT	TGATCGCTGA	TGGTCGATTC	CGCCAGCTGT	840
GACAACCCCT CGCCTCGTGC	CG				862

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 622 base pairs
  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

TTGATCAGCA	CCGGCAAGGC	GTCACATGCC	TCCCTGGGTG	TGCAGGTGAC	CAATGACAAA	60
GACACCCCGG	GCGCCAAGAT	CGTCGAAGTA	GTGGCCGGTG	GTGCTGCCGC	GAACGCTGGA	120
GTGCCGAAGG	GCGTCGTTGT	CACCAAGGTC	GACGACCGCC	CGATCAACAG	CGCGGACGCG	180
TTGGTTGCCG	CCGTGCGGTC	CAAAGCGCCG	GGCGCCACGG	TGGCGCTAAC	CTTTCAGGAT	240
CCCTCGGGCG	GTAGCCGCAC	AGTGCAAGTC	ACCCTCGGCA	AGGCGGAGCA	GTGATGAAGG	300
TCGCCGCGCA	GTGTTCAAAG	CTCGGATATA	CGGTGGCACC	CATGGAACAG	CGTGCGGAGT	360
TGGTGGTTGG	CCGGGCACTT	GTCGTCGTCG	TTGACGATCG	CACGGCGCAC	GGCGATGAAG	420
ACCACAGCGG	GCCGCTTGTC	ACCGAGCTGC	TCACCGAGGC	CGGGTTTGTT	GTCGACGGCG	480
TGGTGGCGGT	GTCGGCCGAC	GAGGTCGAGA	TCCGAAATGC	GCTGAACACA	GCGGTGATCG	540
GCGGGGTGGA	CCTGGTGGTG	TCGGTCGGCG	GGACCGGNGT	GACGNCTCGC	GATGTCACCC	600
CGGAAGCCAC	CCGNGACATT	СТ				622

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

GGCGCAGCGG	TAAGCCTGTT	GGCCGCCGGC	ACACTGGTGT	TGACAGCATG	CGGCGGTGGC	60
ACCAACAGCT	CGTCGTCAGG	CGCAGGCGGA	ACGTCTGGGT	CGGTGCACTG	CGGCGGCAAG	120
AAGGAGCTCC	ACTCCAGCGG	CTCGACCGCA	CAAGAAAATG	CCATGGAGCA	GTTCGTCTAT	180

GCCTACGTGC GATCGTGCCC GGGCTACACG TTGGACTACA ACGCCAACGG GTCCGGTGCC	240
GGGGTGACCC AGTTTCTCAA CAACGAAACC GATTTCGCCG GCTCGGATGT CCCGTTGAAT	300
CCGTCGACCG GTCAACCTGA CCGGTCGGCG GAGCGGTGCG GTTCCCCGGC ATGGGACCTG	360
CCGACGGTGT TCGGCCCGAT CGCGATCACC TACAATATCA AGGGCGTGAG CACGCTGAAT	420
CTTGACGGAC CCACTACCGC CAAGATTTTC AACGGCACCA TCACCGTGTG GAATGATCCA	480
CAGATCCAAG CCCTCAACTC CGGCACCGAC CTGCCGCCAA CACCGATTAG CGTTATCTTC	540
CGCAGCGACA AGTCCGGTAC GTCGGACAAC TTCCAGAAAT ACCTCGACGG TGTATCCAAC	600
GGGGCGTGGG GCAAAGGCGC CAGCGAAACG TTCAGCGGGG GCGTCGGCGT CGGCGCCAGC	660
GGGAACAACG GAACGTCGGC CCTACTGCAG ACGACCGACG GGTCGATCAC CTACAACGAG	720
TGGTCGTTTG CGGTGGGTAA GCAGTTGAAC ATGGCCCAGA TCATCACGTC GGCGGGTCCG	780
GATCCAGTGG CGATCACCAC CGAGTCGGTC GGTAAGACAA TCGCCGGGGC CAAGATCATG	840
GGACAAGGCA ACGACCTGGT ATTGGACACG TCGTCGTTCT ACAGACCCAC CCAGCCTGGC	900
TCTTACCCGA TCGTGCTGGC GACCTATGAG ATCGTCTGCT CGAAATACCC GGATGCGACG	960
ACCGGTACTG CGGTAAGGGC GTTTATGCAA GCCGCGATTG GTCCAGGCCA AGAAGGCCTG	1020
GACCAATACG GCTCCATTCC GTTGCCCAAA TCGTTCCAAG CAAAATTGGC GGCCGCGGTG	1080
ATGCTATTT CTTGACCTAG TGAAGGGAAT TCGACGGTGA GCGATGCCGT TCCGCAGGTA	1140
GGGTCGCAAT TTGGGCCGTA TCAGCTATTG CGGCTGCTGG GCCGAGGCGG GATGGGCGAG	1200

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

# (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1155 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

GCAAGCAGCT GCAGGTCGTG CTGTTCGACG AACTGGGCAT GCCGAAGACC AAACGCACCA	60
AGACCGGCTA CACCACGGAT GCCGACGCGC TGCAGTCGTT GTTCGACAAG ACCGGGCATC	120
CGTTTCTGCA ACATCTGCTC GCCCACCGCG ACGTCACCCG GCTCAAGGTC ACCGTCGACG	180
GGTTGCTCCA AGCGGTGGCC GCCGACGGCC GCATCCACAC CACGTTCAAC CAGACGATCG	240
CCGCGACCGG CCGGCTCTCC TCGACCGAAC CCAACCTGCA GAACATCCCG ATCCGCACCG	300
ACGCGGGCCG GCGGATCCGG GACGCGTTCG TGGTCGGGGA CGGTTACGCC GAGTTGATGA	360
CGGCCGACTA CAGCCAGATC GAGATGCGGA TCATGGGGCA CCTGTCCGGG GACGAGGGCC	420
TCATCGAGGC GTTCAACACC GGGGAGGACC TGTATTCGTT CGTCGCGTCC CGGGTGTTCG	480
GTGTGCCCAT CGACGAGGTC ACCGGCGAGT TGCGGCGCCG GGTCAAGGCG ATGTCCTACG	540
GGCTGGTTTA CGGGTTGAGC GCCTACGGCC TGTCGCAGCA GTTGAAAATC TCCACCGAGG	600
AAGCCAACGA GCAGATGGAC GCGTATTTCG CCCGATTCGG CGGGGTGCGC GACTACCTGC	660
GCGCCGTAGT CGAGCGGCC CGCAAGGACG GCTACACCTC GACGGTGCTG GGCCGTCGCC	720
GCTACCTGCC CGAGCTGGAC AGCAGCAACC GTCAAGTGCG GGAGGCCGCC GAGCGGGCGG	780
CGCTGAACGC GCCGATCCAG GGCAGCGCGG CCGACATCAT CAAGGTGGCC ATGATCCAGG	840
TCGACAAGGC GCTCAACGAG GCACAGCTGG CGTCGCGCAT GCTGCTGCAG GTCCACGACG	900
AGCTGCTGTT CGAAATCGCC CCCGGTGAAC GCGAGCGGGT CGAGGCCCTG GTGCGCGACA	960
AGATGGGCGG CGCTTACCCG CTCGACGTCC CGCTGGAGGT GTCGGTGGGC TACGGCCGCA	1020
GCTGGGACGC GGCGGCGCAC TGAGTGCCGA GCGTGCATCT GGGGCGGGAA TTCGGCGATT	1080
TTTCCGCCCT GAGTTCACGC TCGGCGCAAT CGGGACCGAG TTTGTCCAGC GTGTACCCGT	1140
CGAGTAGCCT CGTCA	1155

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

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# (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1771 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

GAGCGCCGT	C TGGTGTTTG/	A ACGGTTTTA	C CGGTCGGCAT	CGGCACGGG	GTTGCCGGGT	60
TCGGGCCTC	G GGTTGGCGAT	CGTCAAACA	G GTGGTGCTCA	ACCACGGCGG	ATTGCTGCGC	120
ATCGAAGACA	A CCGACCCAGG	G CGGCCAGCC	CCTGGAACGT	CGATTTACGT	GCTGCTCCCC	180
GGCCGTCGG	TGCCGATTCC	GCAGCTTCCC	GGTGCGACGG	CTGGCGCTCG	GAGCACGGAC	240
ATCGAGAACT	CTCGGGGTTC	GGCGAACGTT	ATCTCAGTGG	AATCTCAGTC	CACGCGCGCA	300
ACCTAGTTGT	GCAGTTACTG	TTGAAAGCCA	CACCCATGCC	AGTCCACGCA	TGGCCAAGTT	360
GGCCCGAGTA	GTGGGCCTAG	TACAGGAAGA	GCAACCTAGC	GACATGACGA	ATCACCCACG	420
GTATTCGCCA	CCGCCGCAGC	AGCCGGGAAC	CCCAGGTTAT	GCTCAGGGGC	AGCAGCAAAC	480
GTACAGCCAG	CAGTTCGACT	GGCGTTACCC	ACCGTCCCCG	CCCCGCAGC	CAACCCAGTA	540
CCGTCAACCC	TACGAGGCGT	TGGGTGGTAC	CCGGCCGGGT	CTGATACCTG	GCGTGATTCC	600
GACCATGACG	CCCCCTCCTG	GGATGGTTCG	CCAACGCCCT	CGTGCAGGCA	TGTTGGCCAT	660
CGGCGCGGTG	ACGATAGCGG	TGGTGTCCGC	CGGCATCGGC	GGCGCGGCCG	CATCCCTGGT	720
CGGGTTCAAC	CGGGCACCCG	CCGGCCCCAG	CGGCGGCCCA	GTGGCTGCCA	GCGCGGCGCC	780
AAGCATCCCC	GCAGCAAACA	TGCCGCCGGG	GTCGGTCGAA	CAGGTGGCGG	CCAAGGTGGT	840
GCCCAGTGTC	GTCATGTTGG	AAACCGATCT	GGGCCGCCAG	TCGGAGGAGG	GCTCCGGCAT	900
CATTCTGTCT	GCCGAGGGGC	TGATCTTGAC	CAACAACCAC	GTGATCGCGG	CGGCCGCCAA	960

GCCTCCCCTG	GGCAGTCCGC	CGCCGAAAAC	GACGGTAACC	TTCTCTGACG	GGCGGACCGC	1020
ACCCTTCACG	GTGGTGGGG	CTGACCCCAC	CAGTGATATC	GCCGTCGTCC	GTGTTCAGGG	1080
CGTCTCCGGG	CTCACCCCGA	TCTCCCTGGG	TTCCTCCTCG	GACCTGAGGG	TCGGTCAGCC	1140
GGTGCTGGCG /	ATCGGGTCGC	CGCTCGGTTT	GGAGGGCACC	GTGACCACGG	GGATCGTCAG	1200
CGCTCTCAAC	CGTCCAGTGT	CGACGACCGG	CGAGGCCGGC	AACCAGAACA	CCGTGCTGGA	1260
CGCCATTCAG A	ACCGACGCCG	CGATCAACCC	CGGTAACTCC	GGGGGCGCGC	TGGTGAACAT	1320
GAACGCTCAA (	CTCGTCGGAG	TCAACTCGGC	CATTGCCACG	CTGGGCGCGG	ACTCAGCCGA	1380
TGCGCAGAGC 6	GCTCGATCG	GTCTCGGTTT	TGCGATTCCA	GTCGACCAGG	CCAAGCGCAT	1440
CGCCGACGAG T	FTGATCAGCA	CCGGCAAGGC	GTCACATGCC	TCCCTGGGTG	TGCAGGTGAC	1500
CAATGACAAA G	ACACCCCGG	GCGCCAAGAT	CGTCGAAGTA	GTGGCCGGTG	GTGCTGCCGC	1560
GAACGCTGGA G	TGCCGAAGG	GCGTCGTTGT	CACCAAGGTC	GACGACCGCC	CGATCAACAG	1620
CGCGGACGCG T	TGGTTGCCG	CCGTGCGGTC	CAAAGCGCCG	GGCGCCACGG	TGGCGCTAAC	1680
CTTTCAGGAT C	CCTCGGGCG	GTAGCCGCAC	AGTGCAAGTC	ACCCTCGGCA	AGGCGGAGCA	1740
GTGATGAAGG T	CGCCGCGCA	GTGTTCAAAG	С			1771

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1058 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

CTCCACCGCG GTGGCGGCCG	CTCTAGAACT	AGTGGATCCC	CCGGGCTGCA	GGAATTCGGC	60
ACGAGGATCC GACGTCGCAG	GTTGTCGAAC	CCGCCGCCGC	GGAAGTATCG	GTCCATGCCT	120

AGCCCGGCGA CGGCGAGCGC CGGAATGGCG CGAGTGAGGA GGCGGGCAAT TTGGCGGGGC	180
CCGGCGACGG CGAGCGCCGG AATGGCGCGA GTGAGGAGGC GGGCAGTCAT GCCCAGCGTG	240
ATCCAATCAA CCTGCATTCG GCCTGCGGGC CCATTTGACA ATCGAGGTAG TGAGCGCAAA	300
TGAATGATGG AAAACGGGCG GTGACGTCCG CTGTTCTGGT GGTGCTAGGT GCCTGCCTGG	360
CGTTGTGGCT ATCAGGATGT TCTTCGCCGA AACCTGATGC CGAGGAACAG GGTGTTCCCG	420
TGAGCCCGAC GGCGTCCGAC CCCGCGCTCC TCGCCGAGAT CAGGCAGTCG CTTGATGCGA	480
CAAAAGGGTT GACCAGCGTG CACGTAGCGG TCCGAACAAC CGGGAAAGTC GACAGCTTGC	540
TGGGTATTAC CAGTGCCGAT GTCGACGTCC GGGCCAATCC GCTCGCGGCA AAGGGCGTAT	600
GCACCTACAA CGACGAGCAG GGTGTCCCGT TTCGGGTACA AGGCGACAAC ATCTCGGTGA	660
AACTGTTCGA CGACTGGAGC AATCTCGGCT CGATTTCTGA ACTGTCAACT TCACGCGTGC	720
TCGATCCTGC CGCTGGGGTG ACGCAGCTGC TGTCCGGTGT CACGAACCTC CAAGCGCAAG	780
GTACCGAAGT GATAGACGGA ATTTCGACCA CCAAAATCAC CGGGACCATC CCCGCGAGCT	840
CTGTCAAGAT GCTTGATCCT GGCGCCAAGA GTGCAAGGCC GGCGACCGTG TGGATTGCCC	900
AGGACGGCTC GCACCACCTC GTCCGAGCGA GCATCGACCT CGGATCCGGG TCGATTCAGC	960
TCACGCAGTC GAAATGGAAC GAACCCGTCA ACGTCGACTA GGCCGAAGTT GCGTCGACGC	1020
GTTGNTCGAA ACGCCCTTGT GAACGGTGTC AACGGNAC	1058

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 542 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

GAATTCGGCA CGAGA	AGGTGA TCGACATCAT	CGGGACCAGC	CCCACATCCT	GGGAACAGGC	60
GGCGGCGGAG GCGGT	TCCAGC GGGCGCGGGA	TAGCGTCGAT	GACATCCGCG	TCGCTCGGGT	120
CATTGAGCAG GACAT	GGCCG TGGACAGCGC	CGGCAAGATC	ACCTACCGCA	TCAAGCTCGA	180
AGTGTCGTTC AAGAT	GAGGC CGGCGCAACC	GCGCTAGCAC	GGGCCGGCGA	GCAAGACGCA	240
AAATCGCACG GTTTG	CGGTT GATTCGTGCG	ATTTTGTGTC	TGCTCGCCGA	GGCCTACCAG	300
GCGCGGCCCA GGTCC	GCGTG CTGCCGTATC	CAGGCGTGCA	TCGCGATTCC	GGCGGCCACG	360
CCGGAGTTAA TGCTT	CGCGT CGACCCGAAC	TGGGCGATCC	GCCGGNGAGC	TGATCGATGA	420
CCGTGGCCAG CCCGT	CGATG CCCGAGTTGC	CCGAGGAAAC	GTGCTGCCAG	GCCGGTAGGA	480
AGCGTCCGTA GGCGG	CGGTG CTGACCGGCT	CTGCCTGCGC	CCTCAGTGCG	GCCAGCGAGC	540
GG					542

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 913 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

60	TGCGCATCGC	GCCGATCAGC	TGCCGCCGTC	TTGCCCCCAT	CGCGCCTCCG	CGGTGCCGCC
120	ATGCCACCGC	GGGCCGCCG	CGGTGGCGCC	CCGGCACCGC	GCCTTTGCCG	CACCATCACC
180	CACCGTTACC	CCGCCGGGGG	ATACAGCACC	CGCCATTGCC	CCGCCGGCGC	TTGACCCTGG
240	GAACCGCCGC	GAGGCCGAAT	TCAGGCCGGG	CGCTGCCGTT	CCGTCGCCGC	GCCGTCGCCA
300	CCGCCAATTG	CCCGCCGGCG	TTCCGCCCGC	TTGCCGCCTT	GCCGGCACCG	CAAGCCCGCC

CCGAACAGCC	AMGCACCGTT	GCCGCCAGCC	CCGCCGCCGT	TAACGGCGCT	GCCGGGCGCC	360
GCCGCCGGAC	CCGCCATTAC	CGCCGTTCCC	GTTCGGTGCC	CCGCCGTTAC	CGGCGCCGCC	420
GTTTGCCGCC	AATATTCGGC	GGGCACCGCC	AGACCCGCCG	GGGCCACCAT	TGCCGCCGGG	480
CACCGAAACA	ACAGCCCAAC	GGTGCCGCCG	GCCCGCCGT	TTGCCGCCAT	CACCGGCCAT	540
TCACCGCCAG	CACCGCCGTT	AATGTTTATG	AACCCGGTAC	CGCCAGCGCG	GCCCCTATTG	600
CCGGGCGCCG	GAGNGCGTGC	CCGCCGGCGC	CGCCAACGCC	CAAAAGCCCG	GGGTTGCCAC	660
CGGCCCCGCC	GGACCCACCG	GTCCCGCCGA	TCCCCCCGTT	GCCGCCGGTG	CCGCCGCCAT	720
TGGTGCTGCT	GAAGCCGTTA	GCGCCGGTTC	CGCSGGTTCC	GGCGGTGGCG	CCNTGGCCGC	780
CGGCCCCGCC	GTTGCCGTAC	AGCCACCCCC	CGGTGGCGCC	GTTGCCGCCA	TTGCCGCCAT	840
TGCCGCCGTT	GCCGCCATTG	CCGCCGTTCC	CGCCGCCACC	GCCGGNTTGG	CCGCCGGCGC	900
CGCCGGCGGC	CGC					913

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1872 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

GACTACGTTG GTGTAGAAAA	ATCCTGCCGC	CCGGACCCTT	AAGGCTGGGA	CAATTTCTGA	60
TAGCTACCCC GACACAGGAG	GTTACGGGAT	GAGCAATTCG	CGCCGCCGCT	CACTCAGGTG	120
GTCATGGTTG CTGAGCGTGC	TGGCTGCCGT	CGGGCTGGGC	CTGGCCACGG	CGCCGGCCCA	180
GGCGGCCCCG CCGGCCTTGT	CGCAGGACCG	GTTCGCCGAC	TTCCCCGCGC	TGCCCCTCGA	240

CCCGTCCGCG ATGGTCGCCC AAGTGGCGCC ACAGGTGGTC AACATCAACA CCAAACTGGG	300
CTACAACAAC GCCGTGGGCG CCGGGACCGG CATCGTCATC GATCCCAACG GTGTCGTGCT	360
GACCAACAAC CACGTGATCG CGGGCGCCAC CGACATCAAT GCGTTCAGCG TCGGCTCCGG	420
CCAAACCTAC GGCGTCGATG TGGTCGGGTA TGACCGCACC CAGGATGTCG CGGTGCTGCA	480
GCTGCGCGGT GCCGGTGGCC TGCCGTCGGC GGCGATCGGT GGCGGCGTCG CGGTTGGTGA	540
GCCCGTCGTC GCGATGGGCA ACAGCGGTGG GCAGGGCGGA ACGCCCCGTG CGGTGCCTGG	600
CAGGGTGGTC GCGCTCGGCC AAACCGTGCA GGCGTCGGAT TCGCTGACCG GTGCCGAAGA	
GACATTGAAC GGGTTGATCC AGTTCGATGC CGCAATCCAG CCCGGTGATT CGGGCGGGCC	660
CGTCGTCAAC GGCCTAGGAC AGGTGGTCGG TATGAACACG GCCGCGTCCG ATAACTTCCA	720
	780
GCTGTCCCAG GGTGGGCAGG GATTCGCCAT TCCGATCGGG CAGGCGATGG CGATCGCGGG	840
CCAAATCCGA TCGGGTGGGG GGTCACCCAC CGTTCATATC GGGCCTACCG CCTTCCTCGG	900
CTTGGGTGTT GTCGACAACA ACGGCAACGG CGCACGAGTC CAACGCGTGG TCGGAAGCGC	960
TCCGGCGGCA AGTCTCGGCA TCTCCACCGG CGACGTGATC ACCGCGGTCG ACGGCGCTCC	1020
GATCAACTCG GCCACCGCGA TGGCGGACGC GCTTAACGGG CATCATCCCG GTGACGTCAT	1080
CTCGGTGAAC TGGCAAACCA AGTCGGGCGG CACGCGTACA GGGAACGTGA CATTGGCCGA	1140
GGGACCCCCG GCCTGATTTG TCGCGGATAC CACCCGCCGG CCGGCCAATT GGATTGGCGC	1200
CAGCCGTGAT TGCCGCGTGA GCCCCCGAGT TCCGTCTCCC GTGCGCGTGG CATTGTGGAA	1260
GCAATGAACG AGGCAGAACA CAGCGTTGAG CACCCTCCCG TGCAGGGCAG TTACGTCGAA	1320
GGCGGTGTGG TCGAGCATCC GGATGCCAAG GACTTCGGCA GCGCCGCCGC CCTGCCCGCC	1380
GATCCGACCT GGTTTAAGCA CGCCGTCTTC TACGAGGTGC TGGTCCGGGC GTTCTTCGAC	1440
GCCAGCGCG ACGGTTCCGN CGATCTGCGT GGACTCATCG ATCGCCTCGA CTACCTGCAG	1500
TGGCTTGGCA TCGACTGCAT CTGTTGCCGC CGTTCCTACG ACTCACCGCT GCGCGACGGC	1560
GGTTACGACA TTCGCGACTT CTACAAGGTG CTGCCCGAAT TCGGCACCGT CGACGATTTC	1620

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GTCGCCCTGG	TCGACACCGC	TCACCGGCGA	GGTATCCGCA	TCATCACCGA	CCTGGTGATG	1680
AATCACACCT	CGGAGTCGCA	CCCCTGGTTT	CAGGAGTCCC	GCCGCGACCC	AGACGGACCG	1740
TACGGTGACT	ATTACGTGTG	GAGCGACACC	AGCGAGCGCT	ACACCGACGC	CCGGATCATC	1800
TTCGTCGACA	CCGAAGAGTC	GAACTGGTCA	TTCGATCCTG	TCCGCCGACA	GTTNCTACTG	1860
GCACCGATTC	П					1872

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1482 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

CTTCGCCGAA ACCTGATGCC GAGGAACAGG GTGTTCCCGT GAGCCCGACG GCGTCCGACC 60 CCGCGCTCCT CGCCGAGATC AGGCAGTCGC TTGATGCGAC AAAAGGGTTG ACCAGCGTGC 120 ACGTAGCGGT CCGAACAACC GGGAAAGTCG ACAGCTTGCT GGGTATTACC AGTGCCGATG 180 TCGACGTCCG GGCCAATCCG CTCGCGGCAA AGGGCGTATG CACCTACAAC GACGAGCAGG 240 GTGTCCCGTT TCGGGTACAA GGCGACAACA TCTCGGTGAA ACTGTTCGAC GACTGGAGCA 300 ATCTCGGCTC GATTTCTGAA CTGTCAACTT CACGCGTGCT CGATCCTGCC GCTGGGGTGA 360 CGCAGCTGCT GTCCGGTGTC ACGAACCTCC AAGCGCAAGG TACCGAAGTG ATAGACGGAA 420 TTTCGACCAC CAAAATCACC GGGACCATCC CCGCGAGCTC TGTCAAGATG CTTGATCCTG 480 GCGCCAAGAG TGCAAGGCCG GCGACCGTGT GGATTGCCCA GGACGGCTCG CACCACCTCG 540 TCCGAGCGAG CATCGACCTC GGATCCGGGT CGATTCAGCT CACGCAGTCG AAATGGAACG 600

AACCCGTCAA	CGTCGACTAG	GCCGAAGTT	GCGTCGACGC	G TTGCTCGAA	CGCCCTTGTG	660
AACGGTGTCA	ACGGCACCCG	AAAACTGACC	CCCTGACGG	ATCTGAAAA	TGACCCCCTA	720
GACCGGGCGG	TTGGTGGTTA	TTCTTCGGTG	GTTCCGGCTG	GTGGGACGC	GCCGAGGTCG	780
CGGTCTTTGA	GCCGGTAGCT	GTCGCCTTTG	AGGGCGACGA	CTTCAGCATG	GTGGACGAGG	840
CGGTCGATCA	TGGCGGCAGC	AACGACGTCG	TCGCCGCCGA	AAACCTCGCC	CCACCGGCCG	900
AAGGCCTTAT	TGGACGTGAC	GATCAAGCTG	GCCCGCTCAT	ACCGGGAGGA	CACCAGCTGG	960
AAGAAGAGGT	TGGCGGCCTC	GGGCTCAAAC	GGAATGTAAC	CGACTTCGTC	AACCACCAGG	1020
AGCGGATAGC	GGCCAAACCG	GGTGAGTTCG	GCGTAGATGC	GCCCGGCGTG	GTGAGCCTCG	1080
GCGAACCGTG	CTACCCATTC	GGCGGCGGTG	GCGAACAGCA	CCCGATGACC	GGCCTGACAC	1140
GCGCGTATCG	CCAGGCCGAC	CGCAAGATGA	GTCTTCCCGG	TGCCAGGCGG	GGCCCAAAAA	1200
CACGACGTTA	TCGCGGGCGG	TGATGAAATC	CAGGGTGCCC	AGATGTGCGA	TGGTGTCGCG	1260
TTTGAGGCCA	CGAGCATGCT	CAAAGTCGAA	CTCTTCCAAC	GACTTCCGAA	CCGGGAAGCG	1320
GGCGGCGCGG	ATGCGGCCCT	CACCACCATG	GGACTCCCGG	GCTGACACTT	CCCGCTGCAG	1380
GCAGGCGGCC	AGGTATTCTT	CGTGGCTCCA	GTTCTCGGCG	CGGGCGCGAT	CGGCCAGCCG	1440
GGACACTGAC	TCACGCAGGG	TGGGAGCTTT	CAATGCTCTT	GT		1482

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 876 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

CGTGCTCGGG	GCCACCGCCG	GGCGCACCAC	CCTGACCGGT	GAGGGCCTGC	AACACGCCGA	120
CGGTCACTCG	TTGCTGCTGG	ACGCCACCAA	CCCGGCGGTG	GTTGCCTACG	ACCCGGCCTT	180
CGCCTACGAA	ATCGGCTACA	TCGNGGAAAG	CGGACTGGCC	AGGATGTGCG	GGGAGAACCC	240
GGAGAACATC	TTCTTCTACA	TCACCGTCTA	CAACGAGCCG	TACGTGCAGC	CGCCGGAGCC	300
GGAGAACTTC	GATCCCGAGG	GCGTGCTGGG	GGGTATCTAC	CGNTATCACG	CGGCCACCGA	360
GCAACGCACC	AACAAGGNGC	AGATCCTGGC	CTCCGGGGTA	GCGATGCCCG	CGGCGCTGCG	420
GGCAGCACAG	ATGCTGGCCG	CCGAGTGGGA	TGTCGCCGCC	GACGTGTGGT	CGGTGACCAG	480
TTGGGGCGAG	CTAAACCGCG	ACGGGGTGGT	CATCGAGACC	GAGAAGCTCC	GCCACCCCGA	540
TCGGCCGGCG	GGCGTGCCCT	ACGTGACGAG	AGCGCTGGAG	AATGCTCGGG	GCCCGGTGAT	600
CGCGGTGTCG	GACTGGATGC	GCGCGGTCCC	CGAGCAGATC	CGACCGTGGG	TGCCGGGCAC	660
ATACCTCACG	TTGGGCACCG	ACGGGTTCGG	TTTTCCGAC	ACTCGGCCCG	CCGGTCGTCG	720
TTACTTCAAC .	ACCGACGCCG	AATCCCAGGT	TGGTCGCGGT	TTTGGGAGGG	GTTGGCCGGG	780
CCGACGGGTG .	AATATCGACC	CATTCGGTGC	CGGTCGTGGG	CCGCCCGCCC	AGTTACCCGG	840
ATTCGACGAA	GGTGGGGGGT	TGCGCCCGAN	TAAGTT			876

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1021 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

CAGATTCATA	ACGAATTCAC	AGCGGCACAA	CAATATGTCG	CGATCGCGGT	TTATTTCGAC	120
AGCGAAGACC	TGCCGCAGTT	GGCGAAGCAT	TTTTACAGCC	AAGCGGTCGA	GGAACGAAAC	180
CATGCAATGA	TGCTCGTGCA	ACACCTGCTC	GACCGCGACC	TTCGTGTCGA	AATTCCCGGC	240
GTAGACACGG	TGCGAAACCA	GTTCGACAGA	CCCCGCGAGG	CACTGGCGCT	GGCGCTCGAT	300
CAGGAACGCA	CAGTCACCGA	CCAGGTCGGT	CGGCTGACAG	CGGTGGCCCG	CGACGAGGGC	360
GATTTCCTCG	GCGAGCAGTT	CATGCAGTGG	TTCTTGCAGG	AACAGATCGA	AGAGGTGGCC	420
TTGATGGCAA	CCCTGGTGCG	GGTTGCCGAT	CGGGCCGGGG	CCAACCTGTT	CGAGCTAGAG	480
AACTTCGTCG	CACGTGAAGT	GGATGTGGCG	CCGGCCGCAT	CAGGCGCCCC	GCACGCTGCC	540
GGGGGCCGCC	TCTAGATCCC	TGGGGGGGAT	CAGCGAGTGG	TCCCGTTCGC	CCGCCCGTCT	600
TCCAGCCAGG	CCTTGGTGCG	GCCGGGGTGG	TGAGTACCAA	TCCAGGCCAC	CCCGACCTCC	660
CGGNAAAAGT	CGATGTCCTC	GTACTCATCG	ACGTTCCAGG	AGTACACCGC	CCGGCCCTGA	720
GCTGCCGAGC	GGTCAACGAG	TTGCGGATAT	TCCTTTAACG	CAGGCAGTGA	GGGTCCCACG	780
GCGGTTGGCC	CGACCGCCGT	GGCCGCACTG	CTGGTCAGGT	ATCGGGGGGT	CTTGGCGAGC	840
AACAACGTCG	GCAGGAGGGG	TGGAGCCCGC	CGGATCCGCA	GACCGGGGGG	GCGAAAACGA	900
CATCAACACC	GCACGGGATC	GATCTGCGGA	GGGGGGTGCG	GGAATACCGA	ACCGGTGTAG	960
GAGCGCCAGC	AGTTGTTTTT	CCACCAGCGA	AGCGTTTTCG	GGTCATCGGN	GGCNNTTAAG	1020
T						1021

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 321 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi)	SEQUENCE	DESCRIPTION:	SEQ	ID	NO:21:
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CGTGCCGACG	AACGGAAGAA	CACAACCATG	AAGATGGTGA	AATCGATCGC	CGCAGGTCTG	60
ACCGCCGCGG	CTGCAATCGG	CGCCGCTGCG	GCCGGTGTGA	CTTCGATCAT	GGCTGGCGGN	120
CCGGTCGTAT	ACCAGATGCA	GCCGGTCGTC	TTCGGCGCGC	CACTGCCGTT	GGACCCGGNA	180
TCCGCCCCTG	ANGTCCCGAC	CGCCGCCCAG	TGGACCAGNC	TGCTCAACAG	NCTCGNCGAT	240
CCCAACGTGT	CGTTTGNGAA	CAAGGGNAGT	CTGGTCGAGG	GNGGNATCGG	NGGNANCGAG	300
GGNGNGNATC	GNCGANCACA	А				321

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 373 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

TCTTATCGGT	TCCGGTTGGC	GACGGGTTTT	GGGNGCGGGT	GGTTAACCCG	CTCGGCCAGC	60
CGATCGACGG	GCGCGGAGAC	GTCGACTCCG	ATACTCGGCG	CGCGCTGGAG	CTCCAGGCGC	120
CCTCGGTGGT	GNACCGGCAA	GGCGTGAAGG	AGCCGTTGNA	GACCGGGATC	AAGGCGATTG	180
ACGCGATGAC	CCCGATCGGC	CGCGGGCAGC	GCCAGCTGAT	CATCGGGGAC	CGCAAGACCG	240
GCAAAAACCG	CCGTCTGTGT	CGGACACCAT	CCTCAAACCA	GCGGGAAGAA	CTGGGAGTCC	300
GGTGGATCCC	AAGAAGCAGG	TGCGCTTGTG	TATACGTTGG	CCATCGGGCA	AGAAGGGGAA	360
CTTACCATCG	CCG					373

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 352 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:	
GTGACGCCGT GATGGGATTC CTGGGCGGGG CCGGTCCGCT GGCGGTGGTG GATCAGCAAC	60
TGGTTACCCG GGTGCCGCAA GGCTGGTCGT TTGCTCAGGC AGCCGCTGTG CCGGTGGTGT	120
TCTTGACGGC CTGGTACGGG TTGGCCGATT TAGCCGAGAT CAAGGCGGGC GAATCGGTGC	180
TGATCCATGC CGGTACCGGC GGTGTGGGCA TGGCGGCTGT GCAGCTGGCT CGCCAGTGGG	240
GCGTGGAGGT TTTCGTCACC GCCAGCCGTG GNAAGTGGGA CACGCTGCGC GCCATNGNGT	300
TTGACGACGA NCCATATCGG NGATTCCCNC ACATNCGAAG TTCCGANGGA GA	352
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 726 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:	
GAAATCCGCG TTCATTCCGT TCGACCAGCG GCTGGCGATA ATCGACGAAG TGATCAAGCC	60

# (x

60	TGATCAAGCC	ATCGACGAAG	GCTGGCGATA	TCGACCAGCG	TTCATTCCGT	GAAATCCGCG
120	TATATCGCAC	AGTTCTCTGG	GTAATCAGCA	GTCACAGCGA	GCGCTCATGG	GCGGTTCGCG
180	CGGTTCGCGT	TCGCATGTAC	CGTACCGTCA	AGATCGCTTT	GTTGCTTGCC	CTAGCGTCCA
240	CTCGGGGTCG	TGTGGCGGGT	TGGCCACGGG	GCGTGCATCC	CATGCTGGCG	GCCGCACGCT

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GCGCGCAGTC	CGCAGCCCAA	ACCGCGCCGG	TGCCCGACTA	CTACTGGTGC	CCGGGGCAGC	300
CTTTCGACCC	CGCATGGGGG	CCCAACTGGG	ATCCCTACAC	CTGCCATGAC	GACTTCCACC	360
GCGACAGCGA	CGGCCCCGAC	CACAGCCGCG	ACTACCCCGG	ACCCATCCTC	GAAGGTCCCG	420
TGCTTGACGA	TCCCGGTGCT	GCGCCGCCGC	CCCCGGCTGC	CGGTGGCGGC	GCATAGCGCT	480
CGTTGACCGG	GCCGCATCAG	CGAATACGCG	TATAAACCCG	GGCGTGCCCC	CGGCAAGCTA	540
CGACCCCCGG	CGGGGCAGAT	TTACGCTCCC	GTGCCGATGG	ATCGCGCCGT	CCGATGACAG	600
AAAATAGGCG	ACGGTTTTGG	CAACCGCTTG	GAGGACGCTT	GAAGGGAACC	TGTCATGAAC	660
GGCGACAGCG	CCTCCACCAT	CGACATCGAC	AAGGTTGTTA	CCCGCACACC	CGTTCGCCGG	720
ATCGTG						726

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 580 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

CGCGACGA	CG ACGAACGTCG	GGCCCACCAC	CGCCTATGCG	TTGATGCAGG	CGACCGGGAT	60
GGTCGCCG	AC CATATCCAAG	CATGCTGGGT	GCCCACTGAG	CGACCTTTTG	ACCAGCCGGG	120
CTGCCCGA	rg gcggcccggt	GAAGTCATTG	CGCCGGGGCT	TGTGCACCTG	ATGAACCCGA	180
ATAGGGAA	CA ATAGGGGGGT	GATTTGGCAG	TTCAATGTCG	GGTATGGCTG	GAAATCCAAT	240
GGCGGGGC	AT GCTCGGCGCC	GACCAGGCTC	GCGCAGGCGG	GCCAGCCCGA	ATCTGGAGGG	300
AGCACTCA	AT GGCGGCGATG	AAGCCCCGGA	CCGGCGACGG	TCCTTTGGAA	GCAACTAAGG	360

AGGGGCGCGG CATTGTGATG CGAGTACCAC TTGAGGGTGG CGGTCGCCTG GTCGTCGAGC	420
TGACACCCGA CGAAGCCGCC GCACTGGGTG ACGAACTCAA AGGCGTTACT AGCTAAGACC	480
AGCCCAACGG CGAATGGTCG GCGTTACGCG CACACCTTCC GGTAGATGTC CAGTGTCTGC	540
TCGGCGATGT ATGCCCAGGA GAACTCTTGG ATACAGCGCT	580
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 160 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:	
AACGGAGGCG CCGGGGGTTT TGGCGGGGCC GGGGCGGTCG GCGGCAACGG CGGGGCCGGC	60
GGTACCGCCG GGTTGTTCGG TGTCGGCGGG GCCGGTGGGG CCGGAGGCAA CGGCATCGCC	120
GGTGTCACGG GTACGTCGGC CAGCACACCG GGTGGATCCG	160
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 272 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	

	CRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:	(xi) SEQUENCE DES
60	GTACGCCAAC GTTGTCGACA CGCTCGAGGC GTTCACGATC	GACACCGATA CGATGGTGAT
120	GACCATCGGC GATGCGGCCC CGTTCGCGGA GGCGGCTGCC	CAGCGCACAC CCGACGGCGT

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AAGGCGATGG (	GAATCGACAA	GCTGCGGGTA	ATTCATACCG	GAATGGACCC	CGTCGTCGCT	180
GAACGCGAAC /	AGTGGGACGA	CGGCAACAAC	ACGTTGGCGT	TGGCGCCCGG	TGTCGTTGTC	240
GCCTACGAGC (	GCAACGTACA	GACCAACGCC	CG			272
(2) INFORMA	TION FOR SE	Q ID NO:28:			·	
( ) ( ) ( )	A) LENGTH: 3 3) TYPE: nu	NESS: singl	irs			

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

GCAGCCGGTG GTTC	TCGGAC TATCTGCGCA	CGGTGACGCA	GCGCGACGTG	CGCGAGCTGA	60
AGCGGATCGA GCAGA	ACGGAT CGCCTGCCGC	GGTTCATGCG	CTACCTGGCC	GCTATCACCG	120
CGCAGGAGCT GAACC	GTGGCC GAAGCGGCGC	GGGTCATCGG	GGTCGACGCG	GGGACGATCC	180
GTTCGGATCT GGCGT	TGGTTC GAGACGGTCT	ATCTGGTACA	TCGCCTGCCC	GCCTGGTCGC	240
GGAATCTGAC CGCGA	AAGATC AAGAAGCGGT	CAAAGATCCA	CGTCGTCGAC	AGTGGCTTCG	300
CGGCCTGGTT GCGCG	GGG				317

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 182 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE	DESCRIPTION:	SEQ	ID	NO:29:
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GATCGTGGAG	CTGTCGATGA	ACAGCGTTGC	CGGACGCGCG	GCGGCCAGCA	CGTCGGTGTA	60
GCAGCGCCGG	ACCACCTCGC	CGGTGGGCAG	CATGGTGATG	ACCACGTCGG	CCTCGGCCAC	120
CGCTTCGGGC	GCGCTACGAA	ACACCGCGAC	ACCGTGCGCG	GCGGCGCCGG	ACGCCGCCGT	180
GG						182

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 308 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

GATCGCGAAG TTTGGTGAGC AGGTGGTCGA CGCGAAA	AGTC TGGGCGCCTG CGAAGCGGGT 60
CGGCGTTCAC GAGGCGAAGA CACGCCTGTC CGAGCTG	GCTG CGGCTCGTCT ACGGCGGGCA 120
GAGGTTGAGA TTGCCCGCCG CGGCGAGCCG GTAGCAA	AGC TTGTGCCGCT GCATCCTCAT 180
GAGACTCGGC GGTTAGGCAT TGACCATGGC GTGTACC	GCG TGCCCGACGA TTTGGACGCT 240
CCGTTGTCAG ACGACGTGCT CGAACGCTTT CACCGGT	GAA GCGCTACCTC ATCGACACCC 300
ACGTTTGG	308

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 267 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:	
CCGACGACGA GCAACTCACG TGGATGATGG TCGGCAGCGG CATTGAGGAC GGAGAGAATC	60
CGGCCGAAGC TGCCGCGCG CAAGTGCTCA TAGTGACCGG CCGTAGAGGG CTCCCCCGAT	120
GGCACCGGAC TATTCTGGTG TGCCGCTGGC CGGTAAGAGC GGGTAAAAGA ATGTGAGGGG	180
ACACGATGAG CAATCACACC TACCGAGTGA TCGAGATCGT CGGGACCTCG CCCGACGGCG	240
TCGACGCGGC AATCCAGGGC GGTCTGG	267
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 189 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

CTCGTGCCGA AAGAATGTGA GGGGACACGA TGAGCAATCA CACCTACCGA GTGATCGAGA 60

TCGTCGGGAC CTCGCCCGAC GGCGTCGACG CGGCAATCCA GGGCGGTCTG GCCCGAGCTG 120

CGCAGACCAT GCGCGCGCTG GACTGGTTCG AAGTACAGTC AATTCGAGGC CACCTGGTCG 180

ACGGAGCGG

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 851 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

CTCCACCOT	0007004704					
C I GCAGGG I (	a GCGTGGATGA	GCGTCACCG	GGGGCAGGC	GAGCTGACCG	CCGCCCAGGT	60
CCGGGTTGCT	GCGGCGGCCT	ACGAGACGGC	GTATGGGCTG	ACGGTGCCCC	CGCCGGTGAT	120
CGCCGAGAAC	CGTGCTGAAC	TGATGATTCT	GATAGCGACC	AACCTCTTGG	GGCAAAACAC	180
CCCGGCGATC	GCGGTCAACG	AGGCCGAATA	CGGCGAGATG	TGGGCCCAAG	ACGCCGCCGC	240
GATGTTTGGC	TACGCCGCGG	CGACGGCGAC	GGCGACGGCG	ACGTTGCTGC	CGTTCGAGGA	300
GGCGCCGGAG	ATGACCAGCG	CGGGTGGGCT	CCTCGAGCAG	GCCGCCGCGG	TCGAGGAGGC	360
CTCCGACACC	GCCGCGGCGA	ACCAGTTGAT	GAACAATGTG	CCCCAGGCGC	TGAAACAGTT	420
GGCCCAGCCC	ACGCAGGGCA	CCACGCCTTC	TTCCAAGCTG	GGTGGCCTGT	GGAAGACGGT	480
CTCGCCGCAT	CGGTCGCCGA	TCAGCAACAT	GGTGTCGATG	GCCAACAACC	ACATGTCGAT	540
GACCAACTCG	GGTGTGTCGA	TGACCAACAC	CTTGAGCTCG	ATGTTGAAGG	GCTTTGCTCC	600
GGCGGCGGCC	GCCCAGGCCG	TGCAAACCGC	GGCGCAAAAC	GGGGTCCGGG	CGATGAGCTC	660
GCTGGGCAGC	TCGCTGGGTT	CTTCGGGTCT	GGGCGGTGGG	GTGGCCGCCA .	ACTTGGGTCG	720
GGCGGCCTCG	GTACGGTATG (	GTCACCGGGA	TGGCGGAAAA	TATGCANAGT	CTGGTCGGCG	780
GAACGGTGGT	CCGGCGTAAG (	STTTACCCCC	GTTTTCTGGA	TGCGGTGAAC	TTCGTCAACG	840
GAAACAGTTA	С					851

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 254 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(xi)	SECUENCE	DESCRIPTION:	SEU	In	MO.24.
$\langle \Delta I \rangle$	SEQUENCE	DESCRIPTION:	201	111	NO:34:

GATCGATCGG	GCGGAAATTT	GGACCAGATT	CGCCTCCGGC	GATAACCCAA	TCAATCGAAC	60
CTAGATTTAT	TCCGTCCAGG	GGCCCGAGTA	ATGGCTCGCA	GGAGAGGAAC	CTTACTGCTG	120
CGGGCACCTG	TCGTAGGTCC	TCGATACGGC	GGAAGGCGTC	GACATTTTCC	ACCGACACCC	180
CCATCCAAAC	GTTCGAGGGC	CACTCCAGCT	TGTGAGCGAG	GCGACGCAGT	CGCAGGCTGC	240
GCTTGGTCAA	GATC					254

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 408 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

CGGCACGAGG ATCCTGACC	G AAGCGGCCGC	CGCCAAGGCG	AAGTCGCTGT	TGGACCAGGA	60
GGGACGGGAC GATCTGGCG	C TGCGGATCGC	GGTTCAGCCG	GGGGGGTGCG	CTGGATTGCG	120
CTATAACCTT TTCTTCGAC	G ACCGGACGCT	GGATGGTGAC	CAAACCGCGG	AGTTCGGTGG	180
TGTCAGGTTG ATCGTGGAC	C GGATGAGCGC	GCCGTATGTG	GAAGGCGCGT	CGATCGATTT	240
CGTCGACACT ATTGAGAAG	C AAGGNTTCAC	CATCGACAAT	CCCAACGCCA	CCGGCTCCTG	300
CGCGTGCGGG GATTCGTTC	A ACTGATAAAA	CGCTAGTACG	ACCCCGCGGT	GCGCAACACG	360
TACGAGCACA CCAAGACCT	G ACCGCGCTGG	AAAAGCAACT	GAGCGATG		408

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

<ul><li>(A) LENGTH: 181 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:	
GCGGTGTCGG CGGATCCGGC GGGTGGTTGA ACGGCAACGG CGGGGCCGGC GGGGCCGGCG	60
GGACCGGCGC TAACGGTGGT GCCGGCGGCA ACGCCTGGTT GTTCGGGGCC GGCGGGTCCG	120
GCGGNGCCGG CACCAATGGT GGNGTCGGCG GGTCCGGCGG ATTTGTCTAC GGCAACGGCG	180
G	181
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 290 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:	
GCGGTGTCGG CGGATCCGGC GGGTGGTTGA ACGGCAACGG CGGTGTCGGC GGCCGGGGCG	60
GCGACGGCGT CTTTGCCGGT GCCGGCGGCC AGGGCGGCCT CGGTGGGCAG GGCGGCAATG	120
GCGGCGGCTC CACCGGCGGC AACGGCGGTC TTGGCGGCGC GGGCGGTGGC GGAGGCAACG	180
CCCCGGACGG CGGCTTCGGT GGCAACGGCG GTAAGGGTGG CCAGGGCGGN ATTGGCGGCG	240
GCACTCAGAG CGCGACCGGC CTCGGNGGTG ACGGCGGTGA CGGCGGTGAC	290
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:	

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 34 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:	
GATCCAGTGG CATGGNGGGT GTCAGTGGAA GCAT	34
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 155 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:	
GATCGCTGCT CGTCCCCCC TTGCCGCCGA CGCCACCGGT CCCACCGTTA CCGAACAAGC	60
TGGCGTGGTC GCCAGCACCC CCGGCACCGC CGACGCCGGA GTCGAACAAT GGCACCGTCG	120
TATCCCCACC ATTGCCGCCG GNCCCACCGG CACCG	155
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 53 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:	
ATGGCGTTCA CGGGGCGCCG GGGACCGGGC AGCCCGGNGG GGCCGGGGGG TGG	53
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 132 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	
(which of the property of the	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:	
GATCCACCGC GGGTGCAGAC GGTGCCCGCG GCGCCACCCC GACCAGCGGC GGCAACGGCG	60
GCACCGGCGG CAACGCCGCG AACGCCACCG TCGTCGGNGG GGCCGGCGGG GCCGGCGGCA	120
AGGGCGGCAA CG	132
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 132 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:	
GATCGGCGGC CGGNACGGNC GGGGACGGCG GCAAGGGCGG NAACGGGGGC GCCGNAGCCA	60
CCNGCCAAGA ATCCTCCGNG TCCNCCAATG GCGCGAATGG CGGACAGGGC GGCAACGGCG	120
GCANCGGCGG CA	132

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 702 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

CGGCACGAGG	ATCGGTACCC	CGCGGCATCG	GCAGCTGCCG	ATTCGCCGGG	TTTCCCCACC	60
CGAGGAAAGC	CGCTACCAGA	TGGCGCTGCC	GAAGTAGGGC	GATCCGTTCG	CGATGCCGGC	120
ATGAACGGGC	GGCATCAAAT	TAGTGCAGGA	ACCTTTCAGT	TTAGCGACGA	TAATGGCTAT	180
AGCACTAAGG	AGGATGATCC	GATATGACGC	AGTCGCAGAC	CGTGACGGTG	GATCAGCAAG	240
AGATTTTGAA	CAGGGCCAAC	GAGGTGGAGG	CCCCGATGGC	GGACCCACCG	ACTGATGTCC	300
CCATCACACC	GTGCGAACTC	ACGGNGGNTA	AAAACGCCGC	CCAACAGNTG	GTNTTGTCCG	360
CCGACAACAT	GCGGGAATAC	CTGGCGGCCG	GTGCCAAAGA	GCGGCAGCGT	CTGGCGACCT	420
CGCTGCGCAA	CGCGGCCAAG	GNGTATGGCG	AGGTTGATGA	GGAGGCTGCG	ACCGCGCTGG	480
ACAACGACGG	CGAAGGAACT	GTGCAGGCAG	AATCGGCCGG	GGCCGTCGGA	GGGGACAGTT	540
CGGCCGAACT .	AACCGATACG	CCGAGGGTGG	CCACGGCCGG	TGAACCCAAC	TTCATGGATC	600
TCAAAGAAGC	GGCAAGGAAG	CTCGAAACGG	GCGACCAAGG	CGCATCGCTC	GCGCACTGNG	660
GGGATGGGTG (	GAACACTTNC .	ACCCTGACGC	TGCAAGGCGA	CG		702

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 298 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

GAAGCCGCAG (	CGCTGTCGGG	CGACGTGGCG	GTCAAAGCGG	CATCGCTCGG	TGGCGGTGGA	<b>-</b> 60
GGCGGCGGGG	TGCCGTCGGC	GCCGTTGGGA	TCCGCGATCG	GGGGCGCCGA	ATCGGTGCGG	120
CCCGCTGGCG (	CTGGTGACAT	TGCCGGCTTA	GGCCAGGGAA	GGGCCGGCGG	CGGCGCCGCG	180
CTGGGCGGCG G	STGGCATGGG	AATGCCGATG	GGTGCCGCGC	ATCAGGGACA	AGGGGCCCC	240
AAGTCCAAGG G	GTTCTCAGCA	GGAAGACGAG	GCGCTCTACA	CCGAGGATCC	TCGTGCCG	298
(2) INFORMAT	TON FOR SE	O ID NO-45.				

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1058 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

CGGCACGAGG	ATCGAATCGC	GTCGCCGGGA	GCACAGCGTC	GCACTGCACC	AGTGGAGGAG	60
CCATGACCTA	CTCGCCGGGT	AACCCCGGAT	ACCCGCAAGC	GCAGCCCGCA	GGCTCCTACG	120
GAGGCGTCAC	ACCCTCGTTC	GCCCACGCCG	ATGAGGGTGC	GAGCAAGCTA	CCGATGTACC	180
TGAACATCGC	GGTGGCAGTG	CTCGGTCTGG	CTGCGTACTT	CGCCAGCTTC	GGCCCAATGT	240
TCACCCTCAG	TACCGAACTC	GGGGGGGTG	ATGGCGCAGT	GTCCGGTGAC	ACTGGGCTGC	300
CGGTCGGGGT	GGCTCTGCTG	GCTGCGCTGC	TTGCCGGGGT	GGTTCTGGTG	CCTAAGGCCA	360
AGAGCCATGT	GACGGTAGTT	GCGGTGCTCG	GGGTACTCGG	CGTATTTCTG	ATGGTCTCGG	420

CGACGTTTAA	CAAGCCCAGC	GCCTATTCGA	CCGGTTGGGC	ATTGTGGGTT	GTGTTGGCTT	480
TCATCGTGTT	CCAGGCGGTT	GCGGCAGTCC	TGGCGCTCTT	GGTGGAGACC	GGCGCTATCA	540
CCGCGCCGGC	GCCGCGGCCC	AAGTTCGACC	CGTATGGACA	GTACGGGCGG	TACGGGCAGT	600
ACGGGCAGTA	CGGGGTGCAG	CCGGGTGGGT	ACTACGGTCA	GCAGGGTGCT	CAGCAGGCCG	660
CGGGACTGCA	GTCGCCCGGC	CCGCAGCAGT	CTCCGCAGCC	TCCCGGATAT	GGGTCGCAGT	720
ACGGCGGCTA	TTCGTCCAGT	CCGAGCCAAT	CGGGCAGTGG	ATACACTGCT	CAGCCCCCGG	780
CCCAGCCGCC	GGCGCAGTCC	GGGTCGCAAC	AATCGCACCA	GGGCCCATCC	ACGCCACCTA	840
CCGGCTTTCC	GAGCTTCAGC	CCACCACCAC	CGGTCAGTGC	CGGGACGGGG	TCGCAGGCTG	900
GTTÇGGCTCC	AGTCAACTAT	TCAAACCCCA	GCGGGGGCGA	GCAGTCGTCG	TCCCCCGGGG	960
GGGCGCCGGT	CTAACCGGGC	GTTCCCGCGT	CCGGTCGCGC	GTGTGCGCGA	AGAGTGAACA	1020
GGGTGTCAGC	AAGCGCGGAC	GATCCTCGTG	CCGAATTC			1058

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 327 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:

CGGCACGAGA GACCGA	ATGCC GCTACCCTCG	CGCAGGAGGC	AGGTAATTTC	GAGCGGATCT	60
CCGGCGACCT GAAAAC	CCCAG ATCGACCAGG	TGGAGTCGAC	GGCAGGTTCG	TTGCAGGGCC	120
AGTGGCGCGG CGCGGC	CGGGG ACGGCCGCCC	AGGCCGCGGT	GGTGCGCTTC	CAAGAAGCAG	180
CCAATAAGCA GAAGCA	AGGAA CTCGACGAGA	TCTCGACGAA	TATTCGTCAG	GCCGGCGTCC	240
AATACTCGAG GGCCGA	CGAG GAGCAGCAGC	AGGCGCTGTC	CTCGCAAATG	GGCTTCTGAC	300

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CCGCTAATAC GAAAAGAAAC GGAGCAA	327
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 170 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:	
CGGTCGCGAT GATGGCGTTG TCGAACGTGA CCGATTCTGT ACCGCCGTCG TTGAGATCAA	60
CCAACAACGT GTTGGCGTCG GCAAATGTGC CGNACCCGTG GATCTCGGTG ATCTTGTTCT	120
TCTTCATCAG GAAGTGCACA CCGGCCACCC TGCCCTCGGN TACCTTTCGG	170
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 127 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:	
GATCCGGCGG CACGGGGGT GCCGGCGGCA GCACCGCTGG CGCTGGCGGC AACGGCGGGG	60
CCGGGGGTGG CGGCGGAACC GGTGGGTTGC TCTTCGGCAA CGGCGGTGCC GGCGGGCACG	120
GGGCCGT	127
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:	

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 81 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:	
CGGCGGCAAG GGCGGCACCG CCGGCAACGG GAGCGGCGCG GCCGGCGGCA ACGGCGGCAA	60
CGGCGGCTCC GGCTCAACG G	81
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 149 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:	
GATCAGGGCT GGCCGGCTCC GGCCAGAAGG GCGGTAACGG AGGAGCTGCC GGATTGTTTG	60
GCAACGGCGG GGCCGGNGGT GCCGGCGCGT CCAACCAAGC CGGTAACGGC GGNGCCGGCG	120
GAAACGGTGG TGCCGGTGGG CTGATCTGG	149
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 355 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

CGGCACGAGA TCACACCTA	AC CGAGTGATCG	AGATCGTCGG	GACCTCGCCC	GACGGTGTCG	60
ACGCGGNAAT CCAGGGCGC	ST CTGGCCCGAG	CTGCGCAGAC	CATGCGCGCG	CTGGACTGGT	120
TCGAAGTACA GTCAATTCG	GA GGCCACCTGG	TCGACGGAGC	GGTCGCGCAC	TTCCAGGTGA	180
CTATGAAAGT CGGCTTCCG	C CTGGAGGATT	CCTGAACCTT	CAAGCGCGGC	CGATAACTGA	240
GGTGCATCAT TAAGCGACT	T TTCCAGAACA	TCCTGACGCG	CTCGAAACGC	GGTTCAGCCG	300
ACGGTGGCTC CGCCGAGGC	G CTGCCTCCAA	AATCCCTGCG	ACAATTCGTC	GGCGG	355
(2) INFORMATION FOR	SEC ID NO.ES				

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 999 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:

ATGCATCACC	ATCACCATCA	CATGCATCAG	GTGGACCCCA	ACTTGACACG	TCGCAAGGGA	60
						00
CGATTGGCGG	CACTGGCTAT	CGCGGCGATG	GCCAGCGCCA	GCCTGGTGAC	CGTTGCGGTG	120
CCCGCGACCG	CCAACGCCGA	TCCGGAGCCA	GCGCCCCGG	TACCCACAAC	GGCCGCCTCG	180
CCGCCGTCGA	CCGCTGCAGC	GCCACCCGCA	CCGGCGACAC	стсттссссс	CCCACCACCG	240
GCCGCCGCCA	ACACGCCGAA	TGCCCAGCCG	GGCGATCCCA	ACGCAGCACC	TCCGCCGGCC	300
GACCCGAACG	CACCGCCGCC	ACCTGTCATT	GCCCCAAACG	CACCCCAACC	TGTCCGGATC	360
GACAACCCGG	TTGGAGGATT	CAGCTTCGCG	CTGCCTGCTG	GCTGGGTGGA	GTCTGACGCC	420

GCCCACTTCG	ACTACGGTTC	AGCACTCCTC	AGCAAAACCA	CCGGGGACCC	GCCATTTCCC	480
GGACAGCCGC	CGCCGGTGGC	CAATGACACC	CGTATCGTGC	TCGGCCGGCT	AGACCAAAAG	540
CTTTACGCCA	GCGCCGAAGC	CACCGACTCC	AAGGCCGCGG	CCCGGTTGGG	CTCGGACATG	600
GGTGAGTTCT	ATATGCCCTA	CCCGGGCACC	CGGATCAACC	AGGAAACCGT	CTCGCTCGAC	660
GCCAACGGGG	TGTCTGGAAG	CGCGTCGTAT	TACGAAGTCA	AGTTCAGCGA	TCCGAGTAAG	720
CCGAACGGCC	AGATCTGGAC	GGGCGTAATC	GGCTCGCCCG	CGGCGAACGC	ACCGGACGCC	780
GGGCCCCCTC	AGCGCTGGTT	TGTGGTATGG	CTCGGGACCG	CCAACAACCC	GGTGGACAAG	840
GGCGCGGCCA	AGGCGCTGGC	CGAATCGATC	CGGCCTTTGG	TCGCCCCGCC	GCCGGCGCCG	900
GCACCGGCTC	CTGCAGAGCC	CGCTCCGGCG	CCGGCGCCCGG	CCGGGGAAGT	CGCTCCTACC	960
CCGACGACAC	CGACACCGCA	GCGGACCTTA	CCGGCCTGA			999

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 332 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:

Met His His His His His Met His Gln Val Asp Pro Asn Leu Thr  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$ 

Arg Arg Lys Gly Arg Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ile Ala Ala Met Ala Ser 20 25 30

Ala Ser Leu Val Thr Val Ala Val Pro Ala Thr Ala Asn Ala Asp Pro 35 40 45

Glu Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Pro Thr Thr Ala Ala Ser Pro Pro Ser Thr 50 55 60

A1 65	a Al	a Al	a Pr	o Pro	2 Ala 70	a Pro	o Ala	a Th	r Pro	75	l Ala	a Pro	) Pro	o Pro	Pro 80
Ala	a Al	ā Al	a As	n Thr 85	r Pro	) Ası	n Ala	a Gli	90	G1,	y Asp	) Pro	) Asr	1 Ala 95	a Ala
Pro	o Pro	o Pr	o Ala 10	a Asp )	) Pro	) Asr	n Ala	a Pro 105		) Pro	) Pro	Va1	Ile 110		Pro
Asr	n Ala	11:	o G1r 5	n Pro	Val	Arg	11e		) Asn	Pro	Val	Gly 125		' Ph∈	Ser
Phe	Ala 130	a Lei	u Pro	Ala	Gly	Trp 135	Val	GΊι	Ser	Asp	Ala 140	Ala	His	Phe	Asp
Tyr 145	Gly	/ Sei	^ Ala	Leu	Leu 150	Ser	Lys	Thr	Thr	Gly 155		Pro	Pro	Phe	Pro 160
Gly	Gln	Pro	) Pro	Pro 165	Val	Ala	Asn	Asp	Thr 170	Arg	Ile	Val	Leu	Gly 175	Arg
Leu	Asp	Glr	Lys 180	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Ala 185	G1u	Ala	Thr	Asp	Ser 190	Lys	Ala
Ala	Ala	Arg 195	Leu	Gly	Ser	Asp	Met 200	Gly	Glu	Phe	Tyr	Met 205	Pro	Tyr	Pro
Gly	Thr 210	Arg	Ile	Asn	Gln	Glu 215	Thr	Val	Ser	Leu	Asp 220	Ala	Asn	Gly	Val
Ser 225	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Tyr 230	Tyr	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe 235	Ser	Asp	Pro	Ser	Lys 240
Pro	Asn	G1y	Gln	Ile 245	Trp	Thr	Gly	Val	Ile 250	G1y	Ser	Pro	Ala	A1a 255	Asn
Ala	Pro	Asp	A1a 260	Gly	Pro	Pro	G1n	Arg 265	Trp	Phe	Val		Trp 270	Leu	Gly
Thr	Ala	Asn 275	Asn	Pro	Val		Lys 280	Gly	Ala	Ala		A1a 285	Leu	Ala	Glu
Ser	Ile 290	Arg	Pro	Leu		A1a 295	Pro	Pro	Pro		Pro . 300	Ala I	Pro.	Ala	Pro

Ala Glu Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Gly Glu Val Ala Pro Thr 305 310 315 320

Pro Thr Thr Pro Thr Pro Gln Arg Thr Leu Pro Ala 325 330

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:

Asp Pro Val Asp Ala Val Ile Asn Thr Thr Xaa Asn Tyr Gly Gln Val 1 5 10 15

Val Ala Ala Leu 20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:

Ala Val Glu Ser Gly Met Leu Ala Leu Gly Thr Pro Ala Pro Ser 1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

Ala Ala Met Lys Pro Arg Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Leu Glu Ala Ala Lys

5 10 15

Glu Gly Arg

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:

Tyr Tyr Trp Cys Pro Gly Gln Pro Phe Asp Pro Ala Trp Gly Pro 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:

Asp Ile Gly Ser Glu Ser Thr Glu Asp Gln Gln Xaa Ala Val 1 0

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:

Ala Glu Glu Ser Ile Ser Thr Xaa Glu Xaa Ile Val Pro 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:

Asp Pro Glu Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Pro Pro 1 5 10 15

Ala

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

Ala Pro Lys Thr Tyr Xaa Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Thr Asp Thr Gly 1 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:

Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Gln Thr Ser  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$ 

Leu Leu Asn Asn Leu Ala Asp Pro Asp Val Ser Phe Ala Asp 20 25 30

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 187 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:

Thr Gly Ser Leu Asn Gln Thr His Asn Arg Arg Ala Asn Glu Arg Lys

10
15

Asn Thr Thr Met Lys Met Val Lys Ser Ile Ala Ala Gly Leu Thr Ala 20 25 30

Ala Ala Ala Ile Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Val Thr Ser Ile Met Ala 35 40 45

Gly Gly Pro Val Val Tyr Gln Met Gln Pro Val Val Phe Gly Ala Pro 50 55 60

Leu Pro Leu Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln 65 70 75 80

Leu Thr Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser Leu Ala Asp Pro Asn Val Ser Phe Ala 85 90 95

Asn Lys Gly Ser Leu Val Glu Gly Gly Ile Gly Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg 100 105 110

Ile Ala Asp His Lys Leu Lys Lys Ala Ala Glu His Gly Asp Leu Pro 115 120 125

Leu Ser Phe Ser Val Thr Asn Ile Gln Pro Ala Ala Ala Gly Ser Ala 130 135 140

Thr Ala Asp Val Ser Val Ser Gly Pro Lys Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr 145 150 155 160

Gln Asn Val Thr Phe Val Asn Gln Gly Gly Trp Met Leu Ser Arg Ala 165 170 175

Ser Ala Met Glu Leu Leu Gln Ala Ala Gly Xaa 180 185

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 148 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64:

Asp Glu Val Thr Val Glu Thr Thr Ser Val Phe Arg Ala Asp Phe Leu 1 15

Ser Glu Leu Asp Ala Pro Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Glu Ser Ala Val Ser 20 25 30

Gly Val Glu Gly Leu Pro Pro Gly Ser Ala Leu Leu Val Val Lys Arg 35 40 45

Gly Pro Asn Ala Gly Ser Arg Phe Leu Leu Asp Gln Ala Ile Thr Ser 50 55 60

Ala Gly Arg His Pro Asp Ser Asp Ile Phe Leu Asp Asp Val Thr Val 65 70 75 80

Ser Arg Arg His Ala Glu Phe Arg Leu Glu Asn Asn Glu Phe Asn Val 85 90 95

Val Asp Val Gly Ser Leu Asn Gly Thr Tyr Val Asn Arg Glu Pro Val 100 105 110

Asp Ser Ala Val Leu Ala Asn Gly Asp Glu Val Gln Ile Gly Lys Leu 115 120 125

Arg Leu Val Phe Leu Thr Gly Pro Lys Gln Gly Glu Asp Asp Gly Ser 130 140

Thr Gly Gly Pro 145

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 230 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:

Thr Ser Asn Arg Pro Ala Arg Arg Gly Arg Arg Ala Pro Arg Asp Thr 1 10 15

Gly Pro Asp Arg Ser Ala Ser Leu Ser Leu Val Arg His Arg Arg Gln 20 25 30

Gln Arg Asp Ala Leu Cys Leu Ser Ser Thr Gln Ile Ser Arg Gln Ser 35 40 45

Asn Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Asn Tyr Ser Arg Arg Asn 50 55 60

Phe Asp Val Arg Ile Lys Ile Phe Met Leu Val Thr Ala Val Val Leu 65 70 75 80

Leu Cys Cys Ser Gly Val Ala Thr Ala Ala Pro Lys Thr Tyr Cys Glu 85 90 95

Glu Leu Lys Gly Thr Asp Thr Gly Gln Ala Cys Gln Ile Gln Met Ser 100 105 110

Asp Pro Ala Tyr Asn Ile Asn Ile Ser Leu Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Pro Asp 115 120 125

Gln Lys Ser Leu Glu Asn Tyr Ile Ala Gln Thr Arg Asp Lys Phe Leu 130 135 140

Ser Ala Ala Thr Ser Ser Thr Pro Arg Glu Ala Pro Tyr Glu Leu Asn 145 150 155 160

Ile Thr Ser Ala Thr Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ile Pro Pro Arg Gly Thr Gln
165 170 175

Ala Val Val Leu Xaa Val Tyr His Asn Ala Gly Gly Thr His Pro Thr 180 185 190 Thr Thr Tyr Lys Ala Phe Asp Trp Asp Gln Ala Tyr Arg Lys Pro Ile 195 200 205

Thr Tyr Asp Thr Leu Trp Gln Ala Asp Thr Asp Pro Leu Pro Val Val 210 215 220

Phe Pro Ile Val Ala Arg 225 230

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 132 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:

Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu Ser Gln Gly Gly Gln Gly Phe 1 10 15

Ala Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Arg Ser 20 25 30

Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe Leu Gly 35 40 45

Leu Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Gln Arg Val 50 55 60

Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val 65 70 75 80

Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala 85 90 95

Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Val Asn Trp 100 105 110

Gln Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu 115 120 125

Gly Pro Pro Ala 130

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 100 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

Val Pro Leu Arg Ser Pro Ser Met Ser Pro Ser Lys Cys Leu Ala Ala 1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Arg Asn Pro Val Ile Arg Arg Arg Leu Ser Asn Pro Pro 20 25 30

Pro Arg Lys Tyr Arg Ser Met Pro Ser Pro Ala Thr Ala Ser Ala Gly 35 40 45

Met Ala Arg Val Arg Arg Ala Ile Trp Arg Gly Pro Ala Thr Xaa 50 55 60

Ser Ala Gly Met Ala Arg Val Arg Arg Trp Xaa Val Met Pro Xaa Val 65 70 75 80

Ile Gln Ser Thr Xaa Ile Arg Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Phe Asp Asn Arg Gly 85 90 95

Ser Glu Arg Lys 100

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 163 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

Met Thr Asp Asp Ile Leu Leu Ile Asp Thr Asp Glu Arg Val Arg Thr 1 10 15

Leu Thr Leu Asn Arg Pro Gln Ser Arg Asn Ala Leu Ser Ala Ala Leu 20 25 30

Arg Asp Arg Phe Phe Ala Xaa Leu Xaa Asp Ala Glu Xaa Asp Asp Asp 35 40 45

Ile Asp Val Val Ile Leu Thr Gly Ala Asp Pro Val Phe Cys Ala Gly 50 55 60

Leu Asp Leu Lys Val Ala Gly Arg Ala Asp Arg Ala Ala Gly His Leu 65 70 75 80

Thr Ala Val Gly Gly His Asp Gln Ala Gly Asp Arg Asp Gln Arg 85 90 95

Arg Arg Gly His Arg Arg Ala Arg Thr Gly Ala Val Leu Arg His Pro 100 105 110

Asp Arg Leu Arg Ala Arg Pro Leu Arg Arg His Pro Arg Pro Gly Gly 115 120 125

Ala Ala Ala His Leu Gly Thr Gln Cys Val Leu Ala Ala Lys Gly Arg 130 135 140

His Arg Xaa Gly Pro Val Asp Glu Pro Asp Arg Arg Leu Pro Val Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Arg Arg

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 344 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:
- Met Lys Phe Val Asn His Ile Glu Pro Val Ala Pro Arg Arg Ala Gly 1 5 10 15
- Gly Ala Val Ala Glu Val Tyr Ala Glu Ala Arg Arg Glu Phe Gly Arg 20 25 30
- Leu Pro Glu Pro Leu Ala Met Leu Ser Pro Asp Glu Gly Leu Leu Thr 35 40 45
- Ala Gly Trp Ala Thr Leu Arg Glu Thr Leu Leu Val Gly Gln Val Pro 50 55 60
- Arg Gly Arg Lys Glu Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Ala Ser Leu Arg 65 70 75 80
- Cys Pro Trp Cys Val Asp Ala His Thr Thr Met Leu Tyr Ala Ala Gly 85 90 95
- Gln Thr Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Ile Leu Ala Gly Thr Ala Pro Ala Ala 100 105 110
- Gly Asp Pro Asn Ala Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Ala Ala Gly Thr Gly Thr 115 120 125
- Pro Ala Gly Pro Pro Ala Pro Phe Gly Pro Asp Val Ala Ala Glu Tyr 130 135 140
- Leu Gly Thr Ala Val Gln Phe His Phe Ile Ala Arg Leu Val Leu Val 145 150 155 160
- Leu Leu Asp Glu Thr Phe Leu Pro Gly Gly Pro Arg Ala Gln Gln Leu 165 170 175

- Met Arg Arg Ala Gly Gly Leu Val Phe Ala Arg Lys Val Arg Ala Glu 180 185 190
- His Arg Pro Gly Arg Ser Thr Arg Arg Leu Glu Pro Arg Thr Leu Pro 195 200 205
- Asp Asp Leu Ala Trp Ala Thr Pro Ser Glu Pro Ile Ala Thr Ala Phe 210 220
- Ala Ala Leu Ser His His Leu Asp Thr Ala Pro His Leu Pro Pro Pro 225 230 235 240
- Thr Arg Gln Val Val Arg Arg Val Val Gly Ser Trp His Gly Glu Pro 245 250 255
- Met Pro Met Ser Ser Arg Trp Thr Asn Glu His Thr Ala Glu Leu Pro 260 265 270
- Ala Asp Leu His Ala Pro Thr Arg Leu Ala Leu Leu Thr Gly Leu Ala 275 280 285
- Pro His Gln Val Thr Asp Asp Asp Val Ala Ala Ala Arg Ser Leu Leu 290 295 300
- Asp Thr Asp Ala Ala Leu Val Gly Ala Leu Ala Trp Ala Ala Phe Thr 305 310 315 320
- Ala Ala Arg Arg Ile Gly Thr Trp Ile Gly Ala Ala Ala Glu Gly Gln 325 330 335

Val Ser Arg Gln Asn Pro Thr Gly 340

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 485 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:
- Asp Asp Pro Asp Met Pro Gly Thr Val Ala Lys Ala Val Ala Asp Ala 1 5 10 15
- Leu Gly Arg Gly Ile Ala Pro Val Glu Asp Ile Gln Asp Cys Val Glu 25 30
- Ala Arg Leu Gly Glu Ala Gly Leu Asp Asp Val Ala Arg Val Tyr Ile 35 40 45
- Ile Tyr Arg Gln Arg Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Thr Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu 50 55 60
- Gly Val Arg Asp Glu Leu Lys Leu Ser Leu Ala Ala Val Thr Val Leu 65 70 75 80
- Arg Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu His Asp Glu Gln Gly Arg Pro Ala Glu Ser 85 90 95
- Thr Gly Glu Leu Met Asp Arg Ser Ala Arg Cys Val Ala Ala Ala Glu 100 105 110
- Asp Gln Tyr Glu Pro Gly Ser Ser Arg Arg Trp Ala Glu Arg Phe Ala 115 120 125
- Thr Leu Leu Arg Asn Leu Glu Phe Leu Pro Asn Ser Pro Thr Leu Met 130 135 140
- Asn Ser Gly Thr Asp Leu Gly Leu Leu Ala Gly Cys Phe Val Leu Pro 145 150 155 160
- Ile Glu Asp Ser Leu Gln Ser Ile Phe Ala Thr Leu Gly Gln Ala Ala 165 170 175
- Glu Leu Gln Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Thr Gly Tyr Ala Phe Ser His Leu 180 185 190
- Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Arg Val Ala Ser Thr Gly Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly 195 200 205
- Pro Val Ser Phe Leu Arg Leu Tyr Asp Ser Ala Ala Gly Val Val Ser 210 215 220

- Met Gly Gly Arg Arg Gly Ala Cys Met Ala Val Leu Asp Val Ser 235 230 235 240
- His Pro Asp Ile Cys Asp Phe Val Thr Ala Lys Ala Glu Ser Pro Ser 250
- Glu Leu Pro His Phe Asn Leu Ser Val Gly Val Thr Asp Ala Phe Leu 260 265 270
- Arg Ala Val Glu Arg Asn Gly Leu His Arg Leu Val Asn Pro Arg Thr 275 280 285
- Gly Lys Ile Val Ala Arg Met Pro Ala Ala Glu Leu Phe Asp Ala Ile 290 295 300
- Cys Lys Ala Ala His Ala Gly Gly Asp Pro Gly Leu Val Phe Leu Asp 305 310 315 320
- Thr Ile Asn Arg Ala Asn Pro Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Arg Ile Glu Ala 325 330 335
- Thr Asn Pro Cys Gly Glu Val Pro Leu Leu Pro Tyr Glu Ser Cys Asn 340 345 350
- Leu Gly Ser Ile Asn Leu Ala Arg Met Leu Ala Asp Gly Arg Val Asp 355 360 365
- Trp Asp Arg Leu Glu Glu Val Ala Gly Val Ala Val Arg Phe Leu Asp 370 375 380
- Asp Val Ile Asp Val Ser Arg Tyr Pro Phe Pro Glu Leu Gly Glu Ala 385 390 395 400
- Ala Arg Ala Thr Arg Lys Ile Gly Leu Gly Val Met Gly Leu Ala Glu 405 410 415
- Leu Leu Ala Ala Leu Gly Ile Pro Tyr Asp Ser Glu Glu Ala Val Arg 420 425 430
- Leu Ala Thr Arg Leu Met Arg Arg Ile Gln Gln Ala Ala His Thr Ala 435 440 445
- Ser Arg Arg Leu Ala Glu Glu Arg Gly Ala Phe Pro Ala Phe Thr Asp 450 455 460

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Ser Arg Phe Ala Arg Ser Gly Pro Arg Arg Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Ser 465 470 475 480

Val Ala Pro Thr Gly 485

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 267 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71:

Gly Val Ile Val Leu Asp Leu Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Leu Pro Thr Glu 1 5 10 15

Ile Tyr Trp Arg Arg Gly Leu Ala Leu Gly Ile Ala Val Val 20 25 30

Val Gly Ile Ala Val Ala Ile Val Ile Ala Phe Val Asp Ser Ser Ala 35 40 45

Gly Ala Lys Pro Val Ser Ala Asp Lys Pro Ala Ser Ala Gln Ser His 50 55 60

Pro Gly Ser Pro Ala Pro Gln Ala Pro Gln Pro Ala Gly Gln Thr Glu 65 70 75 80

Gly Asn Ala Ala Ala Pro Pro Gln Gly Gln Asn Pro Glu Thr Pro 85 90 95

Thr Pro Thr Ala Ala Val Gln Pro Pro Pro Val Leu Lys Glu Gly Asp 100 105 110

Asp Cys Pro Asp Ser Thr Leu Ala Val Lys Gly Leu Thr Asn Ala Pro 115 120 125

Gln Tyr Tyr Val Gly Asp Gln Pro Lys Phe Thr Met Val Val Thr Asn

130 135 140 Ile Gly Leu Val Ser Cys Lys Arg Asp Val Gly Ala Ala Val Leu Ala 145 150 155 Ala Tyr Val Tyr Ser Leu Asp Asn Lys Arg Leu Trp Ser Asn Leu Asp 165 170 . 175 Cys Ala Pro Ser Asn Glu Thr Leu Val Lys Thr Phe Ser Pro Gly Glu 180 185 190 Gln Val Thr Thr Ala Val Thr Trp Thr Gly Met Gly Ser Ala Pro Arg 195 200 205 Cys Pro Leu Pro Arg Pro Ala Ile Gly Pro Gly Thr Tyr Asn Leu Val 210 215 220 Val Gln Leu Gly Asn Leu Arg Ser Leu Pro Val Pro Phe Ile Leu Asn 225 230 235 240 Gln Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Gly Pro Val Pro Ala Pro Gly Pro Ala Gln 245 250 255 Ala Pro Pro Pro Glu Ser Pro Ala Gln Gly Gly 260 265

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 97 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

Leu Ile Ser Thr Gly Lys Ala Ser His Ala Ser Leu Gly Val Gln Val 1 5 10 15

Thr Asn Asp Lys Asp Thr Pro Gly Ala Lys Ile Val Glu Val Val Ala 20 25 30

Gly Gly Ala Ala Ala Asn Ala Gly Val Pro Lys Gly Val Val Val Thr 35 40 45

Lys Val Asp Asp Arg Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Asp Ala Leu Val Ala Ala 50 55 60

Val Arg Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ala Thr Val Ala Leu Thr Phe Gln Asp 65 70 75 80

Pro Ser Gly Gly Ser Arg Thr Val Gln Val Thr Leu Gly Lys Ala Glu 85 90 95

G1n

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 364 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Gly Ala Ala Val Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Gly Thr Leu Val Leu Thr Ala 1 5 10 15

Cys Gly Gly Gly Thr Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Thr Ser 20 25 30

Gly Ser Val His Cys Gly Gly Lys Lys Glu Leu His Ser Ser Gly Ser 35 40 45

Thr Ala Gln Glu Asn Ala Met Glu Gln Phe Val Tyr Ala Tyr Val Arg 50 55 60

Ser Cys Pro Gly Tyr Thr Leu Asp Tyr Asn Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Ala 65 70 75 80

- Gly Val Thr Gln Phe Leu Asn Asn Glu Thr Asp Phe Ala Gly Ser Asp 85 90 95
- Val Pro Leu Asn Pro Ser Thr Gly Gln Pro Asp Arg Ser Ala Glu Arg
  100 105 110
- Cys Gly Ser Pro Ala Trp Asp Leu Pro Thr Val Phe Gly Pro Ile Ala 115 120 125
- Ile Thr Tyr Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Ser Thr Leu Asn Leu Asp Gly Pro 130 135 140
- Thr Thr Ala Lys Ile Phe Asn Gly Thr Ile Thr Val Trp Asn Asp Pro 145 150 155 160
- Gln Ile Gln Ala Leu Asn Ser Gly Thr Asp Leu Pro Pro Thr Pro Ile 165 170 175
- Ser Val Ile Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln
  180 185 190
- Lys Tyr Leu Asp Gly Val Ser Asn Gly Ala Trp Gly Lys Gly Ala Ser 195 200 205
- Glu Thr Phe Ser Gly Gly Val Gly Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asn Asn Gly 210 215 220
- Thr Ser Ala Leu Leu Gln Thr Thr Asp Gly Ser Ile Thr Tyr Asn Glu 225 230 235 240
- Trp Ser Phe Ala Val Gly Lys Gln Leu Asn Met Ala Gln Ile Ile Thr 245 250 255
- Ser Ala Gly Pro Asp Pro Val Ala Ile Thr Thr Glu Ser Val Gly Lys 260 265 270
- Thr Ile Ala Gly Ala Lys Ile Met Gly Gln Gly Asn Asp Leu Val Leu 275 280 285
- Asp Thr Ser Ser Phe Tyr Arg Pro Thr Gln Pro Gly Ser Tyr Pro Ile 290 295 300
- Val Leu Ala Thr Tyr Glu Ile Val Cys Ser Lys Tyr Pro Asp Ala Thr 305 310 315 320

Thr Gly Thr Ala Val Arg Ala Phe Met Gln Ala Ala Ile Gly Pro Gly 325 330 335

Gln Glu Gly Leu Asp Gln Tyr Gly Ser Ile Pro Leu Pro Lys Ser Phe 340 345 350

Gln Ala Lys Leu Ala Ala Ala Val Asn Ala Ile Ser 355 360

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 309 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:

Gln Ala Ala Gly Arg Ala Val Arg Arg Thr Gly His Ala Glu Asp 1 5 10 15

Gln Thr His Gln Asp Arg Leu His His Gly Cys Arg Arg Ala Ala Val 20 25 30

Val Val Arg Gln Asp Arg Ala Ser Val Ser Ala Thr Ser Ala Arg Pro 35 40 45

Pro Arg Arg His Pro Ala Gln Gly His Arg Arg Val Ala Pro Ser 50 55 60

Gly Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro His Pro His His Val Gln Pro Asp Asp Arg 65 70 75 80

Arg Asp Arg Pro Ala Leu Leu Asp Arg Thr Gln Pro Ala Glu His Pro 85 90 95

Asp Pro His Arg Arg Gly Pro Ala Asp Pro Gly Arg Val Arg Gly Arg 100 105 110

Gly Arg Leu Arg Arg Val Asp Asp Gly Arg Leu Gln Pro Asp Arg Asp

108

115 120

Ala Asp His Gly Ala Pro Val Arg Gly Arg Gly Pro His Arg Gly Val

Gln His Arg Gly Gly Pro Val Phe Val Arg Arg Val Pro Gly Val Arg 145 150 155 160

Cys Ala His Arg Gly His Arg Arg Val Ala Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly 165 170 175

Asp Val Leu Arg Ala Gly Leu Arg Val Glu Arg Leu Arg Pro Val Ala 180 185 190

Ala Val Glu Asn Leu His Arg Gly Ser Gln Arg Ala Asp Gly Arg Val 195 200 205

Phe Arg Pro Ile Arg Arg Gly Ala Arg Leu Pro Ala Arg Arg Ser Arg 210 215 220

Ala Gly Pro Gln Gly Arg Leu His Leu Asp Gly Ala Gly Pro Ser Pro 225 230 235 240

Leu Pro Ala Arg Ala Gly Gln Gln Gln Pro Ser Ser Ala Gly Gly Arg 245 250 255

Arg Ala Gly Gly Ala Glu Arg Ala Asp Pro Gly Gln Arg Gly Arg His
260 265 270

His Gln Gly Gly His Asp Pro Gly Arg Gln Gly Ala Gln Arg Gly Thr 275 280 285

Ala Gly Val Ala His Ala Ala Ala Gly Pro Arg Arg Ala Ala Val Arg 290 295 300

Asn Arg Pro Arg Arg 305

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 580 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:
- Ser Ala Val Trp Cys Leu Asn Gly Phe Thr Gly Arg His Arg His Gly 1 10 15
- Arg Cys Arg Val Arg Ala Ser Gly Trp Arg Ser Ser Asn Arg Trp Cys 20 25 30
- Ser Thr Thr Ala Asp Cys Cys Ala Ser Lys Thr Pro Thr Gln Ala Ala 35 40 45
- Ser Pro Leu Glu Arg Arg Phe Thr Cys Cys Ser Pro Ala Val Gly Cys 50 55 60
- Arg Phe Arg Ser Phe Pro Val Arg Arg Leu Ala Leu Gly Ala Arg Thr 65 70 75 80
- Ser Arg Thr Leu Gly Val Arg Arg Thr Leu Ser Gln Trp Asn Leu Ser 85 90 95
- Pro Arg Ala Gln Pro Ser Cys Ala Val Thr Val Glu Ser His Thr His 100 105 110
- Ala Ser Pro Arg Met Ala Lys Leu Ala Arg Val Val Gly Leu Val Gln
  115 120 125
- Glu Glu Gln Pro Ser Asp Met Thr Asn His Pro Arg Tyr Ser Pro Pro 130 135 140
- Pro Gln Gln Pro Gly Thr Pro Gly Tyr Ala Gln Gly Gln Gln Gln Thr 145 150 155 160
- Tyr Ser Gln Gln Phe Asp Trp Arg Tyr Pro Pro Ser Pro Pro Pro Gln
  165 170 175
- Pro Thr Gln Tyr Arg Gln Pro Tyr Glu Ala Leu Gly Gly Thr Arg Pro 180 185 190
- Gly Leu Ile Pro Gly Val Ile Pro Thr Met Thr Pro Pro Pro Gly Met 195 200 205

Val Arg Gin Arg Pro Arg Ala Gly Met Leu Ala Ile Gly Ala Val Thr Ile Ala Val Val Ser Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly Ala Ala Ala Ser Leu Val Gly Phe Asn Arg Ala Pro Ala Gly Pro Ser Gly Gly Pro Val Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser Ile Pro Ala Ala Asn Met Pro Pro Gly Ser Val Glu Gln Val Ala Ala Lys Val Val Pro Ser Val Val Met Leu Glu Thr Asp Leu Gly Arg Gln Ser Glu Glu Gly Ser Gly Ile Ile Leu Ser Ala Glu Gly Leu Ile Leu Thr Asn Asn His Val Ile Ala Ala Ala Lys Pro Pro Leu Gly Ser Pro Pro Pro Lys Thr Thr Val Thr Phe Ser Asp Gly Arg Thr Ala Pro Phe Thr Val Val Gly Ala Asp Pro Thr Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Val Arg Val Gln Gly Val Ser Gly Leu Thr Pro Ile Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Ser Asp Leu Arg Val Gly Gln Pro Val Leu Ala Ile Gly Ser Pro Leu Gly Leu Glu Gly Thr Val Thr Thr Gly Ile Val Ser Ala Leu Asn Arg Pro Val Ser Thr Thr Gly Glu Ala Gly Asn Gln Asn Thr Val Leu Asp Ala Ile Gln Thr Asp Ala Ala Ile Asn Pro Gly Asn Ser Gly Gly Ala Leu Val Asn Met Asn Ala Gln Leu Val Gly Val Asn

Ser Ala Ile Ala Thr Leu Gly Ala Asp Ser Ala Asp Ala Gln Ser Gly 450 455 460

Ser Ilë Gly Leu Gly Phe Ala Ile Pro Val Asp Gln Ala Lys Arg Ile 465 470 475 480

Ala Asp Glu Leu Ile Ser Thr Gly Lys Ala Ser His Ala Ser Leu Gly 485 490 495

Val Gln Val Thr Asn Asp Lys Asp Thr Pro Gly Ala Lys Ile Val Glu 500 505 510

Val Val Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Ala Asn Ala Gly Val Pro Lys Gly Val 515 520 525

Val Val Thr Lys Val Asp Asp Arg Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Asp Ala Leu 530 540

Val Ala Ala Val Arg Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ala Thr Val Ala Leu Thr 545 550 555 560

Phe Gln Asp Pro Ser Gly Gly Ser Arg Thr Val Gln Val Thr Leu Gly 565 570 575

Lys Ala Glu Gln 580

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 233 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

Met Asn Asp Gly Lys Arg Ala Val Thr Ser Ala Val Leu Val Val Leu 1 15

- Gly Ala Cys Leu Ala Leu Trp Leu Ser Gly Cys Ser Ser Pro Lys Pro 20 25 30
- Asp Ala Glu Glu Gln Gly Val Pro Val Ser Pro Thr Ala Ser Asp Pro 35 40 45
- Ala Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile Arg Gln Ser Leu Asp Ala Thr Lys Gly Leu 50 60
- Thr Ser Val His Val Ala Val Arg Thr Thr Gly Lys Val Asp Ser Leu 70 75 80
- Leu Gly Ile Thr Ser Ala Asp Val Asp Val Arg Ala Asn Pro Leu Ala 85 90 95
- Ala Lys Gly Val Cys Thr Tyr Asn Asp Glu Gln Gly Val Pro Phe Arg
  100 105 110
- Val Gln Gly Asp Asn Ile Ser Val Lys Leu Phe Asp Asp Trp Ser Asn 115 120 125
- Leu Gly Ser Ile Ser Glu Leu Ser Thr Ser Arg Val Leu Asp Pro Ala 130 135 140
- Ala Gly Val Thr Gln Leu Leu Ser Gly Val Thr Asn Leu Gln Ala Gln 145 150 155 160
- Gly Thr Glu Val Ile Asp Gly Ile Ser Thr Thr Lys Ile Thr Gly Thr 165 170 175
- Ile Pro Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Met Leu Asp Pro Gly Ala Lys Ser Ala 180 185 190
- Arg Pro Ala Thr Val Trp Ile Ala Gln Asp Gly Ser His His Leu Val 195 200 205
- Arg Ala Ser Ile Asp Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 210 220
- Lys Trp Asn Glu Pro Val Asn Val Asp 225 230
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 66 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:77:

Val Ile Asp Ile Ile Gly Thr Ser Pro Thr Ser Trp Glu Gln Ala Ala 1 5 10 15

Ala Glu Ala Val Gln Arg Ala Arg Asp Ser Val Asp Asp Ile Arg Val 20 25 30

Ala Arg Val Ile Glu Gln Asp Met Ala Val Asp Ser Ala Gly Lys Ile 35 40 45

Thr Tyr Arg Ile Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Phe Lys Met Arg Pro Ala Gln 50 55 60

Pro Arg 65

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:

Val Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Ser Pro Ile Ser 1 5 10 15

Cys Ala Ser Pro Pro Ser Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Ala 20 25 30

Pro Gly Pro Pro Met Pro Pro Leu Asp Pro Trp Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro 35 40 45

Leu Pro Tyr Ser Thr Pro Pro Gly Ala Pro Leu Pro Pro Ser Pro Pro 50 55 60

Ser Pro Pro Leu Pro 65

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 355 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:

Met Ser Asn Ser Arg Arg Arg Ser Leu Arg Trp Ser Trp Leu Leu Ser 1 5 10 15

Val Leu Ala Ala Val Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala Thr Ala Pro Ala Gln Ala 20 25 30

Ala Pro Pro Ala Leu Ser Gln Asp Arg Phe Ala Asp Phe Pro Ala Leu 35 40 45

Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser Ala Met Val Ala Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Val Val 50 55 60

Asn Ile Asn Thr Lys Leu Gly Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Gly Ala Gly Thr 65 70 75 80

Gly Ile Val Ile Asp Pro Asn Gly Val Val Leu Thr Asn Asn His Val 85 90 95

Ile Ala Gly Ala Thr Asp Ile Asn Ala Phe Ser Val Gly Ser Gly Gln
100 105 110

- Thr Tyr Gly Val Asp Val Val Gly Tyr Asp Arg Thr Gln Asp Val Ala 115 120 125
- Val Leu Gln Leu Arg Gly Ala Gly Gly Leu Pro Ser Ala Ala Ile Gly 130 135 140
- Gly Gly Val Ala Val Gly Glu Pro Val Val Ala Met Gly Asn Ser Gly 145 150 155 160
- Gly Gln Gly Gly Thr Pro Arg Ala Val Pro Gly Arg Val Val Ala Leu 165 170 175
- Gly Gln Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Asp Ser Leu Thr Gly Ala Glu Glu Thr 180 185 190
- Leu Asn Gly Leu Ile Gln Phe Asp Ala Ala Ile Gln Pro Gly Asp Ser 195 200 205
- Gly Gly Pro Val Val Asn Gly Leu Gly Gln Val Val Gly Met Asn Thr 210 220
- Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu Ser Gln Gly Gly Gln Gly Phe Ala 225 230 235 240
- Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Arg Ser Gly 245 250 255
- Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe Leu Gly Leu 260 265 270
- Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Gln Arg Val Val 275 280 285
- Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val Ile 290 295 300
- Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala Asp 305 310 315 320
- Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Val Asn Trp Gln 325 330 335
- Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu Gly 340 345 350

Pro Pro Ala 355

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 205 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80:

Ser Pro Lys Pro Asp Ala Glu Glu Gln Gly Val Pro Val Ser Pro Thr 1 5 10 15

Ala Ser Asp Pro Ala Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile Arg Gln Ser Leu Asp Ala 20 25 30

Thr Lys Gly Leu Thr Ser Val His Val Ala Val Arg Thr Thr Gly Lys 35 40 45

Val Asp Ser Leu Leu Gly Ile Thr Ser Ala Asp Val Asp Val Arg Ala 50 55 60

Asn Pro Leu Ala Ala Lys Gly Val Cys Thr Tyr Asn Asp Glu Gln Gly 65 70 75 80

Val Pro Phe Arg Val Gln Gly Asp Asn Ile Ser Val Lys Leu Phe Asp 85 90 95

Asp Trp Ser Asn Leu Gly Ser Ile Ser Glu Leu Ser Thr Ser Arg Val 100 105 110

Leu Asp Pro Ala Ala Gly Val Thr Gln Leu Leu Ser Gly Val Thr Asn 115 120 125

Leu Gln Ala Gln Gly Thr Glu Val Ile Asp Gly Ile Ser Thr Thr Lys 130 135 140

Ile Thr Gly Thr Ile Pro Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Met Leu Asp Pro Gly

117

145 150 155 160

Ala Lys Ser Ala Arg Pro Ala Thr Val Trp Ile Ala Gln Asp Gly Ser 165 170 175

His His Leu Val Arg Ala Ser Ile Asp Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Ile Gln 180 185 190

Leu Thr Gln Ser Lys Trp Asn Glu Pro Val Asn Val Asp 195 200 205

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 286 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81:

Gly Asp Ser Phe Trp Ala Ala Asp Gln Met Ala Arg Gly Phe Val 1 5 10 15

Leu Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Arg Thr Thr Leu Thr Gly Glu Gly Leu Gln 20 25 30

His Ala Asp Gly His Ser Leu Leu Leu Asp Ala Thr Asn Pro Ala Val 35 40 45

Val Ala Tyr Asp Pro Ala Phe Ala Tyr Glu Ile Gly Tyr Ile Xaa Glu 50 55 60

Ser Gly Leu Ala Arg Met Cys Gly Glu Asn Pro Glu Asn Ile Phe Phe 65 70 75 80

Tyr Ile Thr Val Tyr Asn Glu Pro Tyr Val Gln Pro Pro Glu Pro Glu 85 90 95

Asn Phe Asp Pro Glu Gly Val Leu Gly Gly Ile Tyr Arg Tyr His Ala 100 105 110

- Ala Thr Glu Gln Arg Thr Asn Lys Xaa Gln Ile Leu Ala Ser Gly Val 115 120 125
- Ala Met Pro Ala Ala Leu Arg Ala Ala Gln Met Leu Ala Ala Glu Trp 130 135 140
- Asp Val Ala Ala Asp Val Trp Ser Val Thr Ser Trp Gly Glu Leu Asn 145 150 155 160
- Arg Asp Gly Val Val Ile Glu Thr Glu Lys Leu Arg His Pro Asp Arg 165 170 175
- Pro Ala Gly Val Pro Tyr Val Thr Arg Ala Leu Glu Asn Ala Arg Gly 180 185 190
- Pro Val Ile Ala Val Ser Asp Trp Met Arg Ala Val Pro Glu Gln Ile 195 200 205
- Arg Pro Trp Val Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Thr Leu Gly Thr Asp Gly Phe 210 220
- Gly Phe Ser Asp Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Arg Arg Tyr Phe Asn Thr Asp 225 230 235 240
- Ala Glu Ser Gln Val Gly Arg Gly Phe Gly Arg Gly Trp Pro Gly Arg 245 250 255
- Arg Val Asn Ile Asp Pro Phe Gly Ala Gly Arg Gly Pro Pro Ala Gln 265 270
- Leu Pro Gly Phe Asp Glu Gly Gly Gly Leu Arg Pro Xaa Lys 275 280 285

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 173 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:

Thr Lys Phe His Ala Leu Met Gln Glu Gln Ile His Asn Glu Phe Thr 1 10 15

Ala Ala Gln Gln Tyr Val Ala Ile Ala Val Tyr Phe Asp Ser Glu Asp 20 25 30

Leu Pro Gln Leu Ala Lys His Phe Tyr Ser Gln Ala Val Glu Glu Arg 35 40 45

Asn His Ala Met Met Leu Val Gln His Leu Leu Asp Arg Asp Leu Arg 50 55 60

Val Glu Ile Pro Gly Val Asp Thr Val Arg Asn Gln Phe Asp Arg Pro 65 70 75 80

Arg Glu Ala Leu Ala Leu Asp Gln Glu Arg Thr Val Thr Asp 85 90 95

Gln Val Gly Arg Leu Thr Ala Val Ala Arg Asp Glu Gly Asp Phe Leu 100 105 110

Gly Glu Gln Phe Met Gln Trp Phe Leu Gln Glu Gln Ile Glu Glu Val 115 120 125

Ala Leu Met Ala Thr Leu Val Arg Val Ala Asp Arg Ala Gly Ala Asn 130 135 140

Leu Phe Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Val Ala Arg Glu Val Asp Val Ala Pro 145 150 155 160

Ala Ala Ser Gly Ala Pro His Ala Ala Gly Gly Arg Leu 165 170

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 107 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:

Arg Ala Asp Glu Arg Lys Asn Thr Thr Met Lys Met Val Lys Ser Ile 10 15

Ala Ala Gly Leu Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Ile Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly 20 25 30

Val Thr Ser Ile Met Ala Gly Gly Pro Val Val Tyr Gln Met Gln Pro 35 40 45

Val Val Phe Gly Ala Pro Leu Pro Leu Asp Pro Xaa Ser Ala Pro Xaa 50 55 60

Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Trp Thr Xaa Leu Leu Asn Xaa Leu Xaa Asp 65 70 75 80

Pro Asn Val Ser Phe Xaa Asn Lys Gly Ser Leu Val Glu Gly Gly Ile 85 90 95

Gly Gly Xaa Glu Gly Xaa Xaa Arg Arg Xaa Gln 100 105

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 125 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84:

Val Leu Ser Val Pro Val Gly Asp Gly Phe Trp Xaa Arg Val Val Asn 1 5 10 15

Pro Leu Gly Gln Pro Ile Asp Gly Arg Gly Asp Val Asp Ser Asp Thr 20 25 30

- Arg Arg Ala Leu Glu Leu Gln Ala Pro Ser Val Val Xaa Arg Gln Gly 35 40 45
- Val Lys Glu Pro Leu Xaa Thr Gly Ile Lys Ala Ile Asp Ala Met Thr 50 60
- Pro Ile Gly Arg Gly Gln Arg Gln Leu Ile Ile Gly Asp Arg Lys Thr 65 70 75 80
- Gly Lys Asn Arg Arg Leu Cys Arg Thr Pro Ser Ser Asn Gln Arg Glu 85 90 95
- Glu Leu Gly Val Arg Trp Ile Pro Arg Ser Arg Cys Ala Cys Val Tyr 100 105 110
- Val Gly His Arg Ala Arg Arg Gly Thr Tyr His Arg Arg 115 120 125

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 117 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

Cys Asp Ala Val Met Gly Phe Leu Gly Gly Ala Gly Pro Leu Ala Val 1 5 10 15

- Val Asp Gln Gln Leu Val Thr Arg Val Pro Gln Gly Trp Ser Phe Ala 20 25 30
- Gln Ala Ala Val Pro Val Val Phe Leu Thr Ala Trp Tyr Gly Leu 35 40 45
- Ala Asp Leu Ala Glu Ile Lys Ala Gly Glu Ser Val Leu Ile His Ala 50 55 60
- Gly Thr Gly Gly Val Gly Met Ala Ala Val Gln Leu Ala Arg Gln Trp

122

65 70 75 80

Gly Val Glu Val Phe Val Thr Ala Ser Arg Gly Lys Trp Asp Thr Leu 85 90 95

Arg Ala Xaa Yaa Phe Asp Asp Xaa Pro Tyr Arg Xaa Phe Pro His Xaa 100 105 110

Arg Ser Ser Xaa Gly 115

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 103 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

Met Tyr Arg Phe Ala Cys Arg Thr Leu Met Leu Ala Ala Cys Ile Leu 1 10 15

Ala Thr Gly Val Ala Gly Leu Gly Val Gly Ala Gln Ser Ala Ala Gln 20 25 30

Thr Ala Pro Val Pro Asp Tyr Tyr Trp Cys Pro Gly Gln Pro Phe Asp 35 40 45

Pro Ala Trp Gly Pro Asn Trp Asp Pro Tyr Thr Cys His Asp Asp Phe 50 55 60

His Arg Asp Ser Asp Gly Pro Asp His Ser Arg Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro 65 70 75 80

Ile Leu Glu Gly Pro Val Leu Asp Asp Pro Gly Ala Ala Pro Pro Pro 85 90 95

Pro Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala 100

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 88 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:

Val Gln Cys Arg Val Trp Leu Glu Ile Gln Trp Arg Gly Met Leu Gly 1 10 15

Ala Asp Gln Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Pro Ala Arg Ile Trp Arg Glu His 20 25 30

Ser Met Ala Ala Met Lys Pro Arg Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Leu Glu Ala 35 40 45

Thr Lys Glu Gly Arg Gly Ile Val Met Arg Val Pro Leu Glu Gly Gly 50 55 60

Gly Arg Leu Val Val Glu Leu Thr Pro Asp Glu Ala Ala Ala Leu Gly 65 70 75 80

Asp Glu Leu Lys Gly Val Thr Ser 85

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 95 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

Thr Asp Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala Gln Glu Ala Gly Asn Phe Glu Arg Ile 1 5 10 15

Ser Gly Asp Leu Lys Thr Gln Ile Asp Gln Val Glu Ser Thr Ala Gly 20 25 30

Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Trp Arg Gly Ala Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Gln Ala 35 40 45

Ala Val Val Arg Phe Gln Glu Ala Ala Asn Lys Gln Lys Gln Glu Leu 50 60

Asp Glu Ile Ser Thr Asn Ile Arg Gln Ala Gly Val Gln Tyr Ser Arg 65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Glu Glu Gln Gln Gln Ala Leu Ser Ser Gln Met Gly Phe
85 90 95

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 166 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

Met Thr Gln Ser Gln Thr Val Thr Val Asp Gln Gln Glu Ile Leu Asn 1 5 10 15

Arg Ala Asn Glu Val Glu Ala Pro Met Ala Asp Pro Pro Thr Asp Val 20 25 30

Pro Ile Thr Pro Cys Glu Leu Thr Xaa Xaa Lys Asn Ala Ala Gln Gln 35 . 40 45

Xaa Val Leu Ser Ala Asp Asn Met Arg Glu Tyr Leu Ala Ala Gly Ala 50 60

Lys Glu Arg Gln Arg Leu Ala Thr Ser Leu Arg Asn Ala Ala Lys Xaa 65 70 75 80

Tyr Gly Glu Val Asp Glu Glu Ala Ala Thr Ala Leu Asp Asn Asp Gly 85 90 95

Glu Gly Thr Val Gln Ala Glu Ser Ala Gly Ala Val Gly Gly Asp Ser 100 105 110

Ser Ala Glu Leu Thr Asp Thr Pro Arg Val Ala Thr Ala Gly Glu Pro 115 120 125

Asn Phe Met Asp Leu Lys Glu Ala Ala Arg Lys Leu Glu Thr Gly Asp 130 135 140

Gln Gly Ala Ser Leu Ala His Xaa Gly Asp Gly Trp Asn Thr Xaa Thr 145 150 155 160

Leu Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp 165

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

Arg Ala Glu Arg Met
1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 263 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

#### (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr Ala Gly Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala 1 5 10 15

Gln Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala Ala Tyr Glu Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr 20 25 30

Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala Glu Asn Arg Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu 35 40 45

Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly Gln Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn 50 55 60

Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met Trp Ala Gln Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe 65 70 75 80

Gly Tyr Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Leu Leu Pro Phe 85 90 95

Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Met Thr Ser Ala Gly Gly Leu Leu Glu Gln Ala 100 105 110

Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ser Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Leu Met 115 120 125

Asn Asn Val Pro Gln Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Ala Gln Pro Thr Gln Gly 130 135 140

Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Lys Leu Gly Gly Leu Trp Lys Thr Val Ser Pro 145 150 155 160

His Arg Ser Pro Ile Ser Asn Met Val Ser Met Ala Asn Asn His Met 165 170 175

Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val Ser Met Thr Asn Thr Leu Ser Ser Met 180 185 190

Leu Lys Gly Phe Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala Gln Ala Val Gln Thr Ala

127

195 200 205

Ala Gln Asn Gly Val Arg Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly 210 220

Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala 225 230 235 240

Ser Val Arg Tyr Gly His Arg Asp Gly Gly Lys Tyr Ala Xaa Ser Gly 245 250 255

Arg Arg Asn Gly Gly Pro Ala 260

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 303 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

Met Thr Tyr Ser Pro Gly Asn Pro Gly Tyr Pro Gln Ala Gln Pro Ala 1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Tyr Gly Gly Val Thr Pro Ser Phe Ala His Ala Asp Glu Gly 20 25 30

Ala Ser Lys Leu Pro Met Tyr Leu Asn Ile Ala Val Ala Val Leu Gly 35 40 45

Leu Ala Ala Tyr Phe Ala Ser Phe Gly Pro Met Phe Thr Leu Ser Thr 50 55 60

Glu Leu Gly Gly Gly Asp Gly Ala Val Ser Gly Asp Thr Gly Leu Pro 75 75 80

Val Gly Val Ala Leu Leu Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Val Val Leu Val 85 90 95

- Pro Lys Ala Lys Ser His Val Thr Val Val Ala Val Leu Gly Val Leu 100 105 110
- Gly Val Phe Leu Met Val Ser Ala Thr Phe Asn Lys Pro Ser Ala Tyr 115 120 125
- Ser Thr Gly Trp Ala Leu Trp Val Val Leu Ala Phe Ile Val Phe Gln 130 135 140
- Ala Val Ala Ala Val Leu Ala Leu Leu Val Glu Thr Gly Ala Ile Thr 145 150 155 160
- Ala Pro Ala Pro Arg Pro Lys Phe Asp Pro Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Gly Arg 165 170 175
- Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Gly Val Gln Pro Gly Gly Tyr Tyr Gly 180 185 190
- Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Gln Ala Ala Gly Leu Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln 195 200 205
- Gln Ser Pro Gln Pro Pro Gly Tyr Gly Ser Gln Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Ser 210 215 220
- Ser Ser Pro Ser Gln Ser Gly Ser Gly Tyr Thr Ala Gln Pro Pro Ala 225 230 235 240
- Gln Pro Pro Ala Gln Ser Gly Ser Gln Gln Ser His Gln Gly Pro Ser 245 250 255
- Thr Pro Pro Thr Gly Phe Pro Ser Phe Ser Pro Pro Pro Pro Val Ser 260 265 270
- Ala Gly Thr Gly Ser Gln Ala Gly Ser Ala Pro Val Asn Tyr Ser Asn 275 280 285
- Pro Ser Gly Gly Glu Gln Ser Ser Ser Pro Gly Gly Ala Pro Val 290 295 300
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 28 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

Gly Cys Gly Glu Thr Asp Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala Gln Glu Ala Gly Asn 1 10 15

Phe Glu Arg Ile Ser Gly Asp Leu Lys Thr Gln Ile 20 25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

Asp Gln Val Glu Ser Thr Ala Gly Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Trp Arg Gly 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

Gly Cys Gly Ser Thr Ala Gly Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Trp Arg Gly Ala 1 5 10 15

Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Val Val Arg

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

Gly Cys Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Val Val Arg Phe Gln Glu 1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Asn Lys Gln Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Glu 20 25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:97:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:

Gly Cys Gly Ala Asn Lys Gln Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Glu Ile Ser Thr  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$ 

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Asn Ile Arg Gln Ala Gly Val Gln Tyr Ser Arg 20 25

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 28 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

Gly Cys Gly Ile Arg Gln Ala Gly Val Gln Tyr Ser Arg Ala Asp Glu 1 5 10 15

Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Ser Ser Gln Met Gly Phe 20 25

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 507 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

ATGAAGATGG TGAAATCGAT CGCCGCAGGT CTGACCGCCG CGGCTGCAAT CGGCGCCGCT 60

GCGGCCGGTG TGACTTCGAT CATGGCTGGC GGCCCGGTCG TATACCAGAT GCAGCCGGTC 120

GTCTTCGGCG CGCCACTGCC GTTGGACCCG GCATCCGCCC CTGACGTCCC GACCGCCGCC 180

CAGTTGACCA GCCTGCTCAA CAGCCTCGCC GATCCCAACG TGTCGTTTGC GAACAAGGGC 240

AGTCTGGTCG AGGGCGCAT CGGGGGCACC GAGGCGCGCA TCGCCGACCA CAAGCTGAAG	300
AAGGCCGCCG AGCACGGGGA TCTGCCGCTG TCGTTCAGCG TGACGAACAT CCAGCCGGCG	360
GCCGCCGGTT CGGCCACCGC CGACGTTTCC GTCTCGGGTC CGAAGCTCTC GTCGCCGGTC	420
ACGCAGAACG TCACGTTCGT GAATCAAGGC GGCTGGATGC TGTCACGCGC ATCGGCGATG	480
GAGTTGCTGC AGGCCGCAGG GAACTGA	507
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 168 amino acids	

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:

(B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Ile Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Val Thr Ser Ile Met Ala Gly Gly Pro 20 25 30

Val Val Tyr Gln Met Gln Pro Val Val Phe Gly Ala Pro Leu Pro Leu 35 40 45

Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Leu Thr Ser 50 55 60

Leu Leu Asn Ser Leu Ala Asp Pro Asn Val Ser Phe Ala Asn Lys Gly 75 80

Ser Leu Val Glu Gly Gly Ile Gly Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Ile Ala Asp 85 90 95

His Lys Leu Lys Lys Ala Ala Glu His Gly Asp Leu Pro Leu Ser Phe 100 105 110

133

Ser	Val	Thr 115	Asn	Ile	Gln	Pro	Ala 120	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ser	Ala 125	Thr	Ala	Asp
Va 1	Ser 130	Val	Ser	Gly	Pro	Lys 135	Leu	Ser	Ser	Pro	Val 140	Thr	G1n	Asn	Va1
Thr 145	Phe	Va1	Asn	G1n	Gly 150	G1y	Trp	Met	Leu	Ser 155	Arg	Ala	Ser	Ala	Met 160

Glu Leu Leu Gln Ala Ala Gly Asn 165

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

# (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 500 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

CCTCCCAATO	T00TT0					
CGTGGCAATG	TCGTTGACCG	TCGGGGCCGG	GGTCGCCTCC	GCAGATCCCG	TGGACGCGGT	60
CATTAACACC	ACCTGCAATT	ACGGGCAGGT	AGTAGCTGCG	CTCAACGCGA	CGGATCCGGG	120
GGCTGCCGCA	CAGTTCAACG	CCTCACCGGT	GGCGCAGTCC	TATTTGCGCA	ATTTCCTCGC	180
CGCACCGCCA	CCTCAGCGCG	CTGCCATGGC	CGCGCAATTG	CAAGCTGTGC	CGGGGGCGGC	240
ACAGTACATC	GGCCTTGTCG	AGTCGGTTGC	CGGCTCCTGC	AACAACTATT	AAGCCCATGC	300
GGGCCCCATC	CCGCGACCCG	GCATCGTCGC	CGGGGCTAGG	CCAGATTGCC	CCGCTCCTCA	360
ACGGGCCGCA	TCCCGCGACC	CGGCATCGTC	GCCGGGGCTA	GGCCAGATTG	CCCCGCTCCT	420
CAACGGGCCG	CATCTCGTGC	CGAATTCCTG	CAGCCCGGGG	GATCCACTAG	TTCTAGAGCG	480
GCCGCCACCG	CGGTGGAGCT					500

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 96 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:102:

Val Ala Met Ser Leu Thr Val Gly Ala Gly Val Ala Ser Ala Asp Pro 5 10 15

Val Asp Ala Val Ile Asn Thr Thr Cys Asn Tyr Gly Gln Val Val Ala
20 25 30

Ala Leu Asn Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Ala Ala Ala Gln Phe Asn Ala Ser 35 40 45

Pro Val Ala Gln Ser Tyr Leu Arg Asn Phe Leu Ala Ala Pro Pro Pro 50 55 60

Gln Arg Ala Ala Met Ala Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala Val Pro Gly Ala Ala 65 70 75 80

Gln Tyr Ile Gly Leu Val Glu Ser Val Ala Gly Ser Cys Asn Asn Tyr 85 90 95

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 154 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

135

ATGACAGAGC AGCAGTGGAA TTTCGCGGGT ATCGAGGCCG CGGCAAGCGC AATCCAGGGA	60
AATGTCACGT CCATTCATTC CCTCCTTGAC GAGGGGAAGC AGTCCCTGAC CAAGCTCGCA	120
GCGGCCTGGG GCGGTAGCGG TTCGGAAGCG TACC	154
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:104:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 51 amino acids</li><li>(B) TYPE: amino acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

Met Thr Glu Gln Gln Trp Asn Phe Ala Gly Ile Glu Ala Ala Ala Ser 1 10 15

Ala Ile Gln Gly Asn Val Thr Ser Ile His Ser Leu Leu Asp Glu Gly 20 25 30

Lys Gln Ser Leu Thr Lys Leu Ala Ala Ala Trp Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser 35 40 45

Glu Ala Tyr 50

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 282 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi)	SEQUENCE	DESCRIPTION:	SE0	TD	NO - 105 -
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CGGTCGCGCA CTTCCAGGTG ACTATGAAAG TCGGCTTCCG NCTGGAGGAT TCCTGAACCT 60

TCAAGCGCGG CCGATAACTG AGGTGCATCA TTAAGCGACT TTTCCAGAAC ATCCTGACGC 120

GCTCGAAACG CGGCACAGCC GACGGTGGCT CCGNCGAGGC GCTGNCTCCA AAATCCCTGA 180

GACAATTCGN CGGGGGCGCC TACAAGGAAG TCGGTGCTGA ATTCGNCGNG TATCTGGTCG 240

ACCTGTGTGG TCTGNAGCCG GACGAAGCGG TGCTCGACGT CG 282

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:106:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1565 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

GTATGCGGCC /	ACTGAAGTCG	CCAATGCGGC	GGCGGCCAGC	TAAGCCAGGA	ACAGTCGGCA	60
CGAGAAACCA (	CGAGAAATAG	GGACACGTAA	TGGTGGATTT	CGGGGCGTTA	CCACCGGAGA	120
TCAACTCCGC (	GAGGATGTAC	GCCGGCCCGG	GTTCGGCCTC	GCTGGTGGCC	GCGGCTCAGA	180
TGTGGGACAG (	CGTGGCGAGT	GACCTGTTTT	CGGCCGCGTC	GGCGTTTCAG	TCGGTGGTCT	240
GGGGTCTGAC G	GGTGGGGTCG	TGGATAGGTT	CGTCGGCGGG	TCTGATGGTG	GCGGCGGCCT	300
CGCCGTATGT G	GCGTGGATG	AGCGTCACCG	CGGGGCAGGC	CGAGCTGACC	GCCGCCCAGG	360
TCCGGGTTGC T	GCGGCGGCC	TACGAGACGG	CGTATGGGCT	GACGGTGCCC	CCGCCGGTGA	420
TCGCCGAGAA C	CGTGCTGAA	CTGATGATTC	TGATAGCGAC	CAACCTCTTG	GGGCAAAACA	480
CCCCGGCGAT C	GCGGTCAÁC (	GAGGCCGAAT	ACGGCGAGAT	GTGGGCCCAA	GACGCCGCCG	540
CGATGTTTGG C	TACGCCGCG (	GCGACGGCGA	CGGCGACGGC	GACGTTGCTG	CCGTTCGAGG	600

AGGCGCCGGA GATGACCAGC GCGC	GGTGGGC TCCTCGAGC/	A GGCCGCCGCG	GTCGAGGAGG	660
CCTCCGACAC CGCCGCGGCG AACC	CAGTTGA TGAACAATG	GCCCCAGGCG	CTGCAACAGC	720
TGGCCCAGCC CACGCAGGGC ACCA	ACGCCTT CTTCCAAGCT	GGGTGGCCTG	TGGAAGACGG	780
TCTCGCCGCA TCGGTCGCCG ATCA	GCAACA TGGTGTCAAT	GGCCAACAAC	CACATGTCAA	840
TGACCAACTC GGGTGTGTCA ATGA	CCAACA CCTTGAGCTC	GATGTTGAAG	GGCTTTGCTC	900
CGGCGGCGGC CGCCCAGGCC GTGC	AAACCG CGGCGCAAAA	CGGGGTCCGG	GCGATGAGCT	960
CGCTGGGCAG CTCGCTGGGT TCTT	CGGGTC TGGGCGGTGG	GGTGGCCGCC	AACTTGGGTC	1020
GGGCGGCCTC GGTCGGTTCG TTGT	CGGTGC CGCAGGCCTG	GGCCGCGGCC	AACCAGGCAG	1080
TCACCCCGGC GGCGCGGGCG CTGC	CGCTGA CCAGCCTGAC	CAGCGCCGCG	GAAAGAGGGC	1140
CCGGGCAGAT GCTGGGCGGG CTGC	CGGTGG GGCAGATGGG	CGCCAGGGCC	GGTGGTGGGC	1200
TCAGTGGTGT GCTGCGTGTT CCGCC	CGCGAC CCTATGTGAT	GCCGCATTCT	CCGGCGGCCG	1260
GCTAGGAGAG GGGGCGCAGA CTGTC	CGTTAT TTGACCAGTG	ATCGGCGGTC	TCGGTGTTTC	1320
CGCGGCCGGC TATGACAACA GTCAA	ATGTGC ATGACAAGTT	ACAGGTATTA	GGTCCAGGTT	1380
CAACAAGGAG ACAGGCAACA TGGCC	TCACG TTTTATGACG	GATCCGCACG	CGATGCGGGA	1440
CATGGCGGGC CGTTTTGAAG TGCAC	GCCCA GACGGTGGAG	GACGAGGCTC	GCCGGATGTG	1500
GGCGTCCGCG CAAAACATTT CCGGT	GCGGG CTGGAGTGGC	ATGGCCGAGG (	CGACCTCGCT	1560
AGACA				1565

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 391 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:
- Met Val Asp Phe Gly Ala Leu Pro Pro Glu Ile Asn Ser Ala Arg Met 1 5 10 15
- Tyr Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Ala Gln Met Trp 20 25 30
- Asp Ser Val Ala Ser Asp Leu Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Gln Ser 35 40 45
- Val Val Trp Gly Leu Thr Val Gly Ser Trp Ile Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly 50 55 60
- Leu Met Val Ala Ala Ala Ser Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr 65 70 75 80
- Ala Gly Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala 85 90 95
- Ala Tyr Glu Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala 100 105 110
- Glu Asn Arg Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly 115 120 125
- Gln Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met 130 135 140
- Trp Ala Gln Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe Gly Tyr Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala 145 150 155 160
- Thr Ala Thr Leu Leu Pro Phe Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Met Thr 165 170 175
- Ser Ala Gly Gly Leu Leu Glu Gln Ala Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ser 180 185 190
- Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Leu Met Asn Asn Val Pro Gln Ala Leu 195 200 205
- Gln Gln Leu Ala Gln Pro Thr Gln Gly Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Lys Leu 210 220

- Gly Gly Leu Trp Lys Thr Val Ser Pro His Arg Ser Pro Ile Ser Asn 225 230 235 240
- Met Val Ser Met Ala Asn Asn His Met Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val 245 250 255
- Ser Met Thr Asn Thr Leu Ser Ser Met Leu Lys Gly Phe Ala Pro Ala 260 265 270
- Ala Ala Gln Ala Val Gln Thr Ala Ala Gln Asn Gly Val Arg Ala 275 280 285
- Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly 290 295 300
- Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Ser Leu Ser Val 305 310 315 320
- Pro Gln Ala Trp Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Ala Val Thr Pro Ala Ala Arg 325 330 335
- Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Ser Leu Thr Ser Ala Ala Glu Arg Gly Pro Gly 340 345 350
- Gln Met Leu Gly Gly Leu Pro Val Gly Gln Met Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly 355 360 365
- Gly Gly Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Arg Val Pro Pro Arg Pro Tyr Val Met 370 380

Pro His Ser Pro Ala Ala Gly 385 390

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:108:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 259 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:108:

ACCAACACCT	TGCACTCNAT	GTTGAAGGGC	TTAGCTCCGG	CGGCGGCTCA	GGCCGTGGAA	60
ACCGCGGCGG	AAAACGGGGT	CTGGGCAATG	AGCTCGCTGG	GCAGCCAGCT	GGGTTCGTCG	120
CTGGGTTCTT	CGGGTCTGGG	CGCTGGGGTG	GCCGCCAACT	TGGGTCGGGC	GGCCTCGGTC	180
GGTTCGTTGT	CGGTGCCGCC	AGCATGGGCC	GCGGCCAACC	AGGCGGTCAC	CCCGGCGGCG	240
CGGGCGCTGC	CGCTGACCA					259

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:109:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 86 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:109:

Thr Asn Thr Leu His Ser Met Leu Lys Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala 1 5 10 15

Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Asn Gly Val Trp Ala Met Ser Ser 20 25 30

Leu Gly Ser Gln Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Ala 35 40 45

Gly Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Ser Leu Ser 50 55 60

Val Pro Pro Ala Trp Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Ala Val Thr Pro Ala Ala 65 70 75 80

Arg Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr

141

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:110:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1109 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:110:

TACTTGAGAG AATTTGACCT GTTGCCGACG TTGTTTGCTG TCCATCATTG GTGCTAGTTA 60 TGGCCGAGCG GAAGGATTAT CGAAGTGGTG GACTTCGGGG CGTTACCACC GGAGATCAAC 120 TCCGCGAGGA TGTACGCCGG CCCGGGTTCG GCCTCGCTGG TGGCCGCCGC GAAGATGTGG 180 GACAGCGTGG CGAGTGACCT GTTTTCGGCC GCGTCGGCGT TTCAGTCGGT GGTCTGGGGT 240 CTGACGACGG GATCGTGGAT AGGTTCGTCG GCGGGTCTGA TGGTGGCGGC GGCCTCGCCG 300 TATGTGGCGT GGATGAGCGT CACCGCGGGG CAGGCCGAGC TGACCGCCGC CCAGGTCCGG 360 GTTGCTGCGG CGGCCTACGA GACGGCGTAT GGGCTGACGG TGCCCCCGCC GGTGATCGCC 420 GAGAACCGTG CTGAACTGAT GATTCTGATA GCGACCAACC TCTTGGGGCA AAACACCCCG 480 GCGATCGCGG TCAACGAGGC CGAATACGGG GAGATGTGGG CCCAAGACGC CGCCGCGATG 540 TTTGGCTACG CCGCCACGGC GGCGACGGCG ACCGAGGCGT TGCTGCCGTT CGAGGACGCC 600 CCACTGATCA CCAACCCGG CGGGCTCCTT GAGCAGGCCG TCGCGGTCGA GGAGGCCATC 660 GACACCGCCG CGGCGAACCA GTTGATGAAC AATGTGCCCC AAGCGCTGCA ACAACTGGCC 720 CAGCCCACGA AAAGCATCTG GCCGTTCGAC CAACTGAGTG AACTCTGGAA AGCCATCTCG 780 CCGCATCTGT CGCCGCTCAG CAACATCGTG TCGATGCTCA ACAACCACGT GTCGATGACC 840 AACTCGGGTG TGTCAATGGC CAGCACCTTG CACTCAATGT TGAAGGGCTT TGCTCCGGCG 900 GCGGCTCAGG CCGTGGAAAC CGCGGCGCAA AACGGGGTCC AGGCGATGAG CTCGCTGGGC 960

AGCCAGCTGG	GTTCGTCGCT	GGGTTCTTCG	GGTCTGGGCG	CTGGGGTGGC	CGCCAACTTG	1020
GGTCGGGCGG	CCTCGGTCGG	TTCGTTGTCG	GTGCCGCAGG	CCTGGGCCGC	GGCCAACCAG	1080
GCGGTCACCC	CGGCGGCGCG	GGCGCTGCC				1109

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:111:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 341 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:111:

Tyr Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Ala Lys Met Trp 20 25 30

Asp Ser Val Ala Ser Asp Leu Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Gln Ser 35 40 45

Val Val Trp Gly Leu Thr Thr Gly Ser Trp Ile Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly 50 55 60

Leu Met Val Ala Ala Ala Ser Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr 65 70 75 80

Ala Gly Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Val Arg Val Ala Ala 85 90 95

Ala Tyr Glu Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala 100 105 110

Glu Asn Arg Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly 115 120 125

- Gln Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met 130 135 140
- Trp Ala Gln Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe Gly Tyr Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala 145 150 155 160
- Thr Ala Thr Glu Ala Leu Leu Pro Phe Glu Asp Ala Pro Leu Ile Thr 165 170 175
- Asn Pro Gly Gly Leu Leu Glu Gln Ala Val Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ile 180 185 190
- Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Leu Met Asn Asn Val Pro Gln Ala Leu 195 200 205
- Gln Gln Leu Ala Gln Pro Thr Lys Ser Ile Trp Pro Phe Asp Gln Leu 210 215 220
- Ser Glu Leu Trp Lys Ala Ile Ser Pro His Leu Ser Pro Leu Ser Asn 225 230 235 240
- Ile Val Ser Met Leu Asn Asn His Val Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val 245 250 255
- Ser Met Ala Ser Thr Leu His Ser Met Leu Lys Gly Phe Ala Pro Ala 260 265 270
- Ala Ala Gin Ala Val Glu Thr Ala Ala Gin Asn Gly Val Gin Ala Met 275 280 285
- Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Gln Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu 290 295 300
- Gly Ala Gly Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Ser 305 310 315 320
- Leu Ser Val Pro Gln Ala Trp Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Ala Val Thr Pro 325 330 335

Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu 340

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:112:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1256 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(v) for obodi. Tillear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:112:

CATCGGAGGG AGTGATCACC ATGCTGTGGC ACGCAATGCC ACCGGAGNTA AATACCGCAC	60
GGCTGATGGC CGGCGCGGGT CCGGCTCCAA TGCTTGCGGC GGCCGCGGGA TGGCAGACGC	120
TTTCGGCGGC TCTGGACGCT CAGGCCGTCG AGTTGACCGC GCGCCTGAAC TCTCTGGGAG	180
AAGCCTGGAC TGGAGGTGGC AGCGACAAGG CGCTTGCGGC TGCAACGCCG ATGGTGGTCT	240
GGCTACAAAC CGCGTCAACA CAGGCCAAGA CCCGTGCGAT GCAGGCGACG GCGCAAGCCG	300
CGGCATACAC CCAGGCCATG GCCACGACGC CGTCGCTGCC GGAGATCGCC GCCAACCACA	360
TCACCCAGGC CGTCCTTACG GCCACCAACT TCTTCGGTAT CAACACGATC CCGATCGCGT	420
TGACCGAGAT GGATTATTTC ATCCGTATGT GGAACCAGGC AGCCCTGGCA ATGGAGGTCT	480
ACCAGGCCGA GACCGCGGTT AACACGCTTT TCGAGAAGCT CGAGCCGATG GCGTCGATCC	540
TTGATCCCGG CGCGAGCCAG AGCACGACGA ACCCGATCTT CGGAATGCCC TCCCCTGGCA	600
GCTCAACACC GGTTGGCCAG TTGCCGCCGG CGGCTACCCA GACCCTCGGC CAACTGGGTG	660
AGATGAGCGG CCCGATGCAG CAGCTGACCC AGCCGCTGCA GCAGGTGACG TCGTTGTTCA	720
GCCAGGTGGG CGGCACCGGC GGCGGCAACC CAGCCGACGA GGAAGCCGCG CAGATGGGCC	780
TGCTCGGCAC CAGTCCGCTG TCGAACCATC CGCTGGCTGG TGGATCAGGC CCCAGCGCGG	840
GCGCGGGCCT GCTGCGCGC GAGTCGCTAC CTGGCGCAGG TGGGTCGTTG ACCCGCACGC	900
CGCTGATGTC TCAGCTGATC GAAAAGCCGG TTGCCCCCTC GGTGATGCCG GCGGCTGCTG	960
CCGGATCGTC GGCGACGGGT GGCGCCGCTC CGGTGGGTGC GGGAGCGATG GGCCAGGGTG	1020

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CGCAATCCGG	CGGCTCCACC	AGGCCGGGTC	TGGTCGCGCC	GGCACCGCTC	GCGCAGGAGC	1080
GTGAAGAAGA	CGACGAGGAC	GACTGGGACG	AAGAGGACGA	CTGGTGAGCT	CCCGTAATGA	1140
CAACAGACTT	CCCGGCCACC	CGGGCCGGAA	GACTTGCCAA	CATTTTGGCG	AGGAAGGTAA	1200
AGAGAGAAAG	TAGTCCAGCA	TGGCAGAGAT	GAAGACCGAT	GCCGCTACCC	TCGCGC	1256
(2) INFORMA	TION FOR SE	EQ ID NO:113	3:			

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 432 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:113:

CTAGTGGATG GG	ACCATGGC	CATTTTCTGC	AGTCTCACTG	CCTTCTGTGT	TGACATTTTG	60	
GCACGCCGGC GG/	AAACGAAG	CACTGGGGTC	GAAGAACGGC	TGCGCTGCCA	TATCGTCCGG	120	
AGCTTCCATA CC	TTCGTGCG	GCCGGAAGAG	CTTGTCGTAG	TCGGCCGCCA	TGACAACCTC	180	
TCAGAGTGCG CTC	CAAACGTA	TAAACACGAG	AAAGGGCGAG	ACCGACGGAA	GGTCGAACTC	240	
GCCCGATCCC GTC	STTTCGCT	ATTCTACGCG	AACTCGGCGT	TGCCCTATGC	GAACATCCCA	300	
GTGACGTTGC CTT	rcggtcga	AGCCATTGCC	TGACCGGCTT	CGCTGATCGT	CCGCGCCAGG	360	
TTCTGCAGCG CGT	TTGTTCAG	CTCGGTAGCC	GTGGCGTCCC	ATTTTTGCTG	GACACCCTGG	420	
TACGCCTCCG AA						432	

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:114:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 368 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:114:

Met Leu Trp His Ala Met Pro Pro Glu Xaa Asn Thr Ala Arg Leu Met 1 5 10 15

Ala Gly Ala Gly Pro Ala Pro Met Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Trp Gln 20 25 30

Thr Leu Ser Ala Ala Leu Asp Ala Gln Ala Val Glu Leu Thr Ala Arg 35 40 45

Leu Asn Ser Leu Gly Glu Ala Trp Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Lys Ala 50 55 60

Leu Ala Ala Ala Thr Pro Met Val Val Trp Leu Gln Thr Ala Ser Thr 65 70 75 80

Gln Ala Lys Thr Arg Ala Met Gln Ala Thr Ala Gln Ala Ala Tyr 85 90 95

Thr Gln Ala Met Ala Thr Thr Pro Ser Leu Pro Glu Ile Ala Ala Asn 100 105 110

His Ile Thr Gln Ala Val Leu Thr Ala Thr Asn Phe Phe Gly Ile Asn 115 120 125

Thr Ile Pro Ile Ala Leu Thr Glu Met Asp Tyr Phe Ile Arg Met Trp 130 135 140

Asn Gln Ala Ala Leu Ala Met Glu Val Tyr Gln Ala Glu Thr Ala Val 145 150 155 160

Asn Thr Leu Phe Glu Lys Leu Glu Pro Met Ala Ser Ile Leu Asp Pro 165 170 175

Gly Ala Ser Gln Ser Thr Thr Asn Pro Ile Phe Gly Met Pro Ser Pro 180 185 190

Gly Ser Ser Thr Pro Val Gly Gln Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Thr Gln Thr 195 200 205

Leu Gly Gln Leu Gly Glu Met Ser Gly Pro Met Gln Gln Leu Thr Gln Pro Leu Gln Gln Val Thr Ser Leu Phe Ser Gln Val Gly Gly Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Pro Ala Asp Glu Glu Ala Ala Gln Met Gly Leu Leu Gly Thr Ser Pro Leu Ser Asn His Pro Leu Ala Gly Gly Ser Gly Pro Ser Ala Gly Ala Gly Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Ala Gly Gly Ser Leu Thr Arg Thr Pro Leu Met Ser Gln Leu Ile Glu Lys Pro Val Ala Pro Ser Val Met Pro Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ser Ser Ala Thr Gly Gly Ala Ala Pro Val Gly Ala Gly Ala Met Gly Gln Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly Gly Ser Thr Arg Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ala Pro Leu Ala Gln 

Glu Arg Glu Glu Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Trp Asp Glu Glu Asp Asp Trp

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:115:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:115:

Met Ala Glu Met Lys Thr Asp Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala 1 5 10

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:116:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 396 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:116:

GATCTCCGGC GACCTGAAAA CCCAGATCGA CCAGGTGGAG TCGACGGCAG GTTCGTTGCA 60
GGGCCAGTGG CGCGGCGCG CGGGGACGGC CGCCCAGGCC GCGGTGGTGC GCTTCCAAGA 120
AGCAGCCAAT AAGCAGAAGC AGGAACTCGA CGAGATCTCG ACGAATATTC GTCAGGCCGG 180
CGTCCAATAC TCGAGGGCCG ACGAGGAGCA GCAGCAGGCG CTGTCCTCGC AAATGGGCTT 240
CTGACCCGCT AATACGAAAA GAAACGGAGC AAAAACATGA CAGAGCAGCA GTGGAATTTC 300
GCGGGTATCG AGGCCGCGC AAGCGCAATC CAGGGAAATG TCACGTCCAT TCATTCCCTC 360
CTTGACGAGG GGAAGCAGTC CCTGACCAAG CTCGCA 396

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:117:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 80 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Ile 1	Ser	Gly	Asp	Leu 5	Lys	Thr	Gln	Ile	Asp 10	Gln	Val	Glu	Ser	Thr 15	Ala
Gly	Ser	Leu	G1n 20	Gly	Gln	Trp	Arg	Gly 25	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr	A1a 30	Ala	Gln
Ala	Ala	Va1 35	Val	Arg	Phe	G1n	G1u 40	Ala	Ala	Asn	Lys	G1n 45	Lys	Gln	Glu
Leu	Asp 50	Glu	Ile	Ser	Thr	Asn 55	Ile	Arg	Gln	Ala	Gly 60	Val	Gln	Tyr	Ser
Arg 65	Ala	Asp	G1u	Glu	G1n 70	Gln	Gln	Ala	Leu	Ser 75	Ser	Gln	Met	Gly	Phe 80

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:118:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 387 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:118:

GTGGATCCCG	ATCCCGTGTT	TCGCTATTCT	ACGCGAACTC	GGCGTTGCCC	TATGCGAACA	60
TCCCAGTGAC	GTTGCCTTCG	GTCGAAGCCA	TTGCCTGACC	GGCTTCGCTG	ATCGTCCGCG	120
CCAGGTTCTG	CAGCGCGTTG	TTCAGCTCGG	TAGCCGTGGC	GTCCCATTIT	TGCTGGACAC	180
CCTGGTACGC	CTCCGAACCG	CTACCGCCCC	AGGCCGCTGC	GAGCTTGGTC	AGGGACTGCT	240
TCCCCTCGTC	AAGGAGGAA	TGAATGGACG	TGACATTTCC	CTGGATTGCG	CTTGCCGCGG	300
CCTCGATACC	CGCGAAATTC	CACTGCTGCT	CTGTCATGTT	TTTGCTCCGT	TTCTTTTCGT	360
ATTAGCGGGT	CAGAAGCCCA	TTTGCGA				387

(2)	INFORMATION	FOR	SE <sub>0</sub>	ID	NO:119:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 272 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:119:

CGGCACGAGG ATCTCGGTTG GCCCAACGGC GCTGG	CGAGG GCTCCGTTCC GGGGGCGAGC 60
TGCGCGCCGG ATGCTTCCTC TGCCCGCAGC CGCGCC	CTGGA TGGATGGACC AGTTGCTACC 120
TTCCCGACGT TTCGTTCGGT GTCTGTGCGA TAGCGC	GTGAC CCCGGCGCGC ACGTCGGGAG 180
TGTTGGGGGG CAGGCCGGGT CGGTGGTTCG GCCGGC	GGACG CAGACGGTCT GGACGGAACG 240
GGCGGGGGTT CGCCGATTGG CATCTTTGCC CA	272

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:120:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:120:

Asp Pro Val Asp Ala Val Ile Asn Thr Thr Cys Asn Tyr Gly Gln Val

Val Ala Ala Leu 20

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:121:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:121:

Ala Val Glu Ser Gly Met Leu Ala Leu Gly Thr Pro Ala Pro Ser 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:122:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:122:

Ala Ala Met Lys Pro Arg Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Leu Glu Ala Ala Lys 1 5 10 15

Glu Gly Arg

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:123:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:123:

Tyr Tyr Trp Cys Pro Gly Gln Pro Phe Asp Pro Ala Trp Gly Pro 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:124:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:124:

Asp Ile Gly Ser Glu Ser Thr Glu Asp Gln Gln Xaa Ala Val 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:125:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:125:

Ala Glu Glu Ser Ile Ser Thr Xaa Glu Xaa Ile Val Pro  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10$ 

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:126:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:126:

Asp Pro Glu Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Pro Thr Thr Ala Ala Ser Pro Pro 1 5 10 15

Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:127:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:127:

Ala Pro Lys Thr Tyr Xaa Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Thr Asp Thr Gly
1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:128:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:128:

Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Leu Thr Ser 1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Asn Ser Leu Ala Asp Pro Asn Val Ser Phe Ala Asn 20 25 30

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:129:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 22 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:129:

Asp Pro Pro Asp Pro His Gln Xaa Asp Met Thr Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Pro  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$ 

Gly Gly Arg Arg Xaa Phe 20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:130:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:130:

Asp Pro Gly Tyr Thr Pro Gly 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:131:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ix) FEATURE:
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "The Second Residue Can Be Either a Pro or Thr"
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:131:

Xaa Xaa Gly Phe Thr Gly Pro Gln Phe Tyr  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm}$ 

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:132:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ix) FEATURE:
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "The Third Residue Can Be Either a Gln or Leu"
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:132:

Xaa Pro Xaa Val Thr Ala Tyr Ala Gly 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:133:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:133:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Glu Lys Pro Phe Leu Arg 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:134:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:134:

Xaa Asp Ser Glu Lys Ser Ala Thr Ile Lys Val Thr Asp Ala Ser 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:135:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:135:

Ala Gly Asp Thr Xaa Ile Tyr Ile Val Gly Asn Leu Thr Ala Asp

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1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:136:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:136:

Ala Pro Glu Ser Gly Ala Gly Leu Gly Gly Thr Val Gln Ala Gly 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:137:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 21 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:137:

Xaa Tyr Ile Ala Tyr Xaa Thr Thr Ala Gly Ile Val Pro Gly Lys Ile 1 5 10 15

Asn Val His Leu Val 20

### <u>Claims</u>

- 1. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen has an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Cys-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 120)
  - (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 121)
  - (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 122)
  - (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 123)
  - (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 124)
  - (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 125)
  - (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ser-Pro-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 126)
  - (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 127)
  - (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Leu-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asn-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asn; (SEQ ID No. 128) and
  - (j) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

2. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative

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substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen has an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) Asp-Pro-Pro-Asp-Pro-His-Gln-Xaa-Asp-Met-Thr-Lys-Gly-Tyr-Tyr-Pro-Gly-Gly-Arg-Arg-Xaa-Phe; (SEQ ID No. 129) and
- (b) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No. 137), wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.
- 3. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.
- 4. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.
- 5. A DNA molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1-4.

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- 6. An expression vector comprising a DNA molecule according to claim
  - 7. A host cell transformed with an expression vector according to claim 6.

- 8. The host cell of claim 7 wherein the host cell is selected from the group consisting of *E. coli*, yeast and mammalian cells.
- 9. A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more DNA molecules according to claim 5 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 11. A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more DNA sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 12. A vaccine comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and a non-specific immune response enhancer.
  - 13. A vaccine comprising:
- a polypeptide having an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 134 and 135; and

a non-specific immune response enhancer.

### 14. A vaccine comprising:

one or more polypeptides encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

- 15. The vaccine of claims 12-14 wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.
- 16. A vaccine comprising one or more DNA molecules according to claim 5 and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

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17. A vaccine comprising one or more DNA sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

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- 18. The vaccine of claims 16 or 17 wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.
- 19. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 9-11.
- 20. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a vaccine according to any one of claims 12-18.
- 21. A fusion protein comprising two or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4.
- 22. A fusion protein comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and ESAT-6.
- 23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 21 or 22 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 24. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claims 21 or 22 and a non-specific immune response enhancer.
- 25. The vaccine of claim 24 wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.
- 26. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23.
- 27. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a vaccine according to claims 24 or 25.

- 28. A method for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, comprising:
- (a) contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4; and
- (b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting tuberculosis in the patient.
  - 29. A method for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, comprising:
- (a) contacting dermal cells of a patient with a polypeptide having an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 134 and 135; and
- (b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting tuberculosis in the patient.
  - 30. A method for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, comprising:
- (a) contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more polypeptides encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and
- (b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting tuberculosis in the patient.
- 31. The method of any one of claims 28-30 wherein the immune response is induration.
  - 32. A diagnostic kit comprising:
  - (a) a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1-4; and
- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.

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33. A diagnostic kit comprising:

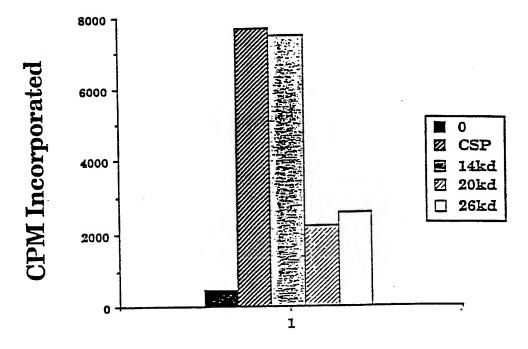
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- (a) a polypeptide having an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 134 and 135; and
- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.
  - 34. A diagnostic kit comprising:
- (a) a polypeptide encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and
- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.

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# D7 T Cell Proliferation



## D7 IFNg

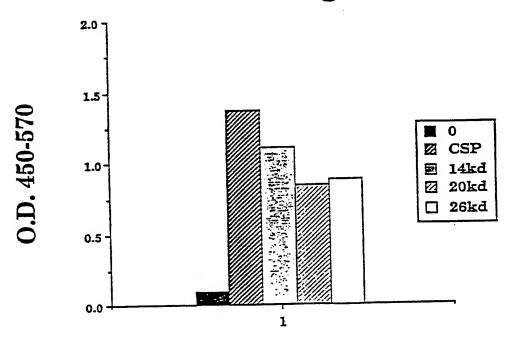
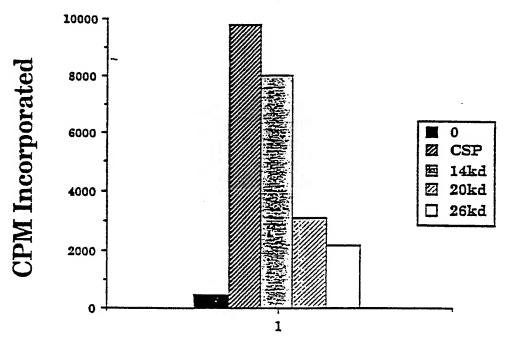


Fig. 1A



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## D160 IFNg

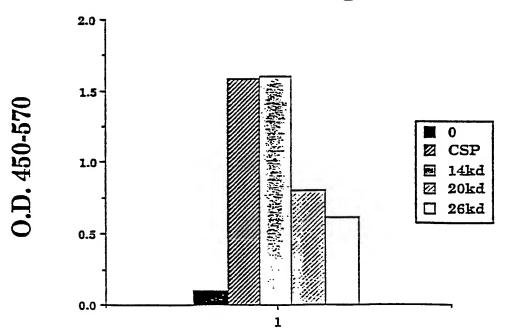
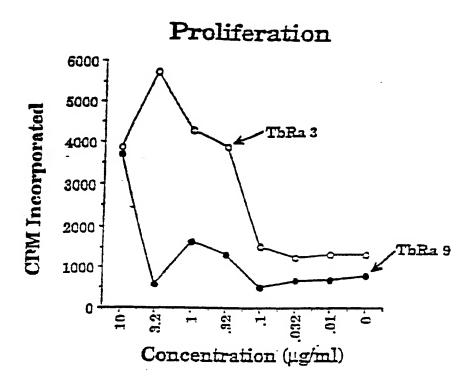
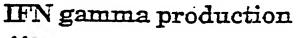


Fig. 1B





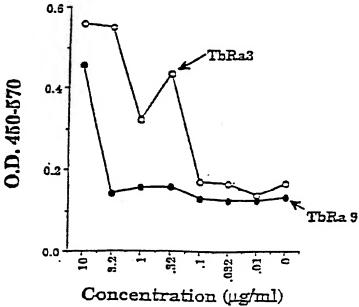


Fig. 2

### PCT

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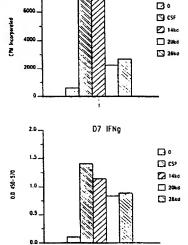
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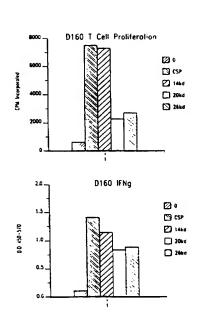
## (54) Title: COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

#### (57) Abstract

Compounds and methods for inducing protective immunity against tuberculosis are disclosed. The compounds provided include polypeptides that contain at least one immunogenic portion of one or more *M. tuberculosis* proteins and DNA molecules encoding such polypeptides. Such compounds may be formulated into vaccines and/or pharmaceutical compositions for immunization against *M. tuberculosis* infection, or may be used for the diagnosis of tuberculosis.



D7 T Cell Proliferation



<sup>\* (</sup>Referred to in PCT Gazette No. 21/1997, Section II)

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

nal Application No Interr PCT/US 96/14674

CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER CO7K14/35 a. clas IPC 6 G01N33/569 C12N15/62 A61K38/16 //A61K39/04, C12N1/21 C12N5/10 C12Q1/68 (C12N1/21,C12R1:19) According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) C12N CO7K A61K G01N IPC 6 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Relevant to claim No. Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Category ' 1,3-9, WO 95 01440 A (STATENS SERUMINSTITUT Α ; HASLOEV KAARE (DK); ANDERSEN AASE 12,15, 19,20, BENGAARD) 12 January 1995 28,31,32 see abstract see page 1, line 1-30 see page 4, line 8-31 see page 6, line 22 - page 7, line 21 see page 11, line 18 - page 12, line 31 see page 17, line 8-24 see page 24, line 18-25; figure 1 see page 36 - page 43; examples 2-5 see claims -/--Patent family members are listed in annex. Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. X Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance invention earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to filing date involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of mailing of the international search report Date of the actual completion of the international search 04.06.97 3 March 1997 Authorized officer Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Interr nal Application No PCT/US 96/14674

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ategory "	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
	WO 95 01441 A (STATENS SERUMSINSTITUT; ANDERSEN PETER (DK); ANDERSEN AASE BENGAAR) 12 January 1995  see abstract see page 9, line 3 - page 20, line 31 see page 25, line 1-25 see page 32, line 6 - page 35, line 6	1,3-10, 12,15, 16,18, 22-27
	vaccine, vol. 12, no. 16, 1994, pages 1537-1540, XP002026338 LOWRIE ET AL.: "Towards a DNA vaccine against tuberculosis" see abstract see page 1539, left-hand column, paragraph 4	10,16,18
	INFECTION AND IMMUNITY, vol. 57, no. 1, January 1989, pages 283-288, XP002026408 YAMAGUCHI ET AL.: "Cloning and characterization of the gene for immunogenic protein MpB64 of mycobacterium bovis BCG"	
	ANN. INST. PASTEUR/MICROBIOL., vol. 136B, 1985, pages 235-248, XP002026409 ROMAIN ET AL.: "Preparation of Tuberculin antigen L"	
	WO 92 21758 A (PASTEUR INSTITUT) 10 December 1992	
	AUSUBEL ET AL.: "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology" 1993 , WILEY & SONS , US, NEW YORK XP002026411 see page 10.19.1 - page 10.19.12	
	INFECTION AND IMMUNITY, vol. 55, no. 6, June 1987, pages 1421-1425, XP002026410 YOUNG ET AL.: "Screening of a recombinant mycobacterial DNA library with polyclonal antiserum and molecular weight analysis of expressed antigens"	
	WO 94 00493 A (KAPOOR ARCHANA ;MUNSHI ANIL (US)) 6 January 1994	

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of second sheet) (July 1992)

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ernational application No.

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/US 96/14674

Box I Ob	servations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This Interna	tional Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
bec	ims Nos.:  19,20,26-28,31  ause they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:  mark: Although these claims are directed to a method of treatment of  (diagnostic method practised on) the human/animal body, the search  has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the com-  pound/composition.
bec	ims Nos.: ause they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. Cla	ims Nos.: ause they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Ob	servations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This Interna	tional Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
51 in	ventions * see continuation-sheets PCT/ISA/210 *
	all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all rechable claims.
	all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment any additional fee.
	only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report ers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
rest	required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is ricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:  3-10,12,15,16,18-28,31,32 all partially
Remark on P	The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

- 1) claims 1, 3-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: a polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble M. tuberculosis antigen or a variant, having an N-terminal aminoacid sequence as in Seq. ID:120, a DNA molecule encoding said polypeptide as in Seq. ID:101, overlapping or adjacent DNA molecule as in Seq. ID:31, 32, 33, 51 and encoded polypeptides, an expression vector comprising said DNA molecules, an host transformed with said expression vector, pharmaceutical and vaccine compositions comprising said polypeptides or said DNA molecules, fusion protein comprising said polypeptides, a diagnostic kit comprising said polypeptides.
- 2) claims 1, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:121.
- 3) claims 1, 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:122 and 25.
- 4) claims 1, 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:123 and 24.
- 5) claims 1, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:124.
- 6) claims 1, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:125.
- 7) claims 1, 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:126 and 52.
- 8) claims 1, 5-12, 14-28, 30-32, 34 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:127 and 3.
- 9) claims 1, 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:128, 99, 1 and 21.
- 10) claims 1, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:136.

- 11) claims 2, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:129.
- 12) claims 2, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:137.
- 13) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:2.
- 14) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:4 and 17.
- 15) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:5, 14 and 18.
- 16) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:6.
- 17) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:7.
- 18) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:8.
- 19) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:9.
- 20) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:10 and 13.
- 21) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:15.
- 22) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:16.

- 23) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:19.
- 24) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:20.
- 25) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:22.
- 26) claims 3, 5-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:23.
- 27) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:26.
- 28) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:27.
- 29) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:28.
- 30) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:29.
- 31) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:30.
- 32) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:34.
- 33) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:35.
- 34) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:36.

- 35) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:37.
- 36) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:38.
- 37) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:39.
- 38) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:40.
- 39) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:41.
- 40) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:42.
- 41) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:43 and 44.
- 42) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:45.
- 43) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:46.
- 44) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:47.
- 45) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:48.
- 46) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:49.

- 47) claims 4-10, 12, 15, 16, 18-28, 31, 32 all partially: same as invention 1 but for Seq. ID:50.
- 48) claims 11, 14, 15, 17-20, 30, 31, 34 all partially: pharmaceutical and vaccine compositions comprising a DNA molecule as in Seq. ID:11 or the encoded polypeptide, a diagnostic kit comprising said polypeptide.
- 49) claims 11, 14, 15, 17-20, 30, 31, 34 all partially: same as invention 50 but for Seq. ID:12.
- 50) claims 13, 15, 20, 29, 31, 33 all partially: vaccine comprising a polypeptide whose N-terminal sequence is as Seq. ID:134, a diagnostic kit comprising said polypeptide.
- 51) claims 13, 15, 20, 29, 31, 33 all partially: same as invention 52 but for Seq. ID:135.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

Inter and Application No
PCI/US 96/14674

12-01-95	AU 7068694 A EP 0749486 A	24-01-95 27-12-96
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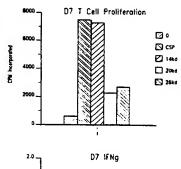
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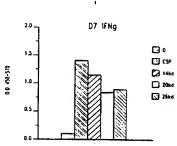
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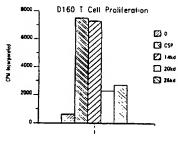
### (54) Title: COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

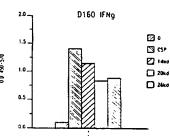
#### (57) Abstract

Compounds and methods for inducing protective immunity against tuberculosis are disclosed. The compounds provided include polypeptides that contain at least one immunogenic portion of one or more *M. tuberculosis* proteins and DNA molecules encoding such polypeptides. Such compounds may be formulated into vaccines and/or pharmaceutical compositions for immunization against *M. tuberculosis* infection, or may be used for the diagnosis of tuberculosis.









<sup>\* (</sup>Referred to in PCT Gazette No. 21/1997, Section II)

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#### Description

AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS

### 5 COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY

#### Technical Field

The present invention relates generally to detecting, treating and preventing *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection. The invention is more particularly related to polypeptides comprising a *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* antigen, or a portion or other variant thereof, and the use of such polypeptides for diagnosing and vaccinating against *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

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#### Background of the Invention

Tuberculosis is a chronic, infectious disease, that is generally caused by infection with *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. It is a major disease in developing countries, as well as an increasing problem in developed areas of the world, with about 8 million new cases and 3 million deaths each year. Although the infection may be asymptomatic for a considerable period of time, the disease is most commonly manifested as an acute inflammation of the lungs, resulting in fever and a nonproductive cough. If left untreated, serious complications and death typically result.

Although tuberculosis can generally be controlled using extended antibiotic therapy, such treatment is not sufficient to prevent the spread of the disease.

Infected individuals may be asymptomatic, but contagious, for some time. In addition,

although compliance with the treatment regimen is critical, patient behavior is difficult to monitor. Some patients do not complete the course of treatment, which can lead to ineffective treatment and the development of drug resistance.

Inhibiting the spread of tuberculosis requires effective vaccination and accurate, early diagnosis of the disease. Currently, vaccination with live bacteria is the most efficient method for inducing protective immunity. The most common Mycobacterium employed for this purpose is *Bacillus* Calmette-Guerin (BCG), an avirulent strain of *Mycobacterium bovis*. However, the safety and efficacy of BCG is a source of controversy and some countries, such as the United States, do not vaccinate the general public. Diagnosis is commonly achieved using a skin test, which involves intradermal exposure to tuberculin PPD (protein-purified derivative). Antigen-specific T cell responses result in measurable induration at the injection site by 48-72 hours after injection, which indicates exposure to Mycobacterial antigens. Sensitivity and specificity have, however, been a problem with this test, and individuals vaccinated with BCG cannot be distinguished from infected individuals.

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While macrophages have been shown to act as the principal effectors of *M tuberculosis* immunity, T cells are the predominant inducers of such immunity. The essential role of T cells in protection against *M. tuberculosis* infection is illustrated by the frequent occurrence of *M. tuberculosis* in AIDS patients, due to the depletion of CD4 T cells associated with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection. Mycobacterium-reactive CD4 T cells have been shown to be potent producers of gamma-interferon (IFN-γ), which, in turn, has been shown to trigger the antimycobacterial effects of macrophages in mice. While the role of IFN-γ in humans is less clear, studies have shown that 1,25-dihydroxy-vitamin D3, either alone or in combination with IFN-γ or tumor necrosis factor-alpha, activates human macrophages to inhibit *M. tuberculosis* infection. Furthermore, it is known that IFN-γ stimulates human macrophages to make 1,25-dihydroxy-vitamin D3. Similarly, IL-12 has been shown to play a role in stimulating resistance to *M. tuberculosis* infection. For a review of the immunology of *M. tuberculosis* infection see Chan and Kaufmann in

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Tuberculosis: Pathogenesis, Protection and Control, Bloom (ed.), ASM Press, Washington, DC, 1994.

Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved vaccines and methods for preventing, treating and detecting tuberculosis. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

#### Summary of the Invention

Briefly stated, this invention provides compounds and methods for preventing and diagnosing tuberculosis. In one aspect, polypeptides are provided comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications. In one embodiment of this aspect, the soluble antigen has one of the following N-terminal sequences:

- (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Cys-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 120)
- (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 121)
- (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 122)
- (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 123)
- (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 124)
- (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 125)
- (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ser-Pro-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 126)
- (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 127)

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- (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Leu-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asn-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asn; (SEQ ID No. 128)
- (j) Xaa-Asp-Ser-Glu-Lys-Ser-Ala-Thr-Ile-Lys-Val-Thr-Asp-Ala-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 134)
- (k) Ala-Gly-Asp-Thr-Xaa-Ile-Tyr-Ile-Val-Gly-Asn-Leu-Thr-Ala-Asp; (SEQ ID No. 135) or
- (I) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136)
- 10 wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

In a related aspect, polypeptides are provided comprising an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, the antigen having one of the following N-terminal sequences:

- (m) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No. 137) or
- (n) Asp-Pro-Pro-Asp-Pro-His-Gln-Xaa-Asp-Met-Thr-Lys-Gly-Tyr-Tyr-Pro-Gly-Gly-Arg-Arg-Xaa-Phe; (SEQ ID No. 129)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

In another embodiment, the antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.

In a related aspect, the polypeptides comprise an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein the antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, the complements of said sequences, and

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DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.

In related aspects, DNA sequences encoding the above polypeptides, expression vectors comprising these DNA sequences and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors are also provided.

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In another aspect, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a first and a second inventive polypeptide or, alternatively, an inventive polypeptide and a known M. tuberculosis antigen.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise one or more of the above polypeptides, or a DNA molecule 10 encoding such polypeptides, and a physiologically acceptable carrier. The invention also provides vaccines comprising one or more of the polypeptides as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer, together with vaccines comprising one or more DNA sequences encoding such polypeptides and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

In yet another aspect, methods are provided for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of one or more of the above polypeptides.

In further aspects of this invention, methods and diagnostic kits are provided for detecting tuberculosis in a patient. The methods comprise contacting 20 dermal cells of a patient with one or more of the above polypeptides and detecting an immune response on the patient's skin. The diagnostic kits comprise one or more of the above polypeptides in combination with an apparatus sufficient to contact the polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.

25 These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings and Sequence Identifiers

Figure 1A and B illustrate the stimulation of proliferation and interferonγ production in T cells derived from a first and a second *M. tuberculosis*-immune donor, respectively, by the 14 Kd, 20 Kd and 26 Kd antigens described in Example 1.

Figure 2 illustrates the stimulation of proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production in T cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual by the two representative polypeptides TbRa3 and TbRa9.

SEQ. ID NO. 1 is the DNA sequence of TbRa1. 10 SEQ. ID NO. 2 is the DNA sequence of TbRa10. SEQ. ID NO. 3 is the DNA sequence of TbRall. SEO. ID NO. 4 is the DNA sequence of TbRa12. SEQ. ID NO. 5 is the DNA sequence of TbRa13. SEQ. ID NO. 6 is the DNA sequence of TbRa16. 15 SEQ. ID NO. 7 is the DNA sequence of TbRa17. SEQ. ID NO. 8 is the DNA sequence of TbRa18. SEQ. ID NO. 9 is the DNA sequence of TbRa19. SEQ. ID NO. 10 is the DNA sequence of TbRa24. SEQ. ID NO. 11 is the DNA sequence of TbRa26. 20 SEO. ID NO. 12 is the DNA sequence of TbRa28. SEQ. ID NO. 13 is the DNA sequence of TbRa29. SEQ. ID NO. 14 is the DNA sequence of TbRa2A. SEQ. ID NO. 15 is the DNA sequence of TbRa3. SEQ. ID NO. 16 is the DNA sequence of TbRa32. 25 SEQ. ID NO. 17 is the DNA sequence of TbRa35. SEQ. ID NO. 18 is the DNA sequence of TbRa36. SEO. ID NO. 19 is the DNA sequence of TbRa4. SEQ. ID NO. 20 is the DNA sequence of TbRa9. SEQ. ID NO. 21 is the DNA sequence of TbRaB. SEO. ID NO. 22 is the DNA sequence of TbRaC. 30

	SEQ. ID NO. 23 is the DNA sequence of TbRaD.
	SEQ. ID NO. 24 is the DNA sequence of YYWCPG.
	SEQ. ID NO. 25 is the DNA sequence of AAMK.
	SEQ. ID NO. 26 is the DNA sequence of TbL-23.
5	SEQ. ID NO. 27 is the DNA sequence of TbL-24.
	SEQ. ID NO. 28 is the DNA sequence of TbL-25.
	SEQ. ID NO. 29 is the DNA sequence of TbL-28.
	SEQ. ID NO. 30 is the DNA sequence of TbL-29.
	SEQ. ID NO. 31 is the DNA sequence of TbH-5.
10	SEQ. ID NO. 32 is the DNA sequence of TbH-8.
	SEQ. ID NO. 33 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9.
	SEQ. ID NO. 34 is the DNA sequence of TbM-1.
	SEQ. ID NO. 35 is the DNA sequence of TbM-3.
	SEQ. ID NO. 36 is the DNA sequence of TbM-6.
15	SEQ. ID NO. 37 is the DNA sequence of TbM-7.
	SEQ. ID NO. 38 is the DNA sequence of TbM-9.
	SEQ. ID NO. 39 is the DNA sequence of TbM-12.
	SEQ. ID NO. 40 is the DNA sequence of TbM-13.
	SEQ. ID NO. 41 is the DNA sequence of TbM-14.
20	SEQ. ID NO. 42 is the DNA sequence of TbM-15.
	SEQ. ID NO. 43 is the DNA sequence of TbH-4.
	SEQ. ID NO. 44 is the DNA sequence of TbH-4-FWD.
	SEQ. ID NO. 45 is the DNA sequence of TbH-12.
	SEQ. ID NO. 46 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1.
25	SEQ. ID NO. 47 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-4.
	SEQ. ID NO. 48 is the DNA sequence of TbL-17.
	SEQ. ID NO. 49 is the DNA sequence of TbL-20.
	SEQ. ID NO. 50 is the DNA sequence of TbL-21.
	SEQ. ID NO. 51 is the DNA sequence of TbH-16.
30	SEQ. ID NO. 52 is the DNA sequence of DPEP.

	SEQ. ID NO. 53 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPEP.
	SEQ. ID NO. 54 is the protein sequence of DPV N-terminal Antigen.
	SEQ. ID NO. 55 is the protein sequence of AVGS N-terminal Antigen.
	SEQ. ID NO. 56 is the protein sequence of AAMK N-terminal Antigen.
5	SEQ. ID NO. 57 is the protein sequence of YYWC N-terminal Antigen.
	SEQ. ID NO. 58 is the protein sequence of DIGS N-terminal Antigen.
	SEQ. ID NO. 59 is the protein sequence of AEES N-terminal Antigen.
	SEQ. ID NO. 60 is the protein sequence of DPEP N-terminal Antigen.
	SEQ. ID NO. 61 is the protein sequence of APKT N-terminal Antigen.
10	SEQ. ID NO. 62 is the protein sequence of DPAS N-terminal Antigen.
	SEQ. ID NO. 63 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa1.
	SEQ. ID NO. 64 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa10.
	SEQ. ID NO. 65 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa11.
	SEQ. ID NO. 66 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa12.
15	SEQ. ID NO. 67 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa13.
	SEQ. ID NO. 68 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa16.
	SEQ. ID NO. 69 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa17.
	SEQ. ID NO. 70 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa18.
	SEQ. ID NO. 71 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa19.
20	SEQ. ID NO. 72 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa24.
	SEQ. ID NO. 73 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa26.
	SEQ. ID NO. 74 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa28.
	SEQ. ID NO. 75 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa29.
	SEQ. ID NO. 76 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa2A.
25	SEQ. ID NO. 77 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa3.
	SEQ. ID NO. 78 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa32.
	SEQ. ID NO. 79 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa35.
	SEQ. ID NO. 80 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa36.
	SEQ. ID NO. 81 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa4.
30	SEQ. ID NO. 82 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRa9.

SEQ. ID NO. 83 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRaB. SEQ. ID NO. 84 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRaC. SEQ. ID NO. 85 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbRaD. SEQ. ID NO. 86 is the deduced amino acid sequence of YYWCPG. 5 SEQ. ID NO. 87 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbAAMK. SEQ. ID NO. 88 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-1. SEQ. ID NO. 89 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-4. SEQ. ID NO. 90 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-8. SEQ. ID NO. 91 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9. 10 SEQ. ID NO. 92 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-12. SEQ. ID NO. 93 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 1. SEQ. ID NO. 94 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 2. SEQ. ID NO. 95 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 3. SEQ. ID NO. 96 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 4. 15 SEQ. ID NO. 97 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 5. SEQ. ID NO. 98 is the amino acid sequence of Tb38-1 Peptide 6. SEQ. ID NO. 99 is the DNA sequence of DPAS. SEQ. ID NO. 100 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPAS. SEQ. ID NO. 101 is the DNA sequence of DPV. 20 SEQ. ID NO. 102 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPV. SEQ. ID NO. 103 is the DNA sequence of ESAT-6. SEQ. ID NO. 104 is the deduced amino acid sequence of ESAT-6. SEQ. ID NO. 105 is the DNA sequence of TbH-8-2. SEQ. ID NO. 106 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9FL. 25 SEQ. ID NO. 107 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9FL. SEQ. ID NO. 108 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9-1. SEQ. ID NO. 109 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9-1. SEQ. ID NO. 110 is the DNA sequence of TbH-9-4. SEQ. ID NO. 111 is the deduced amino acid sequence of TbH-9-4. 30

SEQ. ID NO. 112 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F2 IN.

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SEQ. ID NO. 113 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-2F2 RP.

SEQ. ID NO. 114 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb37-FL.

SEQ. ID NO. 115 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-IN.

SEQ. ID NO. 116 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F3.

SEQ. ID NO. 117 is the deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-1F3.

SEQ. ID NO. 118 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F5.

SEQ. ID NO. 119 is the DNA sequence of Tb38-1F6.

SEQ. ID NO. 120 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of DPV.

SEQ. ID NO. 121 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of AVGS.

SEQ. ID NO. 122 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of AAMK.

SEO. ID NO. 123 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of YYWC.

SEO. ID NO. 124 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of DIGS.

SEQ. ID NO. 125 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of AEES.

SEQ. ID NO. 126 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of DPEP.

SEQ. ID NO. 127 is the deduced N-terminal amino acid sequence of APKT.

SEQ. ID NO. 128 is the deduced amino acid sequence of DPAS.

SEO, ID NO. 129 is the protein sequence of DPPD N-terminal Antigen.

SEQ ID NO. 130-133 are the protein sequences of four DPPD cyanogen bromide fragments.

SEQ ID NO. 134 is the N-terminal protein sequence of XDS antigen.

SEQ ID NO. 135 is the N-terminal protein sequence of AGD antigen.

SEQ ID NO. 136 is the N-terminal protein sequence of APE antigen.

SEQ ID NO. 137 is the N-terminal protein sequence of XYI antigen.

#### 25 <u>Detailed Description of the Invention</u>

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for preventing, treating and diagnosing tuberculosis. The compositions of the subject invention include polypeptides that comprise at least one immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications. Polypeptides within the scope of the present invention include, but are not limited to, immunogenic soluble

M. tuberculosis antigens. A "soluble M. tuberculosis antigen" is a protein of M. tuberculosis origin that is present in M. tuberculosis culture filtrate. As used herein, the term "polypeptide" encompasses amino acid chains of any length, including full length proteins (i.e., antigens), wherein the amino acid residues are linked by covalent peptide bonds. Thus, a polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of one of the above antigens may consist entirely of the immunogenic portion, or may contain additional sequences. The additional sequences may be derived from the native M. tuberculosis antigen or may be heterologous, and such sequences may (but need not) be immunogenic.

"Immunogenic," as used herein, refers to the ability to elicit an immune response (e.g., cellular) in a patient, such as a human, and/or in a biological sample. In particular, antigens that are immunogenic (and immunogenic portions or other variants of such antigens) are capable of stimulating cell proliferation, interleukin-12 production and/or interferon-γ production in biological samples comprising one or more cells selected from the group of T cells, NK cells, B cells and macrophages, where the cells are derived from an M. tuberculosis-immune individual. Polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of one or more M. tuberculosis antigens may generally be used to detect tuberculosis or to induce protective immunity against tuberculosis in a patient.

The compositions and methods of this invention also encompass variants of the above polypeptides. A "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from the native antigen only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, such that the ability of the polypeptide to induce an immune response is retained. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences, and evaluating the immunogenic properties of the modified polypeptide using, for example, the representative procedures described herein.

A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. In general, the following

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groups of amino acids represent conservative changes: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his.

Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenic properties, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (e.g., poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

In a related aspect, combination polypeptides are disclosed. A "combination polypeptide" is a polypeptide comprising at least one of the above immunogenic portions and one or more additional immunogenic *M. tuberculosis* sequences, which are joined via a peptide linkage into a single amino acid chain. The sequences may be joined directly (*i.e.*, with no intervening amino acids) or may be joined by way of a linker sequence (*e.g.*, Gly-Cys-Gly) that does not significantly diminish the immunogenic properties of the component polypeptides.

In general, *M. tuberculosis* antigens, and DNA sequences encoding such antigens, may be prepared using any of a variety of procedures. For example, soluble antigens may be isolated from *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate by procedures known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including anion-exchange and reverse phase chromatography. Purified antigens are then evaluated for their ability to elicit an appropriate immune response (*e.g.*, cellular) using, for example, the representative methods described herein. Immunogenic antigens may then be partially sequenced using techniques such as traditional Edman chemistry. *See* Edman and Berg, *Eur. J. Biochem.* 80:116-132, 1967.

Immunogenic antigens may also be produced recombinantly using a DNA sequence that encodes the antigen, which has been inserted into an expression

vector and expressed in an appropriate host. DNA molecules encoding soluble antigens may be isolated by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* expression library with anti-sera (e.g., rabbit) raised specifically against soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigens. DNA sequences encoding antigens that may or may not be soluble may be identified by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* genomic or cDNA expression library with sera obtained from patients infected with *M. tuberculosis*. Such screens may generally be performed using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989.

DNA sequences encoding soluble antigens may also be obtained by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* cDNA or genomic DNA library for DNA sequences that hybridize to degenerate oligonucleotides derived from partial amino acid sequences of isolated soluble antigens. Degenerate oligonucleotide sequences for use in such a screen may be designed and synthesized, and the screen may be performed, as described (for example) in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989 (and references cited therein). Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) may also be employed, using the above oligonucleotides in methods well known in the art, to isolate a nucleic acid probe from a cDNA or genomic library. The library screen may then be performed using the isolated probe.

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Alternatively, genomic or cDNA libraries derived from *M. tuberculosis* may be screened directly using peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) or T cell lines or clones derived from one or more *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals. In general, PBMCs and/or T cells for use in such screens may be prepared as described below. Direct library screens may generally be performed by assaying pools of expressed recombinant proteins for the ability to induce proliferation and/or interferon-y production in T cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. Alternatively, potential T cell antigens may be first selected based on antibody reactivity, as described above.

Regardless of the method of preparation, the antigens (and immunogenic portions thereof) described herein (which may or may not be soluble) have the ability to induce an immunogenic response. More specifically, the antigens have the ability to induce proliferation and/or cytokine production (i.e., interferon-y and/or interleukin-12 production) in T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from an 5 M. tuberculosis-immune individual. The selection of cell type for use in evaluating an immunogenic response to a antigen will, of course, depend on the desired response. For example, interleukin-12 production is most readily evaluated using preparations containing B cells and/or macrophages. An M. tuberculosis-immune individual is one 10 who is considered to be resistant to the development of tuberculosis by virtue of having mounted an effective T cell response to M. tuberculosis (i.e., substantially free of disease symptoms). Such individuals may be identified based on a strongly positive (i.e., greater than about 10 mm diameter induration) intradermal skin test response to tuberculosis proteins (PPD) and an absence of any signs or symptoms of tuberculosis 15 disease. T cells, NK cells, B cells and macrophages derived from M. tuberculosisimmune individuals may be prepared using methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, a preparation of PBMCs (i.e., peripheral blood mononuclear cells) may be employed without further separation of component cells. PBMCs may generally be prepared, for example, using density centrifugation through Ficoll<sup>TM</sup> (Winthrop Laboratories, NY). T cells for use in the assays described herein may also be 20 purified directly from PBMCs. Alternatively, an enriched T cell line reactive against mycobacterial proteins, or T cell clones reactive to individual mycobacterial proteins, may be employed. Such T cell clones may be generated by, for example, culturing PBMCs from M. tuberculosis-immune individuals with mycobacterial proteins for a period of 2-4 weeks. This allows expansion of only the mycobacterial protein-specific 25 T cells, resulting in a line composed solely of such cells. These cells may then be cloned and tested with individual proteins, using methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, to more accurately define individual T cell specificity. In general, antigens that test positive in assays for proliferation and/or cytokine production (i.e., interferon-y and/or interleukin-12 production) performed using T cells, NK cells, B cells 30

and/or macrophages derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual are considered immunogenic. Such assays may be performed, for example, using the representative procedures described below. Immunogenic portions of such antigens may be identified using similar assays, and may be present within the polypeptides described herein.

The ability of a polypeptide (e.g., an immunogenic antigen, or a portion or other variant thereof) to induce cell proliferation is evaluated by contacting the cells (e.g., T cells and/or NK cells) with the polypeptide and measuring the proliferation of the cells. In general, the amount of polypeptide that is sufficient for evaluation of about 10<sup>5</sup> cells ranges from about 10 ng/mL to about 100 µg/mL and preferably is about 10 µg/mL. The incubation of polypeptide with cells is typically performed at 37°C for about six days. Following incubation with polypeptide, the cells are assayed for a proliferative response, which may be evaluated by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as exposing cells to a pulse of radiolabeled thymidine and measuring the incorporation of label into cellular DNA. In general, a polypeptide that results in at least a three fold increase in proliferation above background (i.e., the proliferation observed for cells cultured without polypeptide) is considered to be able to induce proliferation.

The ability of a polypeptide to stimulate the production of interferon-γ and/or interleukin-12 in cells may be evaluated by contacting the cells with the polypeptide and measuring the level of interferon-γ or interleukin-12 produced by the cells. In general, the amount of polypeptide that is sufficient for the evaluation of about 10<sup>5</sup> cells ranges from about 10 ng/mL to about 100 μg/mL and preferably is about 10 μg/mL. The polypeptide may, but need not, be immobilized on a solid support, such as a bead or a biodegradable microsphere, such as those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109. The incubation of polypeptide with the cells is typically performed at 37°C for about six days. Following incubation with polypeptide, the cells are assayed for interferon-γ and/or interleukin-12 (or one or more subunits thereof), which may be evaluated by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) or, in the case of IL-12 P70 subunit, a bioassay such as an assay measuring proliferation of T cells. In general, a polypeptide

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that results in the production of at least 50 pg of interferon-γ per mL of cultured supernatant (containing 10<sup>4</sup>-10<sup>5</sup> T cells per mL) is considered able to stimulate the production of interferon-γ. A polypeptide that stimulates the production of at least 10 pg/mL of IL-12 P70 subunit, and/or at least 100 pg/mL of IL-12 P40 subunit, per 10<sup>5</sup> macrophages or B cells (or per 3 x 10<sup>5</sup> PBMC) is considered able to stimulate the production of IL-12.

In general, immunogenic antigens are those antigens that stimulate proliferation and/or cytokine production (i.e., interferon-γ and/or interleukin-12 production) in T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from at least about 25% of *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals. Among these immunogenic antigens, polypeptides having superior therapeutic properties may be distinguished based on the magnitude of the responses in the above assays and based on the percentage of individuals for which a response is observed. In addition, antigens having superior therapeutic properties will not stimulate proliferation and/or cytokine production *in vitro* in cells derived from more than about 25% of individuals that are not *M. tuberculosis*-immune, thereby eliminating responses that are not specifically due to *M. tuberculosis*-responsive cells. Those antigens that induce a response in a high percentage of T cell, NK cell, B cell and/or macrophage preparations from *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals (with a low incidence of responses in cell preparations from other individuals) have superior therapeutic properties.

Antigens with superior therapeutic properties may also be identified based on their ability to diminish the severity of *M. tuberculosis* infection in experimental animals, when administered as a vaccine. Suitable vaccine preparations for use on experimental animals are described in detail below. Efficacy may be determined based on the ability of the antigen to provide at least about a 50% reduction in bacterial numbers and/or at least about a 40% decrease in mortality following experimental infection. Suitable experimental animals include mice, guinea pigs and primates.

Antigens having superior diagnostic properties may generally be identified based on the ability to elicit a response in an intradermal skin test performed

on an individual with active tuberculosis, but not in a test performed on an individual who is not infected with *M. tuberculosis*. Skin tests may generally be performed as described below, with a response of at least 5 mm induration considered positive.

Immunogenic portions of the antigens described herein may be prepared and identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, Fundamental Immunology, 3d ed., Raven Press, 1993, pp. 243-247 and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptide portions of the native antigen for immunogenic properties. The representative proliferation and cytokine production assays described herein may generally be employed in these screens. An immunogenic portion of a polypeptide is a portion that, within such representative assays, generates an immune response (e.g., proliferation, interferon-γ production and/or interleukin-12 production) that is substantially similar to that generated by the full length antigen. In other words, an immunogenic portion of an antigen may generate at least about 20%, and preferably about 100%, of the proliferation induced by the full length antigen in the model proliferation assay described herein. An immunogenic portion may also, or alternatively, stimulate the production of at least about 20%, and preferably about 100%, of the interferon-γ and/or interleukin-12 induced by the full length antigen in the model assay described herein.

Portions and other variants of *M. tuberculosis* antigens may be generated by synthetic or recombinant means. Synthetic polypeptides having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may be generated using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. *See* Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Applied BioSystems, Inc., Foster City, CA, and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions. Variants of a native antigen may generally be prepared using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis. Sections of the DNA sequence

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may also be removed using standard techniques to permit preparation of truncated polypeptides.

Recombinant polypeptides containing portions and/or variants of a native antigen may be readily prepared from a DNA sequence encoding the polypeptide using a variety of techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant protein.

Any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed to express recombinant polypeptides of this invention. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. The DNA sequences expressed in this manner may encode naturally occurring antigens, portions of naturally occurring antigens, or other variants thereof.

In general, regardless of the method of preparation, the polypeptides disclosed herein are prepared in substantially pure form. Preferably, the polypeptides are at least about 80% pure, more preferably at least about 90% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. In certain preferred embodiments, described in detail below, the substantially pure polypeptides are incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or vaccines for use in one or more of the methods disclosed herein.

In certain specific embodiments, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen having one of the following N-terminal sequences, or a variant thereof that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications:

Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Cys-Asn-Tyr-Gly-(a) Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 120) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-(b) Ser; (SEQ ID No. 121) 5 Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-(c) Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 122) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-(d) Pro; (SEQ ID No. 123) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (e) 10 (SEQ ID No. 124) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID (f) No. 125) (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ala-Ser-Pro-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 126) 15 (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 127) (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Leu-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asn-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asn; (SEQ ID No. 128) 20 Xaa-Asp-Ser-Glu-Lys-Ser-Ala-Thr-Ile-Lys-Val-Thr-Asp-Ala-(j) Ser; (SEQ ID No. 134) Ala-Gly-Asp-Thr-Xaa-Ile-Tyr-Ile-Val-Gly-Asn-Leu-Thr-Ala-(k) Asp; (SEQ ID No. 135) or Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-**(1)** 25 Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136) wherein Xaa may be any amino acid, preferably a cysteine residue. A DNA sequence

encoding the antigen identified as (g) above is provided in SEQ ID No. 52, and the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No. 52 is provided in SEQ ID No. 53. A DNA sequence encoding the antigen defined as (a) above is provided in SEQ ID No. 101; its deduced amino acid sequence is provided in SEQ ID No. 102. A DNA sequence

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corresponding to antigen (d) above is provided in SEQ ID No. 24 a DNA sequence corresponding to antigen (c) is provided in SEQ ID No. 25 and a DNA sequence corresponding to antigen (i) is provided in SEQ ID No. 99; its deduced amino acid sequence is provided in SEQ ID No. 100.

In a further specific embodiment, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen having one of the following N-terminal sequences, or a variant thereof that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications:

- (m) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No 137) or
- (n) Asp-Pro-Pro-Asp-Pro-His-Gln-Xaa-Asp-Met-Thr-Lys-Gly-Tyr-Tyr-Pro-Gly-Gly-Arg-Arg-Xaa-Phe; (SEQ ID No. 129)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid, preferably a cysteine residue.

In other specific embodiments, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen (or a variant of such an antigen) that comprises one or more of the amino acid sequences encoded by (a) the DNA sequences of SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25 and 52; (b) the complements of such DNA sequences, or (c) DNA sequences substantially homologous to a sequence in (a) or (b).

In further specific embodiments, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen (or a variant of such an antigen), which may or may not be soluble, that comprises one or more of the amino acid sequences encoded by (a) the DNA sequences of SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, (b) the complements of such DNA sequences or (c) DNA sequences substantially homologous to a sequence in (a) or (b).

In the specific embodiments discussed above, the *M. tuberculosis* antigens include variants that are encoded by DNA sequences which are substantially homologous to one or more of DNA sequences specifically recited herein. "Substantial homology," as used herein, refers to DNA sequences that are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions. Suitable moderately stringent conditions include

prewashing in a solution of 5X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5X SSC, overnight or, in the case of cross-species homology at 45°C, 0.5X SSC; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS). Such hybridizing DNA sequences are also within the scope of this invention, as are nucleotide sequences that, due to code degeneracy, encode an immunogenic polypeptide that is encoded by a hybridizing DNA sequence.

In a related aspect, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a first and a second inventive polypeptide or, alternatively, a polypeptide of the present invention and a known *M tuberculosis* antigen, such as the 38 kD antigen described above or ESAT-6 (SEQ ID Nos. 103 and 104), together with variants of such fusion proteins. The fusion proteins of the present invention may also include a linker peptide between the first and second polypeptides.

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A DNA sequence encoding a fusion protein of the present invention is constructed using known recombinant DNA techniques to assemble separate DNA sequences encoding the first and second polypeptides into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of a DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptide is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase to permit mRNA translation of the two DNA sequences into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both the first and the second polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptides by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser

residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene 40*:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83*:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Peptide sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons require to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

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In another aspect, the present invention provides methods for using one or more of the above polypeptides or fusion proteins (or DNA molecules encoding such polypeptides) to induce protective immunity against tuberculosis in a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may be afflicted with a disease, or may be free of detectable disease and/or infection. In other words, protective immunity may be induced to prevent or treat tuberculosis.

In this aspect, the polypeptide, fusion protein or DNA molecule is generally present within a pharmaceutical composition and/or a vaccine. Pharmaceutical compositions may comprise one or more polypeptides, each of which may contain one or more of the above sequences (or variants thereof), and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more of the above polypeptides and a non-specific immune response enhancer, such as an adjuvant or a liposome (into which the polypeptide is incorporated). Such pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may also contain other *M. tuberculosis* antigens, either incorporated into a combination polypeptide or present within a separate polypeptide.

Alternatively, a vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated in situ. In such vaccines, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacterial and viral expression systems. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., Science 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, Science 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

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In a related aspect, a DNA vaccine as described above may be administered simultaneously with or sequentially to either a polypeptide of the present invention or a known *M. tuberculosis* antigen, such as the 38 kD antigen described above. For example, administration of DNA encoding a polypeptide of the present invention, either "naked" or in a delivery system as described above, may be followed by administration of an antigen in order to enhance the protective immune effect of the vaccine.

Routes and frequency of administration, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual and may parallel those currently being used in immunization using BCG. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (e.g., intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (e.g., by aspiration) or orally. Between 1 and 3 doses may be administered for a 1-36 week period. Preferably, 3 doses are administered, at

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intervals of 3-4 months, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of polypeptide or DNA that, when administered as described above, is capable of raising an immune response in an immunized patient sufficient to protect the patient from *M. tuberculosis* infection for at least 1-2 years. In general, the amount of polypeptide present in a dose (or produced *in situ* by the DNA in a dose) ranges from about 1 pg to about 100 mg per kg of host, typically from about 10 pg to about 1 mg, and preferably from about 100 pg to about 1 µg. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol. lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactic galactide) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Any of a variety of adjuvants may be employed in the vaccines of this invention to nonspecifically enhance the immune response. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a nonspecific stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, Bortadella pertussis or Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Freund's Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories) and Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ). Other suitable adjuvants include alum, biodegradable microspheres, monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A.

In another aspect, this invention provides methods for using one or more of the polypeptides described above to diagnose tuberculosis using a skin test. As used

herein, a "skin test" is any assay performed directly on a patient in which a delayed-type hypersensitivity (DTH) reaction (such as swelling, reddening or dermatitis) is measured following intradermal injection of one or more polypeptides as described above. Such injection may be achieved using any suitable device sufficient to contact the polypeptide or polypeptides with dermal cells of the patient, such as a tuberculin syringe or 1 mL syringe. Preferably, the reaction is measured at least 48 hours after injection, more preferably 48-72 hours.

The DTH reaction is a cell-mediated immune response, which is greater in patients that have been exposed previously to the test antigen (i.e., the immunogenic portion of the polypeptide employed, or a variant thereof). The response may be measured visually, using a ruler. In general, a response that is greater than about 0.5 cm in diameter, preferably greater than about 1.0 cm in diameter, is a positive response, indicative of tuberculosis infection, which may or may not be manifested as an active disease.

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The polypeptides of this invention are preferably formulated, for use in a skin test, as pharmaceutical compositions containing a polypeptide and a physiologically acceptable carrier, as described above. Such compositions typically contain one or more of the above polypeptides in an amount ranging from about 1 μg to about 100 μg, preferably from about 10 μg to about 50 μg in a volume of 0.1 mL.

Preferably, the carrier employed in such pharmaceutical compositions is a saline solution with appropriate preservatives, such as phenol and/or Tween 80<sup>TM</sup>.

In a preferred embodiment, a polypeptide employed in a skin test is of sufficient size such that it remains at the site of injection for the duration of the reaction period. In general, a polypeptide that is at least 9 amino acids in length is sufficient. The polypeptide is also preferably broken down by macrophages within hours of injection to allow presentation to T-cells. Such polypeptides may contain repeats of one or more of the above sequences and/or other immunogenic or nonimmunogenic sequences.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

#### **EXAMPLES**

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#### EXAMPLE 1

# PURIFICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF POLYPEPTIDES FROM M. TUBERCULOSIS CULTURE FILTRATE

This example illustrates the preparation of *M. tuberculosis* soluble polypeptides from culture filtrate. Unless otherwise noted, all percentages in the following example are weight per volume.

M. tuberculosis (either H37Ra, ATCC No. 25177, or H37Rv, ATCC No. 25618) was cultured in sterile GAS media at 37°C for fourteen days. The media was then vacuum filtered (leaving the bulk of the cells) through a 0.45  $\mu$  filter into a sterile 2.5 L bottle. The media was next filtered through a 0.2  $\mu$  filter into a sterile 4 L bottle and NaN<sub>3</sub> was added to the culture filtrate to a concentration of 0.04%. The bottles were then placed in a 4°C cold room.

The culture filtrate was concentrated by placing the filtrate in a 12 L reservoir that had been autoclaved and feeding the filtrate into a 400 ml Amicon stir cell which had been rinsed with ethanol and contained a 10,000 kDa MWCO membrane. The pressure was maintained at 60 psi using nitrogen gas. This procedure reduced the 12 L volume to approximately 50 ml.

The culture filtrate was dialyzed into 0.1% ammonium bicarbonate using a 8,000 kDa MWCO cellulose ester membrane, with two changes of ammonium bicarbonate solution. Protein concentration was then determined by a commercially available BCA assay (Pierce, Rockford, IL).

The dialyzed culture filtrate was then lyophilized, and the polypeptides resuspended in distilled water. The polypeptides were dialyzed against 0.01 mM 1,3 bis[tris(hydroxymethyl)-methylamino]propane, pH 7.5 (Bis-Tris propane buffer), the

initial conditions for anion exchange chromatography. Fractionation was performed using gel profusion chromatography on a POROS 146 II Q/M anion exchange column 4.6 mm x 100 mm (Perseptive BioSystems, Framingham, MA) equilibrated in 0.01 mM Bis-Tris propane buffer pH 7.5. Polypeptides were eluted with a linear 0-0.5 M NaCl gradient in the above buffer system. The column eluent was monitored at a wavelength of 220 nm.

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The pools of polypeptides eluting from the ion exchange column were dialyzed against distilled water and lyophilized. The resulting material was dissolved in 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) pH 1.9 in water, and the polypeptides were purified on a Delta-Pak C18 column (Waters, Milford, MA) 300 Angstrom pore size, 5 micron particle size (3.9 x 150 mm). The polypeptides were eluted from the column with a linear gradient from 0-60% dilution buffer (0.1% TFA in acetonitrile). The flow rate was 0.75 ml/minute and the HPLC eluent was monitored at 214 nm. Fractions containing the eluted polypeptides were collected to maximize the purity of the individual samples. Approximately 200 purified polypeptides were obtained.

The purified polypeptides were then screened for the ability to induce T-cell proliferation in PBMC preparations. The PBMCs from donors known to be PPD skin test positive and whose T-cells were shown to proliferate in response to PPD and crude soluble proteins from MTB were cultured in medium comprising RPMI 1640 supplemented with 10% pooled human serum and 50 µg/ml gentamicin. Purified polypeptides were added in duplicate at concentrations of 0.5 to 10 µg/mL. After six days of culture in 96-well round-bottom plates in a volume of 200 µl, 50 µl of medium was removed from each well for determination of IFN-γ levels, as described below. The plates were then pulsed with 1 µCi/well of tritiated thymidine for a further 18 hours, harvested and tritium uptake determined using a gas scintillation counter. Fractions that resulted in proliferation in both replicates three fold greater than the proliferation observed in cells cultured in medium alone were considered positive.

IFN-γ was measured using an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). ELISA plates were coated with a mouse monoclonal antibody directed to human IFN-γ (PharMingen, San Diego, CA) in PBS for four hours at room temperature.

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Wells were then blocked with PBS containing 5% (W/V) non-fat dried milk for 1 hour at room temperature. The plates were then washed six times in PBS/0.2% TWEEN-20 and samples diluted 1:2 in culture medium in the ELISA plates were incubated overnight at room temperature. The plates were again washed and a polyclonal rabbit anti-human IFN- $\gamma$  serum diluted 1:3000 in PBS/10% normal goat serum was added to each well. The plates were then incubated for two hours at room temperature, washed and horseradish peroxidase-coupled anti-rabbit IgG (Sigma Chemical So., St. Louis, MO) was added at a 1:2000 dilution in PBS/5% non-fat dried milk. After a further two hour incubation at room temperature, the plates were washed and TMB substrate added. The reaction was stopped after 20 min with 1 N sulfuric acid. Optical density was determined at 450 nm using 570 nm as a reference wavelength. Fractions that resulted in both replicates giving an OD two fold greater than the mean OD from cells cultured in medium alone, plus 3 standard deviations, were considered positive.

For sequencing, the polypeptides were individually dried onto Biobrene<sup>TM</sup> (Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division, Foster City, CA) treated glass fiber filters. The filters with polypeptide were loaded onto a Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division Procise 492 protein sequencer. The polypeptides were sequenced from the amino terminal and using traditional Edman chemistry. The amino acid sequence was determined for each polypeptide by comparing the retention time of the PTH amino acid derivative to the appropriate PTH derivative standards.

Using the procedure described above, antigens having the following N-terminal sequences were isolated:

- (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Xaa-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 54)
- (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 55)
- (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 56)
- (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 57)

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- (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 58)
- (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 59)
- (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ala-Ala-Pro-Pro-Ala; (SEQ ID No. 60) and
- (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 61)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

- An additional antigen was isolated employing a microbore HPLC purification step in addition to the procedure described above. Specifically, 20 µl of a fraction comprising a mixture of antigens from the chromatographic purification step previously described, was purified on an Aquapore C18 column (Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division, Foster City, CA) with a 7 micron pore size, column size 1 mm x 100 mm, in a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Model 172 HPLC. Fractions were eluted from the column with a linear gradient of 1%/minute of acetonitrile (containing 0.05% TFA) in water (0.05% TFA) at a flow rate of 80 µl/minute. The eluent was monitored at 250 nm. The original fraction was separated into 4 major peaks plus other smaller components and a polypeptide was obtained which was shown to 20 have a molecular weight of 12.054 Kd (by mass spectrometry) and the following N-terminal sequence:
  - (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Gln-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Asn-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asp-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asp (SEQ ID No. 62).
- This polypeptide was shown to induce proliferation and IFN-γ production in PBMC preparations using the assays described above.

Additional soluble antigens were isolated from *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate as follows. *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate was prepared as described above. Following dialysis against Bis-Tris propane buffer, at pH 5.5, fractionation was performed using anion exchange chromatography on a Poros QE column 4.6 x 100 mm

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(Perseptive Biosystems) equilibrated in Bis-Tris propane buffer pH 5.5. Polypeptides were eluted with a linear 0-1.5 M NaCl gradient in the above buffer system at a flow rate of 10 ml/min. The column eluent was monitored at a wavelength of 214 nm.

The fractions eluting from the ion exchange column were pooled and subjected to reverse phase chromatography using a Poros R2 column 4.6 x 100 mm (Perseptive Biosystems). Polypeptides were eluted from the column with a linear gradient from 0-100% acetonitrile (0.1% TFA) at a flow rate of 5 ml/min. The eluent was monitored at 214 nm.

Fractions containing the eluted polypeptides were lyophilized and resuspended in 80  $\mu$ l of aqueous 0.1% TFA and further subjected to reverse phase chromatography on a Vydac C4 column 4.6 x 150 mm (Western Analytical, Temecula, CA) with a linear gradient of 0-100% acetonitrile (0.1% TFA) at a flow rate of 2 ml/min. Eluent was monitored at 214 nm.

The fraction with biological activity was separated into one major peak plus other smaller components. Western blot of this peak onto PVDF membrane revealed three major bands of molecular weights 14 Kd, 20 Kd and 26 Kd. These polypeptides were determined to have the following N-terminal sequences, respectively:

- (j) Xaa-Asp-Ser-Glu-Lys-Ser-Ala-Thr-Ile-Lys-Val-Thr-Asp-Ala-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 134)
- (k) Ala-Gly-Asp-Thr-Xaa-Ile-Tyr-Ile-Val-Gly-Asn-Leu-Thr-Ala-Asp; (SEQ ID No. 135) and
- (l) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136), wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

Using the assays described above, these polypeptides were shown to induce proliferation and IFN-γ production in PBMC preparations. Figs. 1A and B show the results of such assays using PBMC preparations from a first and a second donor, respectively.

DNA sequences that encode the antigens designated as (a), (c), (d) and (g) above were obtained by screening a genomic *M. tuberculosis* library using <sup>32</sup>P end labeled degenerate oligonucleotides corresponding to the N-terminal sequence and

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containing *M. tuberculosis* codon bias. The screen performed using a probe corresponding to antigen (a) above identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 101. The polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No. 101 is provided in SEQ ID No. 102. The screen performed using a probe corresponding to antigen (g) above identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 52. The polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No. 52 is provided in SEQ ID No. 53. The screen performed using a probe corresponding to antigen (d) above identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No. 24, and the screen performed with a probe corresponding to antigen (c) identified a clone having the sequence provided in SEQ ID No: 25.

The above amino acid sequences were compared to known amino acid sequences in the gene bank using the DNA STAR system. The database searched

contains some 173,000 proteins and is a combination of the Swiss, PIR databases along with translated protein sequences (Version 87). No significant homologies to the amino

acid sequences for antigens (a)-(h) and (l) were detected.

The amino acid sequence for antigen (i) was found to be homologous to a sequence from *M. leprae*. The full length *M. leprae* sequence was amplified from genomic DNA using the sequence obtained from GENBANK. This sequence was then used to screen the *M. tuberculosis* library described below in Example 2 and a full length copy of the *M. tuberculosis* homologue was obtained (SEQ ID No. 99).

The amino acid sequence for antigen (j) was found to be homologous to a known *M. tuberculosis* protein translated from a DNA sequence. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, this protein has not been previously shown to possess T-cell stimulatory activity. The amino acid sequence for antigen (k) was found to be related to a sequence from *M. leprae*.

In the proliferation and IFN-γ assays described above, using three PPD positive donors, the results for representative antigens provided above are presented in Table 1:

TABLE 1

RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION AND IFN-y ASSAYS

Sequence	Proliferation	IFN-γ
(a)	+	-
(c)	+++	+++
(d)	++	++
(g)	+++	+++
(h)	+++	+++

In Table 1, responses that gave a stimulation index (SI) of between 2 and 4 (compared to cells cultured in medium alone) were scored as +, an SI of 4-8 or 2-4 at a concentration of 1 μg or less was scored as ++ and an SI of greater than 8 was scored as +++. The antigen of sequence (i) was found to have a high SI (+++) for one donor and lower SI (++ and +) for the two other donors in both proliferation and IFN-γ assays.

These results indicate that these antigens are capable of inducing proliferation and/or interferon-γ production.

# EXAMPLE 2 Use of Patient Sera to Isolate M. Tuberculosis Antigens

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This example illustrates the isolation of antigens from *M. tuberculosis* lysate by screening with serum from *M. tuberculosis*-infected individuals.

Dessicated M. tuberculosis H37Ra (Difco Laboratories) was added to a 2% NP40 solution, and alternately homogenized and sonicated three times. The resulting suspension was centrifuged at 13,000 rpm in microfuge tubes and the supernatant put through a 0.2 micron syringe filter. The filtrate was bound to Macro Prep DEAE beads (BioRad, Hercules, CA). The beads were extensively washed with 20 mM Tris pH 7.5 and bound proteins eluted with 1M NaCl. The 1M NaCl elute was dialyzed overnight against 10 mM Tris, pH 7.5. Dialyzed solution was treated with

DNase and RNase at 0.05 mg/ml for 30 min. at room temperature and then with  $\alpha$ -D-mannosidase, 0.5 U/mg at pH 4.5 for 3-4 hours at room temperature. After returning to pH 7.5, the material was fractionated via FPLC over a Bio Scale-Q-20 column (BioRad). Fractions were combined into nine pools, concentrated in a Centriprep 10 (Amicon, Beverley, MA) and then screened by Western blot for serological activity using a serum pool from *M. tuberculosis*-infected patients which was not immunoreactive with other antigens of the present invention.

The most reactive fraction was run in SDS-PAGE and transferred to PVDF. A band at approximately 85 Kd was cut out yielding the sequence:

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(m) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val: (SEQ ID No. 137), wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

Comparison of this sequence with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to known sequences.

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#### **EXAMPLE 3**

### PREPARATION OF DNA SEQUENCES ENCODING M. TUBERCULOSIS ANTIGENS

This example illustrates the preparation of DNA sequences encoding M. tuberculosis antigens by screening a M. tuberculosis expression library with sera obtained from patients infected with M. tuberculosis, or with anti-sera raised against soluble M. tuberculosis antigens.

## A. PREPARATION OF M. TUBERCULOSIS SOLUBLE ANTIGENS USING RABBIT ANTI25 SERA

Genomic DNA was isolated from the *M. tuberculosis* strain H37Ra. The DNA was randomly sheared and used to construct an expression library using the Lambda ZAP expression system (Stratagene. La Jolla, CA). Rabbit anti-sera was generated against secretory proteins of the *M. tuberculosis* strains H37Ra, H37Rv and Erdman by immunizing a rabbit with concentrated supernatant of the *M. tuberculosis* cultures. Specifically, the rabbit was first immunized subcutaneously with 200 µg of

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protein antigen in a total volume of 2 ml containing 10 µg muramyl dipeptide (Calbiochem, La Jolla, CA) and 1 ml of incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Four weeks later the rabbit was boosted subcutaneously with 100 µg antigen in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Finally, the rabbit was immunized intravenously four weeks later with 50 µg protein antigen. The anti-sera were used to screen the expression library as described in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989. Bacteriophage plaques expressing immunoreactive antigens were purified. Phagemid from the plaques was rescued and the nucleotide sequences of the *M. tuberculosis* clones deduced.

Thirty two clones were purified. Of these, 25 represent sequences that have not been previously identified in human *M. tuberculosis*. Recombinant antigens were expressed and purified antigens used in the immunological analysis described in Example 1. Proteins were induced by IPTG and purified by gel elution, as described in Skeiky et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 181:1527-1537, 1995. Representative sequences of DNA molecules identified in this screen are provided in SEQ ID Nos.: 1-25. The corresponding predicted amino acid sequences are shown in SEQ ID Nos. 63-87.

On comparison of these sequences with known sequences in the gene bank using the databases described above, it was found that the clones referred to hereinafter as TbRA2A, TbRA16, TbRA18, and TbRA29 (SEQ ID Nos. 76, 68, 70, 75) show some homology to sequences previously identified in *Mycobacterium leprae* but not in *M. tuberculosis*. TbRA11, TbRA26, TbRA28 and TbDPEP (SEQ ID Nos.: 65, 73, 74, 53) have been previously identified in *M. tuberculosis*. No significant homologies were found to TbRA1, TbRA3, TbRA4, TbRA9, TbRA10, TbRA13, TbRA17, TbRa19, TbRA29, TbRA32, TbRA36 and the overlapping clones TbRA35 and TbRA12 (SEQ ID Nos. 63, 77, 81, 82, 64, 67, 69, 71, 75, 78, 80, 79, 66). The clone TbRa24 is overlapping with clone TbRa29.

The results of PBMC proliferation and interferon-γ assays performed on representative recombinant antigens, and using T-cell preparations from several different *M. tuberculosis*-immune patients, are presented in Tables 2 and 3, respectively.

TABLE 2
RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION TO REPRESENTATIVE SOLUBLE ANTIGENS

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	2		•	+1		,	+1		i	1	Ħ	+	Ħ	1	=	=	=		•	•	+	•	
	_				•	4	+1		Ė		E	•	ħ	‡	=	=	ŧ		•	•	,	1	
Antigen		ThRai		10Ka3	TbRa9	TbRa10	TbRall	TbRa12	ThRaik		1 DKa24	TbRa26	TbRa29	TbRa35	TbRaB	TbRaC	TbRaD	AAMK	Allina III	٨,	DPEP	Control	-

nt = not tested

RESULTS OF PBMC INTERFERON-Y PRODUCTION TO REPRESENTATIVE SOLUBLE ANTIGENS TABLE 3

	$\overline{}$		т—		T-	7	7	_	7	T	т —			_	7	<del></del>		_	
	13			E		Ħ	,	ㅌ	ㄹ	ᆵ	E	ŧ	ㄹ	Έ	뒽	E	E	겉	
	12	+1		ㄹ	++	+1	'	n	Ξ	Ħ	ㅌ	‡	Ħ	ᆵ	Ħ	+1	+	+1	
	=	+		ta	+1	‡	+	Ħ	E	Ħ	돧	ŧ	E	표	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	++	
	10			nt	+	‡		nt	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	+++	Ħ	Ħ	E			+	'
	6	,	#1	) T		<b>+</b>	+1	nt	nt	nt	nt	‡	nt	nt	ji	'	1	+1	
	•	+1	‡	Έ	+1	•	+1	nt	nt	nt	nt	++	nt	nt	Ξ			‡ ‡ ‡	
Patient	7			Ħ	nt	nt	+	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	n	nt	Ħ	뒫	,
	9	•	•		+	+	+++	+	•	+	•	‡	+	+	+	٠		•	,
	5	+	+1	‡	+1	‡	+1	+	+	+	+	‡	‡	+	+	•	•	+	
	4	+++	•	nt	+1	‡	+	ш	Ħ	Ħ	'n	‡	Ħ	Ħ	nt.	•	•	+++	•
	3		++	пt	+1	+	+	n n	ᆵ	Ħ	'n	#	ŧ	Ħ	nt nt	+1	•	+	•
	2	#	+1	+	+	+1	'	n	Ħ	‡	Ħ	t	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	,	•	+	1
	-	+	•	#	+		'	핕	Ħ	‡	E	‡	ä	Ξ	ŧ	•		+	•
Antigen		TbRai	TbRa3	TbRa9	TbRa10	TbRall	TbRa12	TbRa16	TbRa24	TbRa26	TbRa29	TbRa35	TbRaB	TbRaC	TbRaD	AAMK	γγ	DPEP	Control

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In Tables 2 and 3, responses that gave a stimulation index (SI) of between 1.2 and 2 (compared to cells cultured in medium alone) were scored as  $\pm$ , a SI of 2-4 was scored as +, as SI of 4-8 or 2-4 at a concentration of 1  $\mu$ g or less was scored as ++ and an SI of greater than 8 was scored as +++. In addition, the effect of concentration on proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production is shown for two of the above antigens in the attached Figure. For both proliferation and interferon- $\gamma$  production, TbRa3 was scored as +++ and TbRa9 as ++

These results indicate that these soluble antigens can induce proliferation and/or interferon-y production in T-cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual.

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## B. <u>Use of Patient Sera to Identify DNA Sequences Encoding</u> <u>M. TUBERCULOSIS ANTIGENS</u>

The genomic DNA library described above, and an additional H37Rv library, were screened using pools of sera obtained from patients with active tuberculosis. To prepare the H37Rv library, *M. tuberculosis* strain H37Rv genomic DNA was isolated, subjected to partial *Sau*3A digestion and used to construct an expression library using the Lambda Zap expression system (Stratagene, La Jolla, Ca). Three different pools of sera, each containing sera obtained from three individuals with active pulmonary or pleural disease, were used in the expression screening. The pools were designated TbL, TbM and TbH, referring to relative reactivity with H37Ra lysate (*i.e.*, TbL = low reactivity, TbM = medium reactivity and TbH = high reactivity) in both ELISA and immunoblot format. A fourth pool of sera from seven patients with active pulmonary tuberculosis was also employed. All of the sera lacked increased reactivity with the recombinant 38 kD *M. tuberculosis* H37Ra phosphate-binding protein.

All pools were pre-adsorbed with *E. coli* lysate and used to screen the H37Ra and H37Rv expression libraries, as described in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989. Bacteriophage plaques expressing immunoreactive antigens were purified. Phagemid from the plaques was rescued and the nucleotide sequences of the *M. tuberculosis* clones deduced.

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Thirty two clones were purified. Of these, 31 represented sequences that had not been previously identified in human *M. tuberculosis*. Representative sequences of the DNA molecules identified are provided in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51 and 105. Of these, TbH-8 and TbH-8-2 (SEQ. ID NO. 105) are non-contiguous DNA sequences from the same clone, and TbH-4 (SEQ. ID NO. 43) and TbH-4-FWD (SEQ. ID NO. 44) are non-contiguous sequences from the same clone. Amino acid sequences for the antigens hereinafter identified as Tb38-1, TbH-4, TbH-8, TbH-9, and TbH-12 are shown in SEQ ID Nos.: 88-92. Comparison of these sequences with known sequences in the gene bank using the databases identified above revealed no significant homologies to TbH-4, TbH-8, TbH-9 and TbM-3, although weak homologies were found to TbH-9. TbH-12 was found to be homologous to a 34 kD antigenic protein previously identified in *M. paratuberculosis* (Acc. No. S28515). Tb38-1 was found to be located 34 base pairs upstream of the open reading frame for the antigen ESAT-6 previously identified in *M. bovis* (Acc. No. U34848) and in *M. tuberculosis* (Sorensen et al., *Infec. Immun. 63*:1710-1717, 1995).

Probes derived from Tb38-1 and TbH-9, both isolated from an H37Ra library, were used to identify clones in an H37Rv library. Tb38-1 hybridized to Tb38-1F2, Tb38-1F3, Tb38-1F5 and Tb38-1F6 (SEQ. ID NOS. 112, 113, 116, 118, and 119). (SEQ ID NOS. 112 and 113 are non-contiguous sequences from clone Tb38-1F2.) Two open reading frames were deduced in Tb38-IF2; one corresponds to Tb37FL (SEQ. ID. NO. 114), the second, a partial sequence, may be the homologue of Tb38-1 and is called Tb38-IN (SEQ. ID NO. 115). The deduced amino acid sequence of Tb38-1F3 is presented in SEQ. ID. NO. 117. A TbH-9 probe identified three clones in the H37Rv library: TbH-9-FL (SEQ. ID NO. 106), which may be the homologue of TbH-9 (R37Ra), TbH-9-1 (SEQ. ID NO. 108), and TbH-9-4 (SEQ. ID NO. 110), all of which are highly related sequences to TbH-9. The deduced amino acid sequences for these three clones are presented in SEQ ID NOS. 107, 109 and 111.

The results of T-cell assays performed on Tb38-1, ESAT-6 and other representative recombinant antigens are presented in Tables 4A, B and 5, respectively, below:

TABLE 4A

RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION TO REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS

Antigen		Donor												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
Tb38.1	+++	+	-		-	++	<del>  _</del>	+	<del>                                     </del>	++				
ESAT-6	+++	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	<del> </del>	+++			
Тън-9	++	++	•	++	+	+	++	++	++	++	+++			

TABLE 4B

RESULTS OF PBMC INTERFERON-γ PRODUCTION TO REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS

Antigen						Donor					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Тъ38.1	+++	+	-	+	+	+++	-	++		+++	+++
ESAT-6	+++	+	+	+	+-	+	-	+	+	+++	+++
Тън-9	++	++	-	+++	±	±	+++	+++	++	+++	++

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TABLE 5
SUMMARY OF T-CELL RESPONSES TO REPRESENTATIVE ANTIGENS

	I	Proliferation	n.		Interferon-	1	
Antigen	patient 4	patient 5	patient 6	patient 4	patient 5	patient 6	total
ТъН9	++	++	++	+++	++	++	13
ТъМ7	-	+	-	++	+	-	4
TbH5	-	+	+	++	++	++	8
TbL23	-	+	±	++	++	+	7.5
ТъН4	-	++	±	++	++	±	7
- control	-	-	•	-	-	-	0

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These results indicate that both the inventive *M. tuberculosis* antigens and ESAT-6 can induce proliferation and/or interferon- $\gamma$  production in T-cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, ESAT-6 has not been previously shown to stimulate human immune responses

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A set of six overlapping peptides covering the amino acid sequence of the antigen Tb38-1 was constructed using the method described in Example 4. The sequences of these peptides, hereinafter referred to as pep1-6, are provided in SEQ ID Nos. 93-98, respectively. The results of T-cell assays using these peptides are shown in Tables 6 and 7. These results confirm the existence, and help to localize T-cell epitopes within Tb38-1 capable of inducing proliferation and interferon-γ production in T-cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis* immune individual.

1ABLE 6
RESULTS OF PBMC PROLIFERATION TO TB38-1 PEPTIDES

TABLE 7
RESULTS OF PBMC INTERFERON-Y PRODUCTION TO TB38-1 PEPTIDES

		_	_		,	<del>-,</del>	<del></del>	<del>,</del>
	13	+	+	++	+	+	+	
	12					,		
	=	-	,	-				
	10	+1	+1	•	+1		+	
	6		+1	+1	#1	+1	+1	
	8	ŀ	•				,	,
Patient	7		•	•	+	+	+1	
	9	•	1		•		•	
	5	+1	+	•	-	-	-	•
	4	•	•	•	ı	-	•	-
	3	•		•	•	-	•	•
	2	•	•	•	•	+1	++	•
	-	+		•	‡	‡	+	•
Peptide		pepl	pep2	pep3	pep4	pep5	9dəd	Control

#### **EXAMPLE 4**

# PURIFICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF A POLYPEPTIDE FROM TUBERCULIN PURIFIED PROTEIN DERIVATIVE

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An M. tuberculosis polypeptide was isolated from tuberculin purified protein derivative (PPD) as follows.

PPD was prepared as published with some modification (Seibert, F. et al., Tuberculin purified protein derivative. Preparation and analyses of a large quantity for standard. The American Review of Tuberculosis 44:9-25, 1941).

M. tuberculosis Rv strain was grown for 6 weeks in synthetic medium in roller bottles at 37°C. Bottles containing the bacterial growth were then heated to 100°C in water vapor for 3 hours. Cultures were sterile filtered using a 0.22 μ filter and the liquid phase was concentrated 20 times using a 3 kD cut-off membrane. Proteins were precipitated once with 50% ammonium sulfate solution and eight times with 25% ammonium sulfate solution. The resulting proteins (PPD) were fractionated by reverse phase liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) using a C18 column (7.8 x 300 mM; Waters, Milford, MA) in a Biocad HPLC system (Perseptive Biosystems. Framingham, MA). Fractions were eluted from the column with a linear gradient from 0-100% buffer (0.1% TFA in acetonitrile). The flow rate was 10 ml/minute and eluent was monitored at 214 nm and 280 nm.

Six fractions were collected, dried, suspended in PBS and tested individually in *M. tuberculosis*-infected guinea pigs for induction of delayed type hypersensitivity (DTH) reaction. One fraction was found to induce a strong DTH reaction and was subsequently fractionated further by RP-HPLC on a microbore Vydac C18 column (Cat. No. 218TP5115) in a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Model 172 HPLC. Fractions were eluted with a linear gradient from 5-100% buffer (0.05% TFA in acetonitrile) with a flow rate of 80 µl/minute. Eluent was monitored at 215 nm. Eight fractions were collected and tested for induction of DTH in *M. tuberculosis*-infected guinea pigs. One fraction was found to induce strong DTH of

about 16 mm induration. The other fractions did not induce detectable DTH. The positive fraction was submitted to SDS-PAGE gel electrophoresis and found to contain a single protein band of approximately 12 kD molecular weight.

This polypeptide, herein after referred to as DPPD, was sequenced from the amino terminal using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Procise 492 protein sequencer as described above and found to have the N-terminal sequence shown in SEQ ID No.: 129. Comparison of this sequence with known sequences in the gene bank as described above revealed no known homologies. Four cyanogen bromide fragments of DPPD were isolated and found to have the sequences shown in SEQ ID Nos.: 130-133.

The ability of the antigen DPPD to stimulate human PBMC to proliferate and to produce IFN-γ was assayed as described in Example 1. As shown in Table 8, DPPD was found to stimulate proliferation and elicit production of large quantities of IFN-γ; more than that elicited by commercial PPD.

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TABLE 8

RESULTS OF PROLIFERATION AND INTERFERON-Y ASSAYS TO DPPD

PBMC Donor	Stimulator	Proliferation (CPM)	IFN-γ (OD <sub>450</sub> )
A	Medium	1,089	0.17
	PPD (commercial)	8,394	1.29
	DPPD	13,451	2.21
В	Medium	450	0.09
	PPD (commercial)	3,929	1.26
	DPPD	6,184	1.49
С	Medium	541	0.11
	PPD (commercial)	8,907	0.76
	DPPD	23,024	>2.70

#### EXAMPLE 5

### SYNTHESIS OF SYNTHETIC POLYPEPTIDES

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Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Millipore 9050 peptide synthesizer using FMOC chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be peptides. characterized using electrospray mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

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From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purpose of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention.

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

- (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:
  - (i) APPLICANTS: Corixa Corporation
  - (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS
  - (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 137
    - (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
      - (A) ADDRESSEE: SEED and BERRY LLP
      - (B) STREET: 6300 Columbia Center. 701 Fifth Avenue
      - (C) CITY: Seattle
      - (D) STATE: Washington
      - (E) COUNTRY: USA
      - (F) ZIP: 98104-7092
      - (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
        - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
        - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
        - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
        - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0. Version #1.30
    - (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
      - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
      - (B) FILING DATE: 27-AUG-1996
      - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
  - (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
    - (A) NAME: Maki, David J.
    - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,392
    - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 210121.411PC
    - (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
      - (A) TELEPHONE: (206) 622-4900
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PCT/US96/14674

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 766 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID NO:1:

CGAGGCACCG GTAGTTTGAA CCAAACGCAC AATCGACGGG CAAACGAACG GAAGAACACA 60 ACCATGAAGA TGGTGAAATC GATCGCCGCA GGTCTGACCG CCGCGGCTGC AATCGGCGCC 120 GCTGCGGCCG GTGTGACTTC GATCATGGCT GGCGGCCCGG TCGTATACCA GATGCAGCCG 180 GTCGTCTTCG GCGCGCCACT GCCGTTGGAC CCGGCATCCG CCCCTGACGT CCCGACCGCC 240 GCCCAGTTGA CCAGCCTGCT CAACAGCCTC GCCGATCCCA ACGTGTCGTT TGCGAACAAG 300 GGCAGTCTGG TCGAGGGCGG CATCGGGGGC ACCGAGGCGC GCATCGCCGA CCACAAGCTG 360 AAGAAGGCCG CCGAGCACGG GGATCTGCCG CTGTCGTTCA GCGTGACGAA CATCCAGCCG 420 GCGGCCGCCG GTTCGGCCAC CGCCGACGTT TCCGTCTCGG GTCCGAAGCT CTCGTCGCCG 480 GTCACGCAGA ACGTCACGTT CGTGAATCAA GGCGGCTGGA TGCTGTCACG CGCATCGGCG 540 ATGGAGTTGC TGCAGGCCGC AGGGNAACTG ATTGGCGGGC CGGNTTCAGC CCGCTGTTCA 600 GCTACGCCGC CCGCCTGGTG ACGCGTCCAT GTCGAACACT CGCGCGTGTA GCACGGTGCG 660 GTNTGCGCAG GGNCGCACGC ACCGCCCGGT GCAAGCCGTC CTCGAGATAG GTGGTGNCTC 720 GNCACCAGNG ANCACCCCCN NNTCGNCNNT TCTCGNTGNT GNATGA 766

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(A) LENGTH: 752 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

ATGCATCACC ATCACCATCA CGATGAAGTC ACGGTAGAGA CGACCTCCGT CTTCCGCGCA 60 120 GACTTCCTCA GCGAGCTGGA CGCTCCTGCG CAAGCGGGTA CGGAGAGCGC GGTCTCCGGG 180 GTGGAAGGGC TCCCGCCGGG CTCGGCGTTG CTGGTAGTCA AACGAGGCCC CAACGCCGGG 240 TCCCGGTTCC TACTCGACCA AGCCATCACG TCGGCTGGTC GGCATCCCGA CAGCGACATA 300 TTTCTCGACG ACGTGACCGT GAGCCGTCGC CATGCTGAAT TCCGGTTGGA AAACAACGAA 360 TTCAATGTCG TCGATGTCGG GAGTCTCAAC GGCACCTACG TCAACCGCGA GCCCGTGGAT 420 TCGGCGGTGC TGGCGAACGG CGACGAGGTC CAGATCGGCA AGCTCCGGTT GGTGTTCTTG ACCGGACCCA AGCAAGGCGA GGATGACGGG AGTACCGGGG GCCCGTGAGC GCACCCGATA 480 GCCCGCGCT GGCCGGGATG TCGATCGGGG CGGTCCTCCG ACCTGCTACG ACCGGATTTT 540 CCCTGATGTC CACCATCTCC AAGATTCGAT TCTTGGGAGG CTTGAGGGTC NGGGTGACCC 600 660 CCCCGCGGGC CTCATTCNGG GGTNTCGGCN GGTTTCACCC CNTACCNACT GCCNCCCGGN TTGCNAATTC NTTCTTCNCT GCCCNNAAAG GGACCNTTAN CTTGCCGCTN GAAANGGTNA 720 752 TCCNGGGCCC NTCCTNGAAN CCCCNTCCCC CT

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 813 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

CATATGCATC ACCATCACCA TCACACTTCT AACCGCCCAG CGCGTCGGGG GCGTCGAGCA	60
	00
CCACGCGACA CCGGGCCCGA TCGATCTGCT AGCTTGAGTC TGGTCAGGCA TCGTCGTCAG	120
CAGCGCGATG CCCTATGTTT GTCGTCGACT CAGATATCGC GGCAATCCAA TCTCCCGCCT	180
GCGGCCGGCG GTGCTGCAAA CTACTCCCGG AGGAATTTCG ACGTGCGCAT CAAGATCTTC	240
ATGCTGGTCA CGGCTGTCGT TTTGCTCTGT TGTTCGGGTG TGGCCACGGC CGCGCCCAAG	300
ACCTACTGCG AGGAGTTGAA AGGCACCGAT ACCGGCCAGG CGTGCCAGAT TCAAATGTCC	360
GACCCGGCCT ACAACATCAA CATCAGCCTG CCCAGTTACT ACCCCGACCA GAAGTCGCTG	420
GAAAATTACA TCGCCCAGAC GCGCGACAAG TTCCTCAGCG CGGCCACATC GTCCACTCCA	480
CGCGAAGCCC CCTACGAATT GAATATCACC TCGGCCACAT ACCAGTCCGC GATACCGCCG	540
CGTGGTACGC AGGCCGTGGT GCTCAMGGTC TACCACAACG CCGGCGGCAC GCACCCAACG	600
ACCACGTACA AGGCCTTCGA TTGGGACCAG GCCTATCGCA AGCCAATCAC CTATGACACG	660
CTGTGGCAGG CTGACACCGA TCCGCTGCCA GTCGTCTTCC CCATTGTTGC AAGGTGAACT	720
GAGCAACGCA GACCGGGACA ACWGGTATCG ATAGCCGCCN AATGCCGGCT TGGAACCCNG	780
TGAAATTATC ACAACTTCGC AGTCACNAAA NAA	813

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 447 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

CGGTATGAAC ACGGCCGCGT CCGATAACTT CCAGCTGTCC CAGGGTGGGC AGGGATTCGC 60 CATTCCGATC GGGCAGGCGA TGGCGATCGC GGGCCAGATC CGATCGGGTG GGGGGTCACC 120 CACCGTTCAT ATCGGGCCTA CCGCCTTCCT CGGCTTGGGT GTTGTCGACA ACAACGGCAA 180 CGGCGCACGA GTCCAACGCG TGGTCGGGAG CGCTCCGGCG GCAAGTCTCG GCATCTCCAC 240 CGGCGACGTG ATCACCGCGG TCGACGGCGC TCCGATCAAC TCGGCCACCG CGATGGCGGA 300 CGCGCTTAAC GGGCATCATC CCGGTGACGT CATCTCGGTG AACTGGCAAA CCAAGTCGGG 360 CGGCACGCGT ACAGGGAACG TGACATTGGC CGAGGGACCC CCGGCCTGAT TTCGTCGYGG 420 ATACCACCCG CCGGCCGGCC AATTGGA 447

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEO ID NO:5:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 604 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

GTCCCACTGC GGTCGCCGAG TATGTCGCCC AGCAAATGTC TGGCAGCCGC CCAACGGAAT 60

CCGGTGATCC GACGTCGCAG GTTGTCGAAC CCGCCGCCGC GGAAGTATCG GTCCATGCCT 120

AGCCCGGCGA CGGCGAGCGC CGGAATGGCG CGAGTGAGGA GGCGGGCAAT TTGGCGGGGC 180

CCGGCGACGG NGAGCGCCGG AATGGCGCGA GTGAGGAGGT GGNCAGTCAT GCCCAGNGTG 240

ATCCAATCAA CCTGNATTCG GNCTGNGGGN CCATTTGACA ATCGAGGTAG TGAGCGCAAA 300

TGAATGATGG AAAACGGGNG GNGACGTCCG NTGTTCTGGT GGTGNTAGGT GNCTGNCTGG 360

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NAAT						604
NNNTNTTNNC	ANNNNNNTG	NNGNNGNNCN	NNNCAANCNN	NTNNNNGNAA	NNGGNTTNTT	600
NAAAAGGGTG						540
NNANNCCNAN						480
NGTNGNGGNT	ATCAGGATGT	TCTTCGNCGA	AANCTGATGN	CGAGGAACAG	GGTGTNCCCG	420

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 633 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

TTGCANGTCG AACCACCTCA CTAAAGGGAA CAAAAGCTNG AGCTCCACCG CGGTGGCGGC 60 CGCTCTAGAA CTAGTGKATM YYYCKGGCTG CAGSAATYCG GYACGAGCAT TAGGACAGTC 120 TAACGGTCCT GTTACGGTGA TCGAATGACC GACGACATCC TGCTGATCGA CACCGACGAA 180 CGGGTGCGAA CCCTCACCCT CAACCGGCCG CAGTCCCGYA ACGCGCTCTC GGCGGCGCTA 240 CGGGATCGGT TTTTCGCGGY GTTGGYCGAC GCCGAGGYCG ACGACGACAT CGACGTCGTC 300 ATCCTCACCG GYGCCGATCC GGTGTTCTGC GCCGGACTGG ACCTCAAGGT AGCTGGCCGG 360 GCAGACCGCG CTGCCGGACA TCTCACCGCG GTGGGCGGCC ATGACCAAGC CGGTGATCGG 420 CGCGATCAAC GGCGCCGCGG TCACCGGCGG GCTCGAACTG GCGCTGTACT GCGACATCCT 480 GATCGCCTCC GAGCACGCCC GCTTCGNCGA CACCCACGCC CGGGTGGGGC TGCTGCCCAC 540 CTGGGGACTC AGTGTGTGCT TGCCGCAAAA GGTCGGCATC GGNCTGGGCC GGTGGATGAG 600 CCTGACCGGC GACTACCTGT CCGTGACCGA CGC 633

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1362 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

CGACGACGAC GGCGCCGGAG AGCGGGCGCG AACGGCGATC GACGCGGCCC TGGCCAGAGT 60 CGGCACCACC CAGGAGGGAG TCGAATCATG AAATTTGTCA ACCATATTGA GCCCGTCGCG 120 CCCCGCCGAG CCGGCGCGC GGTCGCCGAG GTCTATGCCG AGGCCCGCCG CGAGTTCGGC 180 240 CGGCTGCCCG AGCCGCTCGC CATGCTGTCC CCGGACGAGG GACTGCTCAC CGCCGGCTGG GCGACGTTGC GCGAGACACT GCTGGTGGGC CAGGTGCCGC GTGGCCGCAA GGAAGCCGTC 300 GCCGCCGCCG TCGCGCCAG CCTGCGCTGC CCCTGGTGCG TCGACGCACA CACCACCATG 360 CTGTACGCGG CAGGCCAAAC CGACACCGCC GCGGCGATCT TGGCCGGCAC AGCACCTGCC 420 GCCGGTGACC CGAACGCGCC GTATGTGGCG TGGGCGGCAG GAACCGGGAC ACCGGCGGAA 480 CCGCCGGCAC CGTTCGGCCC GGATGTCGCC GCCGAATACC TGGGCACCGC GGTGCAATTC 540 CACTTCATCG CACGCCTGGT CCTGGTGCTG CTGGACGAAA CCTTCCTGCC GGGGGGCCCG 600 CGCGCCCAAC AGCTCATGCG CCGCGCCGGT GGACTGGTGT TCGCCCGCAA GGTGCGCGCG 660 GAGCATCGGC CGGGCCGCTC CACCCGCCGG CTCGAGCCGC GAACGCTGCC CGACGATCTG 720 780 GCATGGGCAA CACCGTCCGA GCCCATAGCA ACCGCGTTCG CCGCGCTCAG CCACCACCTG GACACCGCGC CGCACCTGCC GCCACCGACT CGTCAGGTGG TCAGGCGGGT CGTGGGGTCG 840 TGGCACGGCG AGCCAATGCC GATGAGCAGT CGCTGGACGA ACGAGCACAC CGCCGAGCTG 900

PCT/US96/14674

CCCGCCGACC	TGCACGCGCC	CACCCGTCTT	GCCCTGCTGA	CCGGCCTGGC	CCCGCATCAG	960
GTGACCGACG	ACGACGTCGC	CGCGGCCCGA	TCCCTGCTCG	ACACCGATGC	GGCGCTGGTT	1020
GGCGCCCTGG	CCTGGGCCGC	CTTCACCGCC	GCGCGGCGCA	TCGGCACCTG	GATCGGCGCC	1080
GCCGCCGAGG	GCCAGGTGTC	GCGGCAAAAC	CCGACTGGGT	GAGTGTGCGC	GCCCTGTCGG	1140
TAGGGTGTCA	TCGCTGGCCC	GAGGGATCTC	GCGGCGGCGA	ACGGAGGTGG	CGACACAGGT	1200
GGAAGCTGCG	CCCACTGGCT	TGCGCCCCAA	CGCCGTCGTG	GGCGTTCGGT	TGGCCGCACT	1260
GGCCGATCAG	GTCGGCGCCG	GCCCTTGGCC	GAAGGTCCAG	CTCAACGTGC	CGTCACCGAA	1320
GGACCGGACG	GTCACCGGGG	GTCACCCTGC	GCGCCCAAGG	AA		1362

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1458 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

GCGACGACCC CGATA	TGCCG GGCACCGTAG	G CGAAAGCCGT	CGCCGACGCA	CTCGGGCGCG	60
GTATCGCTCC CGTTG/	AGGAC ATTCAGGACT	GCGTGGAGGC	CCGGCTGGGG	GAAGCCGGTC	120
TGGATGACGT GGCCCC	GTGTT TACATCATCT	ACCGGCAGCG	GCGCGCCGAG	CTGCGGACGG	180
CTAAGGCCTT GCTCGC	GCGTG CGGGACGAGT	TAAAGCTGAG	CTTGGCGGCC	GTGACGGTAC	240
TGCGCGAGCG CTATCT	FGCTG CACGACGAGC	AGGCCGGCC	GGCCGAGTCG	ACCGGCGAGC	300
TGATGGACCG ATCGGC	CGCGC TGTGTCGCGG	CGGCCGAGGA	CCAGTATGAG	CCGGGCTCGT	360
CGAGGCGGTG GGCCGA	AGCGG TTCGCCACGC	TATTACGCAA	CCTGGAATTC	CTGCCGAATT	420
CGCCCACGTT GATGAA	ACTCT GGCACCGACC	TGGGACTGCT	CGCCGGCTGT	TTTGTTCTGC	480

CGATTGAGGA	TTCGCTGCAA	TCGATCTTTG	CGACGCTGGG	ACAGGCCGCC	GAGCTGCAGC	540
GGGCTGGAGG	CGGCACCGGA	TATGCGTTCA	GCCACCTGCG	ACCCGCCGGG	GATCGGGTGG	600
CCTCCACGGG	CGGCACGGCC	AGCGGACCGG	TGTCGTTTCT	ACGGCTGTAT	GACAGTGCCG	660
CGGGTGTGGT	CTCCATGGGC	GGTCGCCGGC	GTGGCGCCTG	TATGGCTGTG	CTTGATGTGT	720
CGCACCCGGA	TATCTGTGAT	TTCGTCACCG	CCAAGGCCGA	ATCCCCCAGC	GAGCTCCCGC	780
ATTTCAACCT	ATCGGTTGGT	GTGACCGACG	CGTTCCTGCG	GGCCGTCGAA	CGCAACGGCC	840
TACACCGGCT	GGTCAATCCG	CGAACCGGCA	AGATCGTCGC	GCGGATGCCC	GCCGCCGAGC	900
TGTTCGACGC	CATCTGCAAA	GCCGCGCACG	CCGGTGGCGA	TCCCGGGCTG	GTGTTTCTCG	960
ACACGATCAA	TAGGGCAAAC	CCGGTGCCGG	GGAGAGGCCG	CATCGAGGCG	ACCAACCCGT	1020
GCGGGGAGGT	CCCACTGCTG	CCTTACGAGT	CATGTAATCT	CGGCTCGATC	AACCTCGCCC	1080
GGATGCTCGC	CGACGGTCGC	GTCGACTGGG	ACCGGCTCGA	GGAGGTCGCC	GGTGTGGCGG	1140
TGCGGTTCCT	TGATGACGTC	ATCGATGTCA	GCCGCTACCC	CTTCCCCGAA	CTGGGTGAGG	1200
CGGCCCGCGC	CACCCGCAAG	ATCGGGCTGG	GAGTCATGGG	TTTGGCGGAA	CTGCTTGCCG	1260
CACTGGGTAT	TCCGTACGAC	AGTGAAGAAG	CCGTGCGGTT	AGCCACCCGG	CTCATGCGTC	1320
GCATACAGCA	GGCGGCGCAC	ACGGCATCGC	GGAGGCTGGC	CGAAGAGCGG	GGCGCATTCC	1380
CGGCGTTCAC	CGATAGCCGG	TTCGCGCGGT	CGGGCCCGAG	GCGCAACGCA	CAGGTCACCT	1440
CCGTCGCTCC	GACGGGCA					1458

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 862 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

ACGGTGTAAT	CGTGCTGGAT	CTGGAACCGC	GTGGCCCGCT	ACCTACCGA	ATCTACTGGC	60
GGCGCAGGGG	GCTGGCCCTG	GGCATCGCGG	TCGTCGTAGT	CGGGATCGC	GTGGCCATCG	120
TCATCGCCTT	CGTCGACAGO	AGCGCCGGTG	CCAAACCGGT	CAGCGCCGAC	AAGCCGGCCT	180
CCGCCCAGAG	CCATCCGGGC	TCGCCGGCAC	CCCAAGCACC	CCAGCCGGCC	GGGCAAACCG	240
AAGGTAACGC	CGCCGCGGCC	CCGCCGCAGG	GCCAAAACCC	CGAGACACCC	ACGCCCACCG	300
CCGCGGTGCA	GCCGCCGCCG	GTGCTCAAGG	AAGGGGACGA	TTGCCCCGAT	TCGACGCTGG	360
CCGTCAAAGG	TTTGACCAAC	GCGCCGCAGT	ACTACGTCGG	CGACCAGCCG	AAGTTCACCA	420
TGGTGGTCAC	CAACATCGGC	CTGGTGTCCT	GTAAACGCGA	CGTTGGGGCC	GCGGTGTTGG	480
CCGCCTACGT	TTACTCGCTG	GACAACAAGC	GGTTGTGGTC	CAACCTGGAC	TGCGCGCCCT	540
CGAATGAGAC	GCTGGTCAAG	ACGTTTTCCC	CCGGTGAGCA	GGTAACGACC	GCGGTGACCT	600
GGACCGGGAT	GGGATCGGCG	CCGCGCTGCC	CATTGCCGCG	GCCGGCGATC	GGGCCGGGCA	660
CCTACAATCT	CGTGGTACAA	CTGGGCAATC	TGCGCTCGCT	GCCGGTTCCG	TTCATCCTGA	720
ATCAGCCGCC	GCCGCCGCCC	GGGCCGGTAC	CCGCTCCGGG	TCCAGCGCAG	GCGCCTCCGC	780
CGGAGTCTCC	CGCGCAAGGC	GGATAATTAT	TGATCGCTGA	TGGTCGATTC	CGCCAGCTGT	840
GACAACCCCT	CGCCTCGTGC	CG				862

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 622 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

TTGATCAGCA	CCGGCAAGGC	GTCACATGCC	TCCCTGGGTG	TGCAGGTGAC	CAATGACAAA	60
GACACCCCGG	GCGCCAAGAT	CGTCGAAGTA	GTGGCCGGTG	GTGCTGCCGC	GAACGCTGGA	120
GTGCCGAAGG	GCGTCGTTGT	CACCAAGGTC	GACGACCGCC	CGATCAACAG	CGCGGACGCG	180
TTGGTTGCCG	CCGTGCGGTC	CAAAGCGCCG	GGCGCCACGG	TGGCGCTAAC	CTTTCAGGAT	240
CCCTCGGGCG	GTAGCCGCAC	AGTGCAAGTC	ACCCTCGGCA	AGGCGGAGCA	GTGATGAAGG	300
TCGCCGCGCA	GTGTTCAAAG	CTCGGATATA	CGGTGGCACC	CATGGAACAG	CGTGCGGAGT	360
TGGTGGTTGG	CCGGGCACTT	GTCGTCGTCG	TTGACGATCG	CACGGCGCAC	GGCGATGAAG	420
ACCACAGCGG	GCCGCTTGTC	ACCGAGCTGC	TCACCGAGGC	CGGGTTTGTT	GTCGACGGCG	480
TGGTGGCGGT	GTCGGCCGAC	GAGGTCGAGA	TCCGAAATGC	GCTGAACACA	GCGGTGATCG	540
GCGGGGTGGA	CCTGGTGGTG	TCGGTCGGCG	GGACCGGNGT	GACGNCTCGC	GATGTCACCC	600
CGGAAGCCAC	CCGNGACATT	CT				622

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

GGCGCAGCGG TAAGCCTGTT GGCCGCCGGC ACACTGGTGT	TGACAGCATG	CGGCGGTGGC	60
ACCAACAGCT CGTCGTCAGG CGCAGGCGGA ACGTCTGGGT	CGGTGCACTG	CGGCGGCAAG	120
AAGGAGCTCC ACTCCAGCGG CTCGACCGCA CAAGAAAATG	CCATGGAGCA	GTTCGTCTAT	180

GCCTACGTG	C GATCGTGCCC	GGGCTACACG	TTGGACTACA	A ACGCCAACG	G GTCCGGTGCC	240
GGGGTGACC	AGTTTCTCAA	CAACGAAACC	GATTTCGCCC	G GCTCGGATG	T CCCGTTGAAT	300
CCGTCGACCG	GTCAACCTGA	CCGGTCGGCG	GAGCGGTGCG	GTTCCCCGG	CATGGGACCTG	360
CCGACGGTGT	TCGGCCCGAT	CGCGATCACC	TACAATATCA	AGGGCGTGAC	CACGCTGAAT	420
CTTGACGGAC	CCACTACCGC	CAAGATTTTC	AACGGCACCA	TCACCGTGTG	GAATGATCCA	480
CAGATCCAAG	CCCTCAACTC	CGGCACCGAC	CTGCCGCCAA	CACCGATTAG	CGTTATCTTC	540
CGCAGCGACA	AGTCCGGTAC	GTCGGACAAC	TTCCAGAAAT	ACCTCGACGG	TGTATCCAAC	600
GGGGCGTGGG	GCAAAGGCGC	CAGCGAAACG	TTCAGCGGGG	GCGTCGGCGT	CGGCGCCAGC	660
GGGAACAACG	GAACGTCGGC	CCTACTGCAG	ACGACCGACG	GGTCGATCAC	CTACAACGAG	720
TGGTCGTTTG	CGGTGGGTAA	GCAGTTGAAC	ATGGCCCAGA	TCATCACGTC	GGCGGGTCCG	780
GATCCAGTGG	CGATCACCAC	CGAGTCGGTC	GGTAAGACAA	TCGCCGGGGC	CAAGATCATG	840
GGACAAGGCA	ACGACCTGGT	ATTGGACACG	TCGTCGTTCT	ACAGACCCAC	CCAGCCTGGC	900
TCTTACCCGA	TCGTGCTGGC	GACCTATGAG	ATCGTCTGCT	CGAAATACCC	GGATGCGACG	960
ACCGGTACTG	CGGTAAGGGC	GTTTATGCAA	GCCGCGATTG	GTCCAGGCCA	AGAAGGCCTG	1020
GACCAATACG	GCTCCATTCC	GTTGCCCAAA	TCGTTCCAAG	CAAAATTGGC	GGCCGCGGTG	1080
AATGCTATTT	CTTGACCTAG	TGAAGGGAAT	TCGACGGTGA	GCGATGCCGT	TCCGCAGGTA	1140
GGGTCGCAAT	TTGGGCCGTA	TCAGCTATTG	CGGCTGCTGG	GCCGAGGCGG	GATGGGCGAG	1200

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1155 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

GCAAGCAGCT	GCAGGTCGTG	CTGTTCGACG	AACTGGGCAT	GCCGAAGACC	AAACGCACCA	60
AGACCGGCTA	CACCACGGAT	GCCGACGCGC	TGCAGTCGTT	GTTCGACAAG	ACCGGGCATC	120
CGTTTCTGCA	ACATCTGCTC	GCCCACCGCG	ACGTCACCCG	GCTCAAGGTC	ACCGTCGACG	180
GGTTGCTCCA	AGCGGTGGCC	GCCGACGGCC	GCATCCACAC	CACGTTCAAC	CAGACGATCG	240
CCGCGACCGG	CCGGCTCTCC	TCGACCGAAC	CCAACCTGCA	GAACATCCCG	ATCCGCACCG	300
ACGCGGGCCG	GCGGATCCGG	GACGCGTTCG	TGGTCGGGGA	CGGTTACGCC	GAGTTGATGA	360
CGGCCGACTA	CAGCCAGATC	GAGATGCGGA	TCATGGGGCA	CCTGTCCGGG	GACGAGGCC	420
TCATCGAGGC	GTTCAACACC	GGGGAGGACC	TGTATTCGTT	CGTCGCGTCC	CGGGTGTTCG	480
GTGTGCCCAT	CGACGAGGTC	ACCGGCGAGT	TGCGGCGCCG	GGTCAAGGCG	ATGTCCTACG	540
GGCTGGTTTA	CGGGTTGAGC	GCCTACGGCC	TGTCGCAGCA	GTTGAAAATC	TCCACCGAGG	600
AAGCCAACGA	GCAGATGGAC	GCGTATTTCG	CCCGATTCGG	CGGGGTGCGC	GACTACCTGC	660
GCGCCGTAGT	CGAGCGGGCC	CGCAAGGACG	GCTACACCTC	GACGGTGCTG	GGCCGTCGCC	720
GCTACCTGCC	CGAGCTGGAC	AGCAGCAACC	GTCAAGTGCG	GGAGGCCGCC	GAGCGGGCGG	780
CGCTGAACGC	GCCGATCCAG	GGCAGCGCGG	CCGACATCAT	CAAGGTGGCC	ATGATCCAGG	840
TCGACAAGGC	GCTCAACGAG	GCACAGCTGG	CGTCGCGCAT	GCTGCTGCAG	GTCCACGACG	900
AGCTGCTGTT	CGAAATCGCC	CCCGGTGAAC	GCGAGCGGGT	CGAGGCCCTG	GTGCGCGACA	960
AGATGGGCGG	CGCTTACCCG	CTCGACGTCC	CGCTGGAGGT	GTCGGTGGGC	TACGGCCGCA	1020
GCTGGGACGC	GGCGGCGCAC	TGAGTGCCGA	GCGTGCATCT	GGGGCGGAA	TTCGGCGATT	1080
TTTCCGCCCT	GAGTTCACGC	TCGGCGCAAT	CGGGACCGAG	TTTGTCCAGC	GTGTACCCGT	1140
CGAGTAGCCT	CGTCA					1155

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1771 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

GAGCGCCGTC TGGTGTTTGA ACGGTTTTAC CGGTCGGCAT CGGCACGGGC GTTGCCGGGT 60 TCGGGCCTCG GGTTGGCGAT CGTCAAACAG GTGGTGCTCA ACCACGGCGG ATTGCTGCGC 120 ATCGAAGACA CCGACCCAGG CGGCCAGCCC CCTGGAACGT CGATTTACGT GCTGCTCCCC 180 GGCCGTCGGA TGCCGATTCC GCAGCTTCCC GGTGCGACGG CTGGCGCTCG GAGCACGGAC 240 ATCGAGAACT CTCGGGGTTC GGCGAACGTT ATCTCAGTGG AATCTCAGTC CACGCGCGCA 300 ACCTAGTTGT GCAGTTACTG TTGAAAGCCA CACCCATGCC AGTCCACGCA TGGCCAAGTT 360 GGCCCGAGTA GTGGGCCTAG TACAGGAAGA GCAACCTAGC GACATGACGA ATCACCCACG 420 GTATTCGCCA CCGCCGCAGC AGCCGGGAAC CCCAGGTTAT GCTCAGGGGC AGCAGCAAAC 480 GTACAGCCAG CAGTTCGACT GGCGTTACCC ACCGTCCCG CCCCCGCAGC CAACCCAGTA 540 CCGTCAACCC TACGAGGCGT TGGGTGGTAC CCGGCCGGGT CTGATACCTG GCGTGATTCC 600 GACCATGACG CCCCCTCCTG GGATGGTTCG CCAACGCCCT CGTGCAGGCA TGTTGGCCAT 660 CGGCGCGGTG ACGATAGCGG TGGTGTCCGC CGGCATCGGC GGCGCGGCCG CATCCCTGGT 720 CGGGTTCAAC CGGGCACCCG CCGGCCCCAG CGGCGGCCCA GTGGCTGCCA GCGCGGCGCC 780 AAGCATCCCC GCAGCAAACA TGCCGCCGGG GTCGGTCGAA CAGGTGGCGG CCAAGGTGGT 840 GCCCAGTGTC GTCATGTTGG AAACCGATCT GGGCCGCCAG TCGGAGGAGG GCTCCGGCAT 900 CATTCTGTCT GCCGAGGGGC TGATCTTGAC CAACAACCAC GTGATCGCGG CGGCCGCCAA 960

GCCTCCCCTG	GGCAGTCCGC	CGCCGAAAAC	GACGGTAACC	TTCTCTGACG	GGCGGACCGC	1020
ACCCTTCACG	GTGGTGGGG	CTGACCCCAC	CAGTGATATC	GCCGTCGTCC	GTGTTCAGGG	1080
CGTCTCCGGG	CTCACCCCGA	TCTCCCTGGG	TTCCTCCTCG	GACCTGAGGG	TCGGTCAGCC	1140
GGTGCTGGCG	ATCGGGTCGC	CGCTCGGTTT	GGAGGGCACC	GTGACCACGG	GGATCGTCAG	1200
CGCTCTCAAC	CGTCCAGTGT	CGACGACCGG	CGAGGCCGGC	AACCAGAACA	CCGTGCTGGA	1260
CGCCATTCAG	ACCGACGCCG	CGATCAACCC	CGGTAACTCC	GGGGGCGCGC	TGGTGAACAT	1320
GAACGCTCAA	CTCGTCGGAG	TCAACTCGGC	CATTGCCACG	CTGGGCGCGG	ACTCAGCCGA	1380
TGCGCAGAGC	GGCTCGATCG	GTCTCGGTTT	TGCGATTCCA	GTCGACCAGG	CCAAGCGCAT	1440
CGCCGACGAG	TTGATCAGCA	CCGGCAAGGC	GTCACATGCC	TCCCTGGGTG	TGCAGGTGAC	1500
CAATGACAAA	GACACCCCGG	GCGCCAAGAT	CGTCGAAGTA	GTGGCCGGTG	GTGCTGCCGC	1560
GAACGCTGGA	GTGCCGAAGG	GCGTCGTTGT	CACCAAGGTC	GACGACCGCC	CGATCAACAG	1620
CGCGGACGCG	TTGGTTGCCG	CCGTGCGGTC	CAAAGCGCCG	GGCGCCACGG	TGGCGCTAAC	1680
CTTTCAGGAT	CCCTCGGGCG	GTAGCCGCAC	AGTGCAAGTC	ACCCTCGGCA	AGGCGGAGCA	1740
GTGATGAAGG	TCGCCGCGCA	GTGTTCAAAG	С			1771

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1058 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

CTCCACCGCG GTGGCGGCCG	CTCTAGAACT	AGTGGATCCC	CCGGGCTGCA	GGAATTCGGC	60
ACGAGGATCC GACGTCGCAG	GTTGTCGAAC	CCGCCGCCGC	GGAAGTATCG	GTCCATGCCT	120

AGCCCGGCGA	CGGCGAGCGC	CGGAATGGCG	CGAGTGAGGA	GGCGGGCAAT	TTGGCGGGGC	180
CCGGCGACGG	GAGCGCCGG	AATGGCGCGA	GTGAGGAGGC	GGGCAGTCAT	GCCCAGCGTG	240
ATCCAATCAA	CCTGCATTCG	GCCTGCGGGC	CCATTTGACA	ATCGAGGTAG	TGAGCGCAAA	300
TGAATGATGG	AAAACGGGCG	GTGACGTCCG	статтста	GGTGCTAGGT	GCCTGCCTGG	360
CGTTGTGGCT	ATCAGGATGT	TCTTCGCCGA	AACCTGATGC	CGAGGAACAG	GGTGTTCCCG	420
TGAGCCCGAC	GGCGTCCGAC	CCCGCGCTCC	TCGCCGAGAT	CAGGCAGTCG	CTTGATGCGA	480
CAAAAGGGTT	GACCAGCGTG	CACGTAGCGG	TCCGAACAAC	CGGGAAAGTC	GACAGCTTGC	540
TGGGTATTAC	CAGTGCCGAT	GTCGACGTCC	GGGCCAATCC	GCTCGCGGCA	AAGGCCGTAT	600
GCACCTACAA	CGACGAGCAG	GGTGTCCCGT	TTCGGGTACA	AGGCGACAAC	ATCTCGGTGA	660
AACTGTTCGA	CGACTGGAGC	AATCTCGGCT	CGATTTCTGA	ACTGTCAACT	TCACGCGTGC	720
TCGATCCTGC	CGCTGGGGTG	ACGCAGCTGC	TGTCCGGTGT	CACGAACCTC	CAAGCGCAAG	780
GTACCGAAGT	GATAGACGGA	ATTTCGACCA	CCAAAATCAC	CGGGACCATC	CCCGCGAGCT	840
CTGTCAAGAT	GCTTGATCCT	GGCGCCAAGA	GTGCAAGGCC	GGCGACCGTG	TGGATTGCCC	900
AGGACGGCTC	GCACCACCTC	GTCCGAGCGA	GCATCGACCT	CGGATCCGGG	TCGATTCAGC	960
TCACGCAGTC	GAAATGGAAC	GAACCCGTCA	ACGTCGACTA	GGCCGAAGTT	GCGTCGACGC	1020
GTTGNTCGAA	ACGCCCTTGT	GAACGGTGTC	AACGGNAC			1058

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 542 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

GAATTCGGCA CGAGAGGTGA TCGACATCAT CGGGACCAGC CCCACATCCT GGGAACAGGC 60 GGCGGCGGAG GCGGTCCAGC GGGCGCGGGA TAGCGTCGAT GACATCCGCG TCGCTCGGGT 120 CATTGAGCAG GACATGGCCG TGGACAGCGC CGGCAAGATC ACCTACCGCA TCAAGCTCGA 180 AGTGTCGTTC AAGATGAGGC CGGCGCAACC GCGCTAGCAC GGGCCGGCGA GCAAGACGCA 240 AAATCGCACG GTTTGCGGTT GATTCGTGCG ATTTTGTGTC TGCTCGCCGA GGCCTACCAG 300 GCGCGGCCCA GGTCCGCGTG CTGCCGTATC CAGGCGTGCA TCGCGATTCC GGCGGCCACG 360 CCGGAGTTAA TGCTTCGCGT CGACCCGAAC TGGGCGATCC GCCGGNGAGC TGATCGATGA 420 CCGTGGCCAG CCCGTCGATG CCCGAGTTGC CCGAGGAAAC GTGCTGCCAG GCCGGTAGGA 480 AGCGTCCGTA GGCGGCGGTG CTGACCGGCT CTGCCTGCGC CCTCAGTGCG GCCAGCGAGC 540 GG 542

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 913 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID NO:16:

CGGTGCCGCC CGCGCCTCCG TTGCCCCCAT TGCCGCCGTC GCCGATCAGC TGCGCATCGC 60

CACCATCACC GCCTTTGCCG CCGGCACCGC CGGTGGCGCC GGGGCCGCCG ATGCCACCGC 120

TTGACCCTGG CCGCCGGCGC CGCCATTGCC ATACAGCACC CCGCCGGGGG CACCGTTACC 180

GCCGTCGCCA CCGTCGCCGC CGCTGCCGTT TCAGGCCGGG GAGGCCGAAT GAACCGCCGC 240

CAAGCCCGCC GCCGGCACCG TTGCCGCCTT TTCCGCCCGC CCCGCCGGCG CCGCCAATTG 300

CCGAACAGCC	AMGCACCGTT	GCCGCCAGCC	CCGCCGCCGT	TAACGGCGCT	GCCGGGCGCC	360
GCCGCCGGAC	CCGCCATTAC	CGCCGTTCCC	GTTCGGTGCC	CCGCCGTTAC	CGGCGCCGCC	420
GTTTGCCGCC	AATATTCGGC	GGGCACCGCC	AGACCCGCCG	GGGCCACCAT	TGCCGCCGGG	480
CACCGAAACA	ACAGCCCAAC	GGTGCCGCCG	GCCCGCCGT	TTGCCGCCAT	CACCGGCCAT	540
TCACCGCCAG	CACCGCCGTT	AATGTTTATG	AACCCGGTAC	CGCCAGCGCG	GCCCCTATTG	600
CCGGGCGCCG	GAGNGCGTGC	CCGCCGGCGC	CGCCAACGCC	CAAAAGCCCG	GGGTTGCCAC	660
CGGCCCCGCC	GGACCCACCG	GTCCCGCCGA	TCCCCCCGTT	GCCGCCGGTG	CCGCCGCCAT	720
TGGTGCTGCT	GAAGCCGTTA	GCGCCGGTTC	CGCSGGTTCC	GGCGGTGGCG	CCNTGGCCGC	780
CGGCCCCGCC	GTTGCCGTAC	AGCCACCCC	CGGTGGCGCC	GTTGCCGCCA	TTGCCGCCAT	840
TGCCGCCGTT	GCCGCCATTG	CCGCCGTTCC	CGCCGCCACC	GCCGGNTTGG	CCGCCGGCGC	900
CGCCGGCGGC	CGC					913

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1872 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

GACTACGTTG GTGTAGAAAA ATCCTGCCGC CCGGACCCTT AAGGCTGGGA CAATTTCTGA 60
TAGCTACCCC GACACAGGAG GTTACGGGAT GAGCAATTCG CGCCGCCGCT CACTCAGGTG 120
GTCATGGTTG CTGAGCGTGC TGGCTGCCGT CGGGCTGGGC CTGGCCACGG CGCCGCCCA 180
GGCGGCCCCG CCGGCCTTGT CGCAGGACCG GTTCGCCGAC TTCCCCGCGC TGCCCCTCGA 240

CCCGTCCGCG ATG	GTCGCCC AAGTGGCG	SCC ACAGGTGGT	C AACATCAAC	A CCAAACTGGG	300
CTACAACAAC GCC	GTGGGCG CCGGGACC	GG CATCGTCAT	C GATCCCAAC	G GTGTCGTGCT	360
GACCAACAAC CAC	GTGATCG CGGGCGCC	AC CGACATCAA	T GCGTTCAGC	G TCGGCTCCGG	420
CCAAACCTAC GGC	GTCGATG TGGTCGGG	TA TGACCGCAC	CAGGATGTC	GCGGTGCTGCA	480
GCTGCGCGGT GCC	GGTGGCC TGCCGTCG	GC GGCGATCGGT	r <b>GGCGGCG</b> TCG	G CGGTTGGTGA	540
GCCCGTCGTC GCG	ATGGGCA ACAGCGGT	GG GCAGGGCGGA	ACGCCCCGTG	CGGTGCCTGG	600
CAGGGTGGTC GCG	CTCGGCC AAACCGTG	CA GGCGTCGGAT	TCGCTGACCG	GTGCCGAAGA	660
GACATTGAAC GGG	TTGATCC AGTTCGAT	GC CGCAATCCAG	CCCGGTGATT	CGGGCGGGCC	720
CGTCGTCAAC GGCC	CTAGGAC AGGTGGTC	GG TATGAACACG	GCCGCGTCCG	ATAACTTCCA	780
GCTGTCCCAG GGTG	GGCAGG GATTCGCC	AT TCCGATCGGG	CAGGCGATGG	CGATCGCGGG	840
CCAAATCCGA TCGG	GGTGGGG GGTCACCCA	C CGTTCATATC	GGGCCTACCG	CCTTCCTCGG	900
CTTGGGTGTT GTCG	GACAACA ACGGCAACG	GG CGCACGAGTC	CAACGCGTGG	TCGGAAGCGC	960
TCCGGCGGCA AGTC	CTCGGCA TCTCCACCG	GG CGACGTGATC	ACCGCGGTCG	ACGGCGCTCC	1020
GATCAACTCG GCCA	ACCGCGA TGGCGGACG	GC GCTTAACGGG	CATCATCCCG	GTGACGTCAT	1080
CTCGGTGAAC TGGC	CAAACCA AGTCGGGCG	G CACGCGTACA	GGGAACGTGA	CATTGGCCGA	1140
GGGACCCCCG GCCT	GATTTG TCGCGGATA	C CACCCGCCGG	CCGGCCAATT	GGATTGGCGC	1200
CAGCCGTGAT TGCC	GCGTGA GCCCCCGAG	T TCCGTCTCCC	GTGCGCGTGG	CATTGTGGAA	1260
GCAATGAACG AGGC	AGAACA CAGCGTTGA	G CACCCTCCCG	TGCAGGGCAG	TTACGTCGAA	1320
GGCGGTGTGG TCGA	GCATCC GGATGCCAA	G GACTTCGGCA	GCGCCGCCGC	CCTGCCCGCC	1380
GATCCGACCT GGTT	TAAGCA CGCCGTCTT	C TACGAGGTGC	TGGTCCGGGC	GTTCTTCGAC	1440
GCCAGCGCGG ACGG	TTCCGN CGATCTGCG	T GGACTCATCG	ATCGCCTCGA	CTACCTGCAG	1500
TGGCTTGGCA TCGA	CTGCAT CTGTTGCCG	C CGTTCCTACG	ACTCACCGCT	GCGCGACGGC	1560
GGTTACGACA TTCG	CGACTT CTACAAGGT	G CTGCCCGAAT	TCGGCACCGT	CGACGATTTC	1620

GTCGCCCTGG	TCGACACCGC	TCACCGGCGA	GGTATCCGCA	TCATCACCGA	CCTGGTGATG	1680
AATCACACCT	CGGAGTCGCA	CCCCTGGTTT	CAGGAGTCCC	GCCGCGACCC	AGACGGACCG	1740
TACGGTGACT	ATTACGTGTG	GAGCGACACC	AGCGAGCGCT	ACACCGACGC	CCGGATCATC	1800
TTCGTCGACA	CCGAAGAGTC	GAACTGGTCA	TTCGATCCTG	TCCGCCGACA	GTTNCTACTG	1860
GCACCGATTC	П					1872

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1482 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

CTTCGCCGAA	ACCTGATGCC	GAGGAACAGG	GTGTTCCCGT	GAGCCCGACG	GCGTCCGACC	60
CCGCGCTCCT	CGCCGAGATC	AGGCAGTCGC	TTGATGCGAC	AAAAGGGTTG	ACCAGCGTGC	120
ACGTAGCGGT	CCGAACAACC	GGGAAAGTCG	ACAGCTTGCT	GGGTATTACC	AGTGCCGATG	180
TCGACGTCCG	GGCCAATCCG	CTCGCGGCAA	AGGGCGTATG	CACCTACAAC	GACGAGCAGG	240
GTGTCCCGTT	TCGGGTACAA	GGCGACAACA	TCTCGGTGAA	ACTGTTCGAC	GACTGGAGCA	300
ATCTCGGCTC	GATTTCTGAA	CTGTCAACTT	CACGCGTGCT	CGATCCTGCC	GCTGGGGTGA	360
CGCAGCTGCT	GTCCGGTGTC	ACGAACCTCC	AAGCGCAAGG	TACCGAAGTG	ATAGACGGAA	420
TTTCGACCAC	CAAAATCACC	GGGACCATCC	CCGCGAGCTC	TGTCAAGATG	CTTGATCCTG	480
GCGCCAAGAG	TGCAAGGCCG	GCGACCGTGT	GGATTGCCCA	GGACGGCTCG	CACCACCTCG	540
TCCGAGCGAG	CATCGACCTC	GGATCCGGGT	CGATTCAGCT	CACGCAGTCG	AAATGGAACG	600

AACCCGTCAA	CGTCGACTAG	GCCGAAGTTG	CGTCGACGCG	TTGCTCGAAA	CGCCCTTGTG	660
AACGGTGTCA	ACGGCACCCG	AAAACTGACC	CCCTGACGGC	ATCTGAAAAT	TGACCCCCTA	720
GACCGGGCGG	TTGGTGGTTA	TTCTTCGGTG	GTTCCGGCTG	GTGGGACGCG	GCCGAGGTCG	780
CGGTCTTTGA	GCCGGTAGCT	GTCGCCTTTG	AGGGCGACGA	CTTCAGCATG	GTGGACGAGG	840
CGGTCGATCA	TGGCGGCAGC	AACGACGTCG	TCGCCGCCGA	AAACCTCGCC	CCACCGGCCG	900
AAGGCCTTAT	TGGACGTGAC	GATCAAGCTG	GCCCGCTCAT	ACCGGGAGGA	CACCAGCTGG	960
AAGAAGAGGT	TGGCGGCCTC	GGGCTCAAAC	GGAATGTAAC	CGACTTCGTC	AACCACCAGG	1020
AGCGGATAGC	GGCCAAACCG	GGTGAGTTCG	GCGTAGATGC	GCCCGGCGTG	GTGAGCCTCG	1080
GCGAACCGTG	CTACCCATTC	GGCGGCGGTG	GCGAACAGCA	CCCGATGACC	GGCCTGACAC	1140
GCGCGTATCG	CCAGGCCGAC	CGCAAGATGA	GTCTTCCCGG	TGCCAGGCGG	GGCCCAAAAA	1200
CACGACGTTA	TCGCGGGCGG	TGATGAAATC	CAGGGTGCCC	AGATGTGCGA	TGGTGTCGCG	1260
TTTGAGGCCA	CGAGCATGCT	CAAAGTCGAA	CTCTTCCAAC	GACTTCCGAA	CCGGGAAGCG	1320
GGCGGCGCGG	ATGCGGCCCT	CACCACCATG	GGACTCCCGG	GCTGACACTT	CCCGCTGCAG	1380
GCAGGCGGCC	AGGTATTCTT	CGTGGCTCCA	GTTCTCGGCG	CGGGCGCGAT	CGGCCAGCCG	1440
GGACACTGAC	TCACGCAGGG	TGGGAGCTTT	CAATGCTCTT	GT		1482

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 876 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

CGTGCTCGGG	GCCACCGCCG	GGCGCACCAC	CCTGACCGGT	GAGGGCCTGC	AACACGCCGA	120
CGGTCACTCG	TTGCTGCTGG	ACGCCACCAA	CCCGGCGGTG	GTTGCCTACG	ACCCGGCCTT	180
CGCCTACGAA	ATCGGCTACA	TCGNGGAAAG	CGGACTGGCC	AGGATGTGCG	GGGAGAACCC	240
GGAGAACATC	TTCTTCTACA	TCACCGTCTA	CAACGAGCCG	TACGTGCAGC	CGCCGGAGCC	300
GGAGAACTTC	GATCCCGAGG	GCGTGCTGGG	GGGTATCTAC	CGNTATCACG	CGGCCACCGA	360
GCAACGCACC	AACAAGGNGC	AGATCCTGGC	CTCCGGGGTA	GCGATGCCCG	CGGCGCTGCG	420
GGCAGCACAG	ATGCTGGCCG	CCGAGTGGGA	TGTCGCCGCC	GACGTGTGGT	CGGTGACCAG	480
TTGGGGCGAG	CTAAACCGCG	ACGGGGTGGT	CATCGAGACC	GAGAAGCTCC	GCCACCCGA	540
TCGGCCGGCG	GGCGTGCCCT	ACGTGACGAG	AGCGCTGGAG	AATGCTCGGG	GCCCGGTGAT	600
CGCGGTGTCG	GACTGGATGC	GCGCGGTCCC	CGAGCAGATC	CGACCGTGGG	TGCCGGCAC	660
ATACCTCACG	TTGGGCACCG	ACGGGTTCGG	TTTTTCCGAC	ACTCGGCCCG	CCGGTCGTCG	720
TTACTTCAAC	ACCGACGCCG	AATCCCAGGT	TGGTCGCGGT	TTTGGGAGGG	GTTGGCCGGG	780
TCGACGGGTG	AATATCGACC	CATTCGGTGC	CGGTCGTGGG	CCGCCCGCCC	AGTTACCCGG	840
ATTCGACGAA	GGTGGGGGGT	TGCGCCCGAN	TAAGTT			876

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1021 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

CAGATTCATA	ACGAATTCAC	AGCGGCACAA	CAATATGTCG	CGATCGCGGT	TTATTTCGAC	120
AGCGAAGACC	TGCCGCAGTT	GGCGAAGCAT	TTTTACAGCC	AAGCGGTCGA	GGAACGAAAC	180
CATGCAATGA	TGCTCGTGCA	ACACCTGCTC	GACCGCGACC	TTCGTGTCGA	AATTCCCGGC	240
GTAGACACGG	TGCGAAACCA	GTTCGACAGA	CCCCGCGAGG	CACTGGCGCT	GGCGCTCGAT	300
CAGGAACGCA	CAGTCACCGA	CCAGGTCGGT	CGGCTGACAG	CGGTGGCCCG	CGACGAGGGC	360
GATTTCCTCG	GCGAGCAGTT	CATGCAGTGG	TTCTTGCAGG	AACAGATCGA	AGAGGTGGCC	420
TTGATGGCAA	CCCTGGTGCG	GGTTGCCGAT	CGGGCCGGGG	CCAACCTGTT	CGAGCTAGAG	480
AACTTCGTCG	CACGTGAAGT	GGATGTGGCG	CCGGCCGCAT	CAGGCGCCCC	GCACGCTGCC	540
GGGGGCCGCC	TCTAGATCCC	TGGGGGGAT	CAGCGAGTGG	TCCCGTTCGC	CCGCCCGTCT	600
TCCAGCCAGG	CCTTGGTGCG	GCCGGGGTGG	TGAGTACCAA	TCCAGGCCAC	CCCGACCTCC	660
CGGNAAAAGT	CGATGTCCTC	GTACTCATCG	ACGTTCCAGG	AGTACACCGC	CCGGCCCTGA	720
GCTGCCGAGC	GGTCAACGAG	TTGCGGATAT	TCCTTTAACG	CAGGCAGTGA	GGGTCCCACG	780
GCGGTTGGCC	CGACCGCCGT	GGCCGCACTG	CTGGTCAGGT	ATCGGGGGGT	CTTGGCGAGC	840
AACAACGTCG	GCAGGAGGGG	TGGAGCCCGC	CGGATCCGCA	GACCGGGGGG	GCGAAAACGA	900
CATCAACACC	GCACGGGATC	GATCTGCGGA	GGGGGGTGCG	GGAATACCGA	ACCGGTGTAG	960
GAGCGCCAGC	AGTTGTTTTT	CCACCAGCGA	AGCGTTTTCG	GGTCATCGGN	GGCNNTTAAG	1020
Т						1021

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 321 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:	
CGTGCCGACG AACGGAAGAA CACAACCATG AAGATGGTGA AATCGATCGC CGCAGGTCTG	60
ACCGCCGCGG CTGCAATCGG CGCCGCTGCG GCCGGTGTGA CTTCGATCAT GGCTGGCGGN	120
CCGGTCGTAT ACCAGATGCA GCCGGTCGTC TTCGGCGCGC CACTGCCGTT GGACCCGGNA	180
TCCGCCCCTG ANGTCCCGAC CGCCGCCCAG TGGACCAGNC TGCTCAACAG NCTCGNCGAT	240
CCCAACGTGT CGTTTGNGAA CAAGGGNAGT CTGGTCGAGG GNGGNATCGG NGGNANCGAG	300
GGNGNGNATC GNCGANCACA A	321
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

(A) LENGTH: 373 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

TCTTATCGGT TCCGGTTGGC GACGGGTTTT GGGNGCGGGT GGTTAACCCG CTCGGCCAGC 60

CGATCGACGG GCGCGGAGAC GTCGACTCCG ATACTCGGCG CGCGCTGGAG CTCCAGGCGC 120

CCTCGGTGGT GNACCGGCAA GGCGTGAAGG AGCCGTTGNA GACCGGGATC AAGGCGATTG 180

ACGCGATGAC CCCGATCGGC CGCGGGCAGC GCCAGCTGAT CATCGGGGAC CGCAAGACCG 240

GCAAAAACCG CCGTCTGTGT CGGACACCAT CCTCAAACCA GCGGGAAGAA CTGGGAGTCC 300

GGTGGATCCC AAGAAGCAGG TGCGCTTGTG TATACGTTGG CCATCGGGCA AGAAGGGGAA 360

CTTACCATCG CCG 373

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 352 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:	
GTGACGCCGT GATGGGATTC CTGGGCGGGG CCGGTCCGCT GGCGGTGGTG GATCAGCAAC	60
TGGTTACCCG GGTGCCGCAA GGCTGGTCGT TTGCTCAGGC AGCCGCTGTG CCGGTGGTGT	120
TCTTGACGGC CTGGTACGGG TTGGCCGATT TAGCCGAGAT CAAGGCGGGC GAATCGGTGC	180
TGATCCATGC CGGTACCGGC GGTGTGGGCA TGGCGGCTGT GCAGCTGGCT CGCCAGTGGG	240
GCGTGGAGGT TTTCGTCACC GCCAGCCGTG GNAAGTGGGA CACGCTGCGC GCCATNGNGT	300
TTGACGACGA NCCATATCGG NGATTCCCNC ACATNCGAAG TTCCGANGGA GA	352
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 726 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:	

CC 60	TGATCAAGCC	ATCGACGAAG	GCTGGCGATA	TCGACCAGCG	TTCATTCCGT	GAAATCCGCG
AC 120	TATATCGCAC	AGTTCTCTGG	GTAATCAGCA	GTCACAGCGA	GCGCTCATGG	GCGGTTCGCG
GT 180	CGGTTCGCGT	TCGCATGTAC	CGTACCGTCA	AGATCGCTTT	GTTGCTTGCC	CTAGCGTCCA
CG 240	CTCGGGGTCG	TGTGGCGGGT	TGGCCACGGG	GCGTGCATCC	CATGCTGGCG	GCCGCACGCT

GCGCGCAGTC	CGCAGCCCAA	ACCGCGCCGG	TGCCCGACTA	CTACTGGTGC	CCGGGGCAGC	300
CTTTCGACCC	CGCATGGGGG	CCCAACTGGG	ATCCCTACAC	CTGCCATGAC	GACTTCCACC	360
GCGACAGCGA	CGGCCCCGAC	CACAGCCGCG	ACTACCCCGG	ACCCATCCTC	GAAGGTCCCG	420
TGCTTGACGA	TCCCGGTGCT	GCGCCGCCGC	CCCCGGCTGC	CGGTGGCGGC	GCATAGCGCT	480
CGTTGACCGG	GCCGCATCAG	CGAATACGCG	TATAAACCCG	GGCGTGCCCC	CGGCAAGCTA	540
CGACCCCCGG	CGGGGCAGAT	TTACGCTCCC	GTGCCGATGG	ATCGCGCCGT	CCGATGACAG	600
AAAATAGGCG	ACGGTTTTGG	CAACCGCTTG	GAGGACGCTT	GAAGGGAACC	TGTCATGAAC	660
GGCGACAGCG	CCTCCACCAT	CGACATCGAC	AAGGTTGTTA	CCCGCACACC	CGTTCGCCGG	720
ATCGTG						726

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 580 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

CGCG	GACGACG	ACGAACGTCG	GGCCCACCAC	CGCCTATGCG	TTGATGCAGG	CGACCGGGAT	60
GGTC	GCCGAC	CATATCCAAG	CATGCTGGGT	GCCCACTGAG	CGACCTTTTG	ACCAGCCGGG	120
CTGC	CCGATG	GCGGCCCGGT	GAAGTCATTG	CGCCGGGGCT	TGTGCACCTG	ATGAACCCGA	180
ATAG	GGAACA	ATAGGGGGGT	GATTTGGCAG	TTCAATGTCG	GGTATGGCTG	GAAATCCAAT	240
GGCG	GGGCAT	GCTCGGCGCC	GACCAGGCTC	GCGCAGGCGG	GCCAGCCCGA	ATCTGGAGGG	300
AGCA	CTCAAT	GGCGGCGATG	AAGCCCCGGA	CCGGCGACGG	TCCTTTGGAA	GCAACTAAGG	360

AGGGGCGCGG CATTGTGATG CGAGTACCAC TTGAGGGTGG CGGTCGCCTG GTCGTCGAGC	420
TGACACCCGA CGAAGCCGCC GCACTGGGTG ACGAACTCAA AGGCGTTACT AGCTAAGACC	480
AGCCCAACGG CGAATGGTCG GCGTTACGCG CACACCTTCC GGTAGATGTC CAGTGTCTGC	540
TCGGCGATGT ATGCCCAGGA GAACTCTTGG ATACAGCGCT	580
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 160 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:	
AACGGAGGCG CCGGGGGTTT TGGCGGGGCC GGGGCGGTCG GCGGCAACGG CGGGGCCGGC	60
GGTACCGCCG GGTTGTTCGG TGTCGGCGGG GCCGGTGGGG CCGGAGGCAA CGGCATCGCC	120
GGTGTCACGG GTACGTCGGC CAGCACACCG GGTGGATCCG	160
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 272 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:	
GACACCGATA CGATGGTGAT GTACGCCAAC GTTGTCGACA CGCTCGAGGC GTTCACGATC	60
CAGCGCACAC CCGACGGCGT GACCATCGGC GATGCGGCCC CGTTCGCGGA GGCGGCTGCC	120

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AAGGCGATGG GAATCGACAA GCTGCGGGTA ATTCATACCG GAATGGACCC CGTCGTCGCT	180
GAACGCGAAC AGTGGGACGA CGGCAACAAC ACGTTGGCGT TGGCGCCCGG TGTCGTTGTC	240
GCCTACGAGC GCAACGTACA GACCAACGCC CG	272
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 317 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:	
GCAGCCGGTG GTTCTCGGAC TATCTGCGCA CGGTGACGCA GCGCGACGTG CGCGAGCTGA	60
AGCGGATCGA GCAGACGGAT CGCCTGCCGC GGTTCATGCG CTACCTGGCC GCTATCACCG	120
CGCAGGAGCT GAACGTGGCC GAAGCGGCGC GGGTCATCGG GGTCGACGCG GGGACGATCC	180
GTTCGGATCT GGCGTGGTTC GAGACGGTCT ATCTGGTACA TCGCCTGCCC GCCTGGTCGC	240
GGAATCTGAC CGCGAAGATC AAGAAGCGGT CAAAGATCCA CGTCGTCGAC AGTGGCTTCG	300
CGGCCTGGTT GCGCGGG	317
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 182 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li></ul>	

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi)	SEQUENCE	DESCRIPTION:	SEQ	ID	NO:29:
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GATCGTGGAG	CTGTCGATGA	ACAGCGTTGC	CGGACGCGCG	GCGGCCAGCA	CGTCGGTGTA	60
GCAGCGCCGG	ACCACCTCGC	CGGTGGGCAG	CATGGTGATG	ACCACGTCGG	CCTCGGCCAC	120
CGCTTCGGGC	GCGCTACGAA	ACACCGCGAC	ACCGTGCGCG	GCGGCGCCGG	ACGCCGCCGT	180
GG						182

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

# (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 308 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

GATCGCGAAG TTTGGTGAG	C AGGTGGTCGA	CGCGAAAGTC	TGGGCGCCTG	CGAAGCGGGT	60
CGGCGTTCAC GAGGCGAAG	A CACGCCTGTC	CGAGCTGCTG	CGGCTCGTCT	ACGGCGGCA	120
GAGGTTGAGA TTGCCCGCC	G CGGCGAGCCG	GTAGCAAAGC	TTGTGCCGCT	GCATCCTCAT	180
GAGACTCGGC GGTTAGGCA	T TGACCATGGC	GTGTACCGCG	TGCCCGACGA	TTTGGACGCT	240
CCGTTGTCAG ACGACGTGC	T CGAACGCTTT	CACCGGTGAA	GCGCTACCTC	ATCGACACCC	300
ACGTTTGG					308

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 267 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:	
CCGACGACGA GCAACTCACG TGGATGATGG TCGGCAGCGG CATTGAGGAC GGAGAGAATC	60
CGGCCGAAGC TGCCGCGCG CAAGTGCTCA TAGTGACCGG CCGTAGAGGG CTCCCCCGAT	120
GGCACCGGAC TATTCTGGTG TGCCGCTGGC CGGTAAGAGC GGGTAAAAGA ATGTGAGGGG	180
ACACGATGAG CAATCACACC TACCGAGTGA TCGAGATCGT CGGGACCTCG CCCGACGGCG	240
TCGACGCGGC AATCCAGGGC GGTCTGG	267
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 189 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:	
CTCGTGCCGA AAGAATGTGA GGGGACACGA TGAGCAATCA CACCTACCGA GTGATCGAGA	60
TCGTCGGGAC CTCGCCCGAC GGCGTCGACG CGGCAATCCA GGGCGGTCTG GCCCGAGCTG	120
CGCAGACCAT GCGCGCGCTG GACTGGTTCG AAGTACAGTC AATTCGAGGC CACCTGGTCG	180
ACGGAGCGG	189
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEO ID NO.33.	

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(A) LENGTH: 851 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

CTGCAGGGTG	GCGTGGATGA	GCGTCACCGC	GGGGCAGGCC	GAGCTGACCG	CCGCCCAGGT	60
						00
CCGGGTTGCT	GCGGCGGCCT	ACGAGACGGC	GTATGGGCTG	ACGGTGCCCC	CGCCGGTGAT	120
CGCCGAGAAC	CGTGCTGAAC	TGATGATTCT	GATAGCGACC	AACCTCTTGG	GGCAAAACAC	180
CCCGGCGATC	GCGGTCAACG	AGGCCGAATA	CGGCGAGATG	TGGGCCCAAG	ACGCCGCCGC	240
GATGTTTGGC	TACGCCGCGG	CGACGGCGAC	GGCGACGGCG	ACGTTGCTGC	CGTTCGAGGA	300
GGCGCCGGAG	ATGACCAGCG	CGGGTGGGCT	CCTCGAGCAG	GCCGCCGCGG	TCGAGGAGGC	360
CTCCGACACC	GCCGCGGCGA	ACCAGTTGAT	GAACAATGTG	CCCCAGGCGC	TGAAACAGTT	420
GGCCCAGCCC	ACGCAGGGCA	CCACGCCTTC	TTCCAAGCTG	GGTGGCCTGT	GGAAGACGGT	480
CTCGCCGCAT	CGGTCGCCGA	TCAGCAACAT	GGTGTCGATG	GCCAACAACC	ACATGTCGAT	540
GACCAACTCG	GGTGTGTCGA	TGACCAACAC	CTTGAGCTCG	ATGTTGAAGG	GCTTTGCTCC	600
GGCGGCGGCC	GCCCAGGCCG	TGCAAACCGC	GGCGCAAAAC	GGGGTCCGGG	CGATGAGCTC	660
GCTGGGCAGC	TCGCTGGGTT	CTTCGGGTCT	GGGCGGTGGG	GTGGCCGCCA	ACTTGGGTCG	720
GGCGGCCTCG	GTACGGTATG	GTCACCGGGA	TGGCGGAAAA	TATGCANAGT	CTGGTCGGCG	780
GAACGGTGGT	CCGGCGTAAG	GTTTACCCCC	GTTTTCTGGA	TGCGGTGAAC	TTCGTCAACG	840
GAAACAGTTA	С					851

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 254 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi)	SEQUENCE	DESCRIPTION:	SEO	ID	NO:34:
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GATCGATCGG GCGGAAATTT GGACCAGATT CGCCTCCGGC GATAACCCAA TCAATCGAAC 60
CTAGATTTAT TCCGTCCAGG GGCCCGAGTA ATGGCTCGCA GGAGAGGAAC CTTACTGCTG 120
CGGGCACCTG TCGTAGGTCC TCGATACGGC GGAAGGCGTC GACATTTTCC ACCGACACCC 180
CCATCCAAAC GTTCGAGGGC CACTCCAGCT TGTGAGCGAG GCGACGCAGT CGCAGGCTGC 240
GCTTGGTCAA GATC 254

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 408 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID NO:35:

CGGCACGAGG ATCCTGACCG AAGCGGCCGC CGCCAAGGCG AAGTCGCTGT TGGACCAGGA 60
GGGACGGAC GATCTGGCGC TGCGGATCGC GGTTCAGCCG GGGGGGTGCG CTGGATTGCG 120
CTATAACCTT TTCTTCGACG ACCGGACGCT GGATGGTGAC CAAACCGCGG AGTTCGGTGG 180
TGTCAGGTTG ATCGTGGACC GGATGAGCGC GCCGTATGTG GAAGGCGCGT CGATCGATTT 240
CGTCGACACT ATTGAGAAGC AAGGNTTCAC CATCGACAAT CCCAACGCCA CCGGCTCCTG 300
CGCGTGCGGG GATTCGTTCA ACTGATAAAA CGCTAGTACG ACCCCGCGGT GCGCAACACG 360
TACGAGCACA CCAAGACCTG ACCGCGCTGG AAAAGCAACT GAGCGATG 408

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

PCT/US96/14674

(A)	LENGTH: 181 base pairs
(B)	TYPE: nucleic acid
(C)	STRANDEDNESS: single
(D)	TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:

GCGGTGTCGG	CGGATCCGGC	GGGTGGTTGA	ACGGCAACGG	CGGGGCCGGC	GGGGCCGGCG	60
GGACCGGCGC	TAACGGTGGT	GCCGGCGGCA	ACGCCTGGTT	GTTCGGGGCC	GGCGGGTCCG	120
GCGGNGCCGG	CACCAATGGT	GGNGTCGGCG	GGTCCGGCGG	ATTTGTCTAC	GGCAACGGCG	180
G						181

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 290 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

GCGGTGTCGG	CGGATCCGGC	GGGTGGTTGA	ACGGCAACGG	CGGTGTCGGC	GGCCGGGGCG	60
GCGACGGCGT	CTTTGCCGGT	GCCGGCGGCC	AGGGCGGCCT	CGGTGGGCAG	GGCGGCAATG	120
GCGGCGGCTC	CACCGGCGGC	AACGGCGGTC	TTGGCGGCGC	GGGCGGTGGC	GGAGGCAACG	180
CCCCGGACGG	CGGCTTCGGT	GGCAACGGCG	GTAAGGGTGG	CCAGGGCGGN	ATTGGCGGCG	240
GCACTCAGAG	CGCGACCGGC	CTCGGNGGTG	ACGGCGGTGA	CGGCGGTGAC		290

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 34 base pairs

79

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
( :) CEOUENCE DECONTROL CEO TO 110 CO	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:	
GATCCAGTGG CATGGNGGGT GTCAGTGGAA GCAT	34
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 155 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:	
GATCGCTGCT CGTCCCCCC TTGCCGCCGA CGCCACCGGT CCCACCGTTA CCGAACAAGC	60
TGGCGTGGTC GCCAGCACCC CCGGCACCGC CGACGCCGGA GTCGAACAAT GGCACCGTCG	120
TATCCCCACC ATTGCCGCCG GNCCCACCGG CACCG	155
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 53 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:	
ATGGCGTTCA CGGGGCCCG GGGACCGGGC AGCCCGGNGG GGCCGGGGGG TGG	53
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 132 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:	
GATCCACCGC GGGTGCAGAC GGTGCCCGCG GCGCCACCCC GACCAGCGGC GGCAACGGCG	60
GCACCGGCGG CAACGCCGCG AACGCCACCG TCGTCGGNGG GGCCGGCGGG GCCGGCGGCA	120
AGGGCGGCAA CG	132
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 132 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:	
GATCGGCGGC CGGNACGGNC GGGGACGGCG GCAAGGGCGG NAACGGGGGC GCCGNAGCCA	60
CCNGCCAAGA ATCCTCCGNG TCCNCCAATG GCGCGAATGG CGGACAGGGC GGCAACGGCG	120
GCANCGGCGG CA	132

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 702 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

CGGCACGAGG	ATCGGTACCC	CGCGGCATCG	GCAGCTGCCG	ATTCGCCGGG	TTTCCCCACC	60
CGAGGAAAGC	CGCTACCAGA	TGGCGCTGCC	GAAGTAGGGC	GATCCGTTCG	CGATGCCGGC	120
ATGAACGGGC	GGCATCAAAT	TAGTGCAGGA	ACCTTTCAGT	TTAGCGACGA	TAATGGCTAT	180
AGCACTAAGG	AGGATGATCC	GATATGACGC	AGTCGCAGAC	CGTGACGGTG	GATCAGCAAG	240
AGATTTTGAA	CAGGGCCAAC	GAGGTGGAGG	CCCCGATGGC	GGACCCACCG	ACTGATGTCC	300
CCATCACACC	GTGCGAACTC	ACGGNGGNTA	AAAACGCCGC	CCAACAGNTG	GTNTTGTCCG	360
CCGACAACAT	GCGGGAATAC	CTGGCGGCCG	GTGCCAAAGA	GCGGCAGCGT	CTGGCGACCT	420
CGCTGCGCAA	CGCGGCCAAG	GNGTATGGCG	AGGTTGATGA	GGAGGCTGCG	ACCGCGCTGG	480
ACAACGACGG	CGAAGGAACT	GTGCAGGCAG	AATCGGCCGG	GGCCGTCGGA	GGGGACAGTT	540
CGGCCGAACT	AACCGATACG	CCGAGGGTGG	CCACGGCCGG	TGAACCCAAC	TTCATGGATC	600
TCAAAGAAGC	GGCAAGGAAG	CTCGAAACGG	GCGACCAAGG	CGCATCGCTC	GCGCACTGNG	660
GGGATGGGTG	GAACACTTNC	ACCCTGACGC	TGCAAGGCGA	CG		702

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 298 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

GAAGCCGCAG CGCTGTCGGG CGACGTGGCG GTCAAAGCGG CATCGCTCGG TGGCGGTGGA 60
GGCGGCGGGG TGCCGTCGGC GCCGTTGGGA TCCGCGATCG GGGGCGCCGA ATCGGTGCGG 120
CCCGCTGGCG CTGGTGACAT TGCCGGCTTA GGCCAGGGAA GGGCCGGCG CGGCGCCGCG 180
CTGGGCGGCG GTGGCATGGG AATGCCGATG GGTGCCGCGC ATCAGGGACA AGGGGGCGCC 240
AAGTCCAAGG GTTCTCAGCA GGAAGACGAG GCGCTCTACA CCGAGGATCC TCGTGCCG 298

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1058 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

CGGCACGAGG ATCGAATCGC GTCGCCGGGA GCACAGCGTC GCACTGCACC AGTGGAGGAG 60

CCATGACCTA CTCGCCGGGT AACCCCGGAT ACCCGCAAGC GCAGCCCGCA GGCTCCTACG 120

GAGGCGTCAC ACCCTCGTTC GCCCACGCCG ATGAGGGTGC GAGCAAGCTA CCGATGTACC 180

TGAACATCGC GGTGGCAGTG CTCGGTCTGG CTGCGTACTT CGCCAGCTTC GGCCCAATGT 240

TCACCCTCAG TACCGAACTC GGGGGGGGTG ATGGCGCAGT GTCCGGTGAC ACTGGGCTGC 300

CGGTCGGGGT GGCTCTGCTG GCTGCGCTGC TTGCCGGGGT GGTTCTGGTG CCTAAGGCCA 360

AGAGCCATGT GACGGTAGTT GCGGTGCTCG GGGTACTCGG CGTATTTCTG ATGGTCTCGG 420

CGACGTTTAA C	CAAGCCCAGC	GCCTATTCGA	CCGGTTGGGC	ATTGTGGGTT	GTGTTGGCTT	480
TCATCGTGTT C	CCAGGCGGTT	GCGGCAGTCC	TGGCGCTCTT	GGTGGAGACC	GGCGCTATCA	540
ccgcgccggc g	SCCGCGGCCC	AAGTTCGACC	CGTATGGACA	GTACGGGCGG	TACGGGCAGT	600
ACGGCAGTA C	CGGGGTGCAG	CCGGGTGGGT	ACTACGGTCA	GCAGGGTGCT	CAGCAGGCCG	660
CGGGACTGCA G	STCGCCCGGC	CCGCAGCAGT	CTCCGCAGCC	TCCCGGATAT	GGGTCGCAGT	720
ACGGCGGCTA T	TCGTCCAGT	CCGAGCCAAT	CGGGCAGTGG	ATACACTGCT	CAGCCCCCGG	780
CCCAGCCGCC G	GCGCAGTCC	GGGTCGCAAC	AATCGCACCA	GGGCCCATCC	ACGCCACCTA	840
CCGGCTTTCC G	GAGCTTCAGC	CCACCACCAC	CGGTCAGTGC	CGGGACGGGG	TCGCAGGCTG	900
GTTCGGCTCC A	AGTCAACTAT	TCAAACCCCA	GCGGGGGCGA	GCAGTCGTCG	TCCCCCGGGG	960
GGGCGCCGGT C	TAACCGGGC	GTTCCCGCGT	CCGGTCGCGC	GTGTGCGCGA	AGAGTGAACA	1020
GGGTGTCAGC A	AGCGCGGAC	GATCCTCGTG	CCGAATTC			1058

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 327 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:

CCGGCACGAGA GACCGATGCC GCTACCCTCG CGCAGGAGGC AGGTAATTTC GAGCGGATCT 60

CCGGCGACCT GAAAACCCAG ATCGACCAGG TGGAGTCGAC GGCAGGTTCG TTGCAGGGCC 120

AGTGGCGCGG CGCGGCGGG ACGGCCGCCC AGGCCGCGGT GGTGCGCTTC CAAGAAGCAG 180

CCAATAAGCA GAAGCAGGAA CTCGACGAGA TCTCGACGAA TATTCGTCAG GCCGGCGTCC 240

AATACTCGAG GGCCGACGAG GAGCAGCAGC AGGCGCTGTC CTCGCAAATG GGCTTCTGAC 300

CCGCTAATAC GAAAAGAAAC GGAGCAA	327
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  (A) LENGTH: 170 base pairs  (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:	
CGGTCGCGAT GATGGCGTTG TCGAACGTGA CCGATTCTGT ACCGCCGTCG TTGAGATCAA	60
CCAACAACGT GTTGGCGTCG GCAAATGTGC CGNACCCGTG GATCTCGGTG ATCTTGTTCT	120
TCTTCATCAG GAAGTGCACA CCGGCCACCC TGCCCTCGGN TACCTTTCGG	170
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 127 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:	
GATCCGGCGG CACGGGGGGT GCCGGCGGCA GCACCGCTGG CGCTGGCGGC AACGGCGGGG	60
CCGGGGGTGG CGGCGGAACC GGTGGGTTGC TCTTCGGCAA CGGCGGTGCC GGCGGGCACG	120
GGGCCGT	127
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:	

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

<ul><li>(A) LENGTH: 81 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:	
CGGCGGCAAG GGCGGCACCG CCGGCAACGG GAGCGGCGCG GCCGGCGGCA ACGGCGGCAA	60
CGGCGGCTCC GGCCTCAACG G	81
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:	
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 149 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:	
GATCAGGGCT GGCCGGCTCC GGCCAGAAGG GCGGTAACGG AGGAGCTGCC GGATTGTTTG	60
GCAACGGCGG GGCCGGNGGT GCCGGCGCT CCAACCAAGC CGGTAACGGC GGNGCCGGCG	120
GAAACGGTGG TGCCGGTGGG CTGATCTGG	149
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:	
<ul><li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li><li>(A) LENGTH: 355 base pairs</li><li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li><li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li><li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li></ul>	

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

CGGCACGAGA TCACACCTAC CGAGTGATCG AGATCGTCGG GACCTCGCCC GACGGTGTCG 60

ACGCGGNAAT CCAGGGCGGT CTGGCCCGAG CTGCGCAGAC CATGCGCGCG CTGGACTGGT 120

TCGAAGTACA GTCAATTCGA GGCCACCTGG TCGACGGAGC GGTCGCGCAC TTCCAGGTGA 180

CTATGAAAGT CGGCTTCCGC CTGGAGGATT CCTGAACCTT CAAGCGCGGC CGATAACTGA 240

GGTGCATCAT TAAGCGACTT TTCCAGAACA TCCTGACGCG CTCGAAACGC GGTTCAGCCG 300

ACGGTGGCTC CGCCGAGGCG CTGCCTCCAA AATCCCTGCG ACAATTCGTC GGCGG 355

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 999 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID NO:52:

ATGCATCACC ATCACCATCA CATGCATCAG GTGGACCCCA ACTTGACACG TCGCAAGGGA 60
CGATTGGCGG CACTGGCTAT CGCGGCGATG GCCAGCGCCA GCCTGGTGAC CGTTGCGGTG 120
CCCGCGACCG CCAACGCCGA TCCGGAGCCA GCGCCCCCGG TACCCACAAC GGCCGCCTCG 180
CCGCCGTCGA CCGCTGCAGC GCCACCCGCA CCGGCGACAC CTGTTGCCCC CCCACCACCG 240
GCCGCCGCCA ACACGCCGAA TGCCCAGCCG GGCGATCCCA ACGCAGCACC TCCGCCGGCC 300
GACCCGAACG CACCGCCGC ACCTGTCATT GCCCCAAACG CACCCCAACC TGTCCGGATC 360
GACAACCCGG TTGGAGGATT CAGCTTCGCG CTGCCTGCTG GCTGGGTGGA GTCTGACGCC 420

GCCCACTTCG	ACTACGGTTC	AGCACTCCTC	AGCAAAACCA	CCGGGGACCC	GCCATTTCCC	480
GGACAGCCGC	CGCCGGTGGC	CAATGACACC	CGTATCGTGC	TCGGCCGGCT	AGACCAAAAG	540
CTTTACGCCA	GCGCCGAAGC	CACCGACTCC	AAGGCCGCGG	CCCGGTTGGG	CTCGGACATG	600
GGTGAGTTCT	ATATGCCCTA	CCCGGGCACC	CGGATCAACC	AGGAAACCGT	CTCGCTCGAC	660
GCCAACGGGG	TGTCTGGAAG	CGCGTCGTAT	TACGAAGTCA	AGTTCAGCGA	TCCGAGTAAG	720
CCGAACGGCC	AGATCTGGAC	GGGCGTAATC	GGCTCGCCCG	CGGCGAACGC	ACCGGACGCC	780
GGGCCCCCTC	AGCGCTGGTT	TGTGGTATGG	CTCGGGACCG	CCAACAACCC	GGTGGACAAG	840
GGCGCGGCCA	AGGCGCTGGC	CGAATCGATC	CGGCCTTTGG	TCGCCCCGCC	GCCGGCGCCG	900
GCACCGGCTC	CTGCAGAGCC	CGCTCCGGCG	CCGGCGCCCGG	CCGGGGAAGT	CGCTCCTACC	960
CCGACGACAC	CGACACCGCA	GCGGACCTTA	CCGGCCTGA			999

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 332 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:

Met His His His His His Met His Gln Val Asp Pro Asn Leu Thr 1 5 10 15

Arg Arg Lys Gly Arg Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ile Ala Ala Met Ala Ser 20 25 30

Ala Ser Leu Val Thr Val Ala Val Pro Ala Thr Ala Asn Ala Asp Pro 35 40 45

Glu Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Pro Thr Thr Ala Ala Ser Pro Pro Ser Thr 50 55 60

Ala Ala Ala Pro Pro Ala Pro Ala Thr Pro Val Ala Pro Pro Pro Ala Ala Ala Asn Thr Pro Asn Ala Gln Pro Gly Asp Pro Asn Ala Ala Pro Pro Pro Ala Asp Pro Asn Ala Pro Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala Pro Asn Ala Pro Gln Pro Val Arg Ile Asp Asn Pro Val Gly Gly Phe Ser Phe Ala Leu Pro Ala Gly Trp Val Glu Ser Asp Ala Ala His Phe Asp Tyr Gly Ser Ala Leu Leu Ser Lys Thr Thr Gly Asp Pro Pro Phe Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Pro Val Ala Asn Asp Thr Arg Ile Val Leu Gly Arg Leu Asp Gln Lys Leu Tyr Ala Ser Ala Glu Ala Thr Asp Ser Lys Ala Ala Ala Arg Leu Gly Ser Asp Met Gly Glu Phe Tyr Met Pro Tyr Pro Gly Thr Arg Ile Asn Gln Glu Thr Val Ser Leu Asp Ala Asn Gly Val Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser Tyr Tyr Glu Val Lys Phe Ser Asp Pro Ser Lys Pro Asn Gly Gln Ile Trp Thr Gly Val Ile Gly Ser Pro Ala Ala Asn Ala Pro Asp Ala Gly Pro Pro Gln Arg Trp Phe Val Val Trp Leu Gly Thr Ala Asn Asn Pro Val Asp Lys Gly Ala Ala Lys Ala Leu Ala Glu Ser Ile Arg Pro Leu Val Ala Pro Pro Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro 

Ala Glu Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Gly Glu Val Ala Pro Thr 305 310 315 320

Pro Thr Thr Pro Thr Pro Gln Arg Thr Leu Pro Ala 325 330

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:

Asp Pro Val Asp Ala Val Ile Asn Thr Thr Xaa Asn Tyr Gly Gln Val 1 5 10 15

Val Ala Ala Leu 20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:

Ala Val Glu Ser Gly Met Leu Ala Leu Gly Thr Pro Ala Pro Ser 1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

Ala Ala Met Lys Pro Arg Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Leu Glu Ala Ala Lys 5 10 15

Glu Gly Arg

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:

Tyr Tyr Trp Cys Pro Gly Gln Pro Phe Asp Pro Ala Trp Gly Pro 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:

Asp Ile Gly Ser Glu Ser Thr Glu Asp Gln Gln Xaa Ala Val 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:

Ala Glu Glu Ser Ile Ser Thr Xaa Glu Xaa Ile Val Pro 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:

Asp Pro Glu Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Pro Pro 1 5 10 15

Ala

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

Ala Pro Lys Thr Tyr Xaa Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Thr Asp Thr Gly
1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:

Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Gln Thr Ser 1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Asn Asn Leu Ala Asp Pro Asp Val Ser Phe Ala Asp 20 25 30

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 187 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:

Thr Gly Ser Leu Asn Gln Thr His Asn Arg Arg Ala Asn Glu Arg Lys

1 10 15

Asn Thr Thr Met Lys Met Val Lys Ser Ile Ala Ala Gly Leu Thr Ala 20 25 30

Ala Ala Ala Ile Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Val Thr Ser Ile Met Ala 35 40 45

Gly Gly Pro Val Val Tyr Gln Met Gln Pro Val Val Phe Gly Ala Pro 50 55 60

Leu Pro Leu Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln 65 70 75 80

Leu Thr Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser Leu Ala Asp Pro Asn Val Ser Phe Ala 85 90 95

Asn Lys Gly Ser Leu Val Glu Gly Gly Ile Gly Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg 100 105 110

Ile Ala Asp His Lys Leu Lys Lys Ala Ala Glu His Gly Asp Leu Pro 115 120 125

Leu Ser Phe Ser Val Thr Asn Ile Gln Pro Ala Ala Ala Gly Ser Ala 130 135 140

Thr Ala Asp Val Ser Val Ser Gly Pro Lys Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr 145 150 155 160

Gln Asn Val Thr Phe Val Asn Gln Gly Gly Trp Met Leu Ser Arg Ala 165 170 175

Ser Ala Met Glu Leu Leu Gln Ala Ala Gly Xaa 180 185

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 148 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(Q) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64:

Asp Glu Val Thr Val Glu Thr Thr Ser Val Phe Arg Ala Asp Phe Leu
5 10 15

Ser Glu Leu Asp Ala Pro Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Glu Ser Ala Val Ser 20 25 30

Gly Val Glu Gly Leu Pro Pro Gly Ser Ala Leu Leu Val Val Lys Arg
35 40 45

Gly Pro Asn Ala Gly Ser Arg Phe Leu Leu Asp Gln Ala Ile Thr Ser 50 55 60

Ala Gly Arg His Pro Asp Ser Asp Ile Phe Leu Asp Asp Val Thr Val 65 70 75 80

Ser Arg Arg His Ala Glu Phe Arg Leu Glu Asn Asn Glu Phe Asn Val 85 90 95

Val Asp Val Gly Ser Leu Asn Gly Thr Tyr Val Asn Arg Glu Pro Val 100 105 110

Asp Ser Ala Val Leu Ala Asn Gly Asp Glu Val Gln Ile Gly Lys Leu 115 120 125

Arg Leu Val Phe Leu Thr Gly Pro Lys Gln Gly Glu Asp Asp Gly Ser 130 135 140

Thr Gly Gly Pro 145

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 230 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:

Thr Ser Asn Arg Pro Ala Arg Arg Gly Arg Arg Ala Pro Arg Asp Thr
1 10 15

Gly Pro Asp Arg Ser Ala Ser Leu Ser Leu Val Arg His Arg Arg Gln 20 25 30

Gln Arg Asp Ala Leu Cys Leu Ser Ser Thr Gln Ile Ser Arg Gln Ser 35 40 45

Asn Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Asn Tyr Ser Arg Asn 50 55 60

Phe Asp Val Arg Ile Lys Ile Phe Met Leu Val Thr Ala Val Val Leu 65 70 75 80

Leu Cys Cys Ser Gly Val Ala Thr Ala Ala Pro Lys Thr Tyr Cys Glu 85 90 95

Glu Leu Lys Gly Thr Asp Thr Gly Gln Ala Cys Gln Ile Gln Met Ser 100 105 110

Asp Pro Ala Tyr Asn Ile Asn Ile Ser Leu Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Pro Asp 115 120 125

Gln Lys Ser Leu Glu Asn Tyr Ile Ala Gln Thr Arg Asp Lys Phe Leu 130 135 140

Ser Ala Ala Thr Ser Ser Thr Pro Arg Glu Ala Pro Tyr Glu Leu Asn 145 150 155 160

Ile Thr Ser Ala Thr Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ile Pro Pro Arg Gly Thr Gln
165 170 175

Ala Val Val Leu Xaa Val Tyr His Asn Ala Gly Gly Thr His Pro Thr 180 185 190 Thr Thr Tyr Lys Ala Phe Asp Trp Asp Gln Ala Tyr Arg Lys Pro Ile 195 200 205

Thr Tyr Asp Thr Leu Trp Gln Ala Asp Thr Asp Pro Leu Pro Val Val 210 215 220

Phe Pro Ile Val Ala Arg 225 230

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 132 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:

Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu Ser Gln Gly Gln Gly Phe 1 10 15

Ala Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Arg Ser 20 25 30

Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe Leu Gly 35 40 45

Leu Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Gln Arg Val 50 60

Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val 65 70 75 80

Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala 85 90 95

Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Val Asn Trp 100 105 110

Gln Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu 115 120 125

Gly Pro Pro Ala 130

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 100 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

Val Pro Leu Arg Ser Pro Ser Met Ser Pro Ser Lys Cys Leu Ala Ala 1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Arg Asn Pro Val Ile Arg Arg Arg Arg Leu Ser Asn Pro Pro 20 25 30

Pro Arg Lys Tyr Arg Ser Met Pro Ser Pro Ala Thr Ala Ser Ala Gly 35 40 45

Met Ala Arg Val Arg Arg Ala Ile Trp Arg Gly Pro Ala Thr Xaa 50 55 60

Ser Ala Gly Met Ala Arg Val Arg Arg Trp Xaa Val Met Pro Xaa Val 65 70 75 80

Ile Gln Ser Thr Xaa Ile Arg Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Phe Asp Asn Arg Gly 85 90 95

Ser Glu Arg Lys 100

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 163 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(Q) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

Met Thr Asp Asp Ile Leu Leu Ile Asp Thr Asp Glu Arg Val Arg Thr 1 5 10 15

Leu Thr Leu Asn Arg Pro Gln Ser Arg Asn Ala Leu Ser Ala Ala Leu 20 25 30

Arg Asp Arg Phe Phe Ala Xaa Leu Xaa Asp Ala Glu Xaa Asp Asp Asp 35 40 45

Ile Asp Val Val Ile Leu Thr Gly Ala Asp Pro Val Phe Cys Ala Gly 50 55 60

Leu Asp Leu Lys Val Ala Gly Arg Ala Asp Arg Ala Ala Gly His Leu 65 70 75 80

Thr Ala Val Gly Gly His Asp Gln Ala Gly Asp Arg Asp Gln Arg 85 90 95

Arg Arg Gly His Arg Arg Ala Arg Thr Gly Ala Val Leu Arg His Pro 100 105 110

Asp Arg Leu Arg Ala Arg Pro Leu Arg Arg His Pro Arg Pro Gly Gly 115 120 125

Ala Ala Ala His Leu Gly Thr Gln Cys Val Leu Ala Ala Lys Gly Arg 130 135 140

His Arg Xaa Gly Pro Val Asp Glu Pro Asp Arg Arg Leu Pro Val Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Arg Arg

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 344 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

- Met Lys Phe Val Asn His Ile Glu Pro Val Ala Pro Arg Arg Ala Gly 1 5 10 15
- Gly Ala Val Ala Glu Val Tyr Ala Glu Ala Arg Arg Glu Phe Gly Arg 20 25 30
- Leu Pro Glu Pro Leu Ala Met Leu Ser Pro Asp Glu Gly Leu Leu Thr 35 40 45
- Ala Gly Trp Ala Thr Leu Arg Glu Thr Leu Leu Val Gly Gln Val Pro 50 60
- Arg Gly Arg Lys Glu Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Ala Ser Leu Arg 65 70 75 80
- Cys Pro Trp Cys Val Asp Ala His Thr Thr Met Leu Tyr Ala Ala Gly 85 90 95
- Gln Thr Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Ile Leu Ala Gly Thr Ala Pro Ala Ala 100 105 110
- Gly Asp Pro Asn Ala Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Ala Ala Gly Thr Gly Thr 115 120 125
- Pro Ala Gly Pro Pro Ala Pro Phe Gly Pro Asp Val Ala Ala Glu Tyr 130 135 140
- Leu Gly Thr Ala Val Gln Phe His Phe Ile Ala Arg Leu Val Leu Val 145 150 155 160
- Leu Leu Asp Glu Thr Phe Leu Pro Gly Gly Pro Arg Ala Gln Gln Leu 165 170 175

- Met Arg Arg Ala Gly Gly Leu Val Phe Ala Arg Lys Val Arg Ala Glu 180 185 190
- His Arg Pro Gly Arg Ser Thr Arg Arg Leu Glu Pro Arg Thr Leu Pro 195 200 205
- Asp Asp Leu Ala Trp Ala Thr Pro Ser Glu Pro Ile Ala Thr Ala Phe 210 220
- Ala Ala Leu Ser His His Leu Asp Thr Ala Pro His Leu Pro Pro Pro 225 230 235 240
- Thr Arg Gln Val Val Arg Arg Val Val Gly Ser Trp His Gly Glu Pro 245 250 255
- Met Pro Met Ser Ser Arg Trp Thr Asn Glu His Thr Ala Glu Leu Pro 260 265 270
- Ala Asp Leu His Ala Pro Thr Arg Leu Ala Leu Leu Thr Gly Leu Ala 275 280 285
- Pro His Gln Val Thr Asp Asp Asp Val Ala Ala Ala Arg Ser Leu Leu 290 295 300
- Asp Thr Asp Ala Ala Leu Val Gly Ala Leu Ala Trp Ala Ala Phe Thr 305 310 315 320
- Ala Ala Arg Arg Ile Gly Thr Trp Ile Gly Ala Ala Ala Glu Gly Gln 325 330 335

Val Ser Arg Gln Asn Pro Thr Gly 340

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 485 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:
- Asp Asp Pro Asp Met Pro Gly Thr Val Ala Lys Ala Val Ala Asp Ala 1 5 10 15
- Leu Gly Arg Gly Ile Ala Pro Val Glu Asp Ile Gln Asp Cys Val Glu 20 25 30
- Ala Arg Leu Gly Glu Ala Gly Leu Asp Asp Val Ala Arg Val Tyr Ile 35 40 45
- Ile Tyr Arg Gln Arg Arg Ala Glu Leu Arg Thr Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu 50 55 60
- Gly Val Arg Asp Glu Leu Lys Leu Ser Leu Ala Ala Val Thr Val Leu 65 70 75 80
- Arg Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu His Asp Glu Gln Gly Arg Pro Ala Glu Ser 85 90 95
- Thr Gly Glu Leu Met Asp Arg Ser Ala Arg Cys Val Ala Ala Ala Glu 100 105 110
- Asp Gln Tyr Glu Pro Gly Ser Ser Arg Arg Trp Ala Glu Arg Phe Ala 115 120 125
- Thr Leu Leu Arg Asn Leu Glu Phe Leu Pro Asn Ser Pro Thr Leu Met 130 135 140
- Asn Ser Gly Thr Asp Leu Gly Leu Leu Ala Gly Cys Phe Val Leu Pro 145 150 155 160
- Ile Glu Asp Ser Leu Gln Ser Ile Phe Ala Thr Leu Gly Gln Ala Ala 165 170 175
- Glu Leu Gln Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Thr Gly Tyr Ala Phe Ser His Leu 180 185 190
- Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Arg Val Ala Ser Thr Gly Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly 195 200 205
- Pro Val Ser Phe Leu Arg Leu Tyr Asp Ser Ala Ala Gly Val Val Ser 210 215 220

Met 225	Gly	/ Gly	/ Arg	, Arg	230	G1y	' Ala	Cys	Met	235 235		l Lei	ı Ası	o Va	1 Ser 240
His	Pro	Asp	lle	Cys 245	Asp	Phe	Val	Thr	^ Ala 250		s Ala	G]L	ı Ser	Pro 255	Ser
G1u	Leu	Pro	His 260	Phe	Asn	Leu	Ser	Va1 265	G1y	/ Val	Thr	· Asp	Ala 270		e Leu
Arg	Ala	Va1 275	Glu	Arg	Asn	Gly	Leu 280	His	Arg	Leu	ı Val	Asn 285		Arg	Thr
Gly	Lys 290	Ile	Val	Ala	Arg	Met 295	Pro	Ala	Ala	Glu	Leu 300	Phe	Asp	Ala	Ile
Cys 305	Lys	Ala	Ala	His	Ala 310	Gly	Gly	Asp	Pro	Gly 315		Val	Phe	Leu	Asp 320
Thr	Ile	Asn	Arg	Ala 325	Asn	Pro	Va1	Pro	Gly 330	Arg	Gly	Arg	Ile	G1u 335	Ala
Thr	Asn	Pro	Cys 340	Gly	Glu	Va1	Pro	Leu 345	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Glu	Ser 350	Cys	Asn
Leu	Gly	Ser 355	Ile	Asn	Leu	Ala	Arg 360	Met	Leu	Ala	Asp	G1 <i>y</i> 365	Arg	Val	Asp
Trp	Asp 370	Arg	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val 375	Ala	Gly	Val	Ala	Va1 380	Arg	Phe	Leu	Asp
Asp 385	Val	Ile	Asp		Ser . 390	Arg	Tyr	Pro	Phe	Pro 395	Glu	Leu	Gly	G1u	Ala 400
Ala	Arg	Ala	Thr	Arg 405	Lys	Ile	G1 <i>y</i>	Leu	Gly 410	Va1	Met	Gly	Leu	Ala 415	Glu
Leu	Leu .	Ala	A1a 420	Leu (	Gly :	Пе		Tyr 425	Asp	Ser	G1u		A1a 430	Val	Arg
_eu ,	Ala i	Thr 435	Arg	Leu I	Met A		Arg 440	Ile ·	Gln	G1n		Ala 445	His	Thr	Ala
Ser /	Arg / 450	Arg	Leu /	Ala (	Glu (	31u /	Arg (	Gly .	Ala	Phe	Pro .	Ala	Phe	Thr	Asp

Ser Arg Phe Ala Arg Ser Gly Pro Arg Arg Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Ser 465 470 475 480

Val Ala Pro Thr Gly 485

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 267 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71:

Gly Val Ile Val Leu Asp Leu Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Leu Pro Thr Glu
1 5 10 15

Ile Tyr Trp Arg Arg Gly Leu Ala Leu Gly Ile Ala Val Val 20 25 30

Val Gly Ile Ala Val Ala Ile Val Ile Ala Phe Val Asp Ser Ser Ala 35 40 45

Gly Ala Lys Pro Val Ser Ala Asp Lys Pro Ala Ser Ala Gln Ser His 50 60

Pro Gly Ser Pro Ala Pro Gln Ala Pro Gln Pro Ala Gly Gln Thr Glu 65 70 75 80

Gly Asn Ala Ala Ala Pro Pro Gln Gly Gln Asn Pro Glu Thr Pro 85 90 95

Thr Pro Thr Ala Ala Val Gln Pro Pro Pro Val Leu Lys Glu Gly Asp 100 105 110

Asp Cys Pro Asp Ser Thr Leu Ala Val Lys Gly Leu Thr Asn Ala Pro 115 120 125

Gln Tyr Tyr Val Gly Asp Gln Pro Lys Phe Thr Met Val Val Thr Asn

130 135 140 Ile Gly Leu Val Ser Cys Lys Arg Asp Val Gly Ala Ala Val Leu Ala 145 150 155 Ala Tyr Val Tyr Ser Leu Asp Asn Lys Arg Leu Trp Ser Asn Leu Asp 165 170 175 Cys Ala Pro Ser Asn Glu Thr Leu Val Lys Thr Phe Ser Pro Gly Glu 180 185 190 Gln Val Thr Thr Ala Val Thr Trp Thr Gly Met Gly Ser Ala Pro Arg 195 200 205 Cys Pro Leu Pro Arg Pro Ala Ile Gly Pro Gly Thr Tyr Asn Leu Val 210 215 220 Val Gln Leu Gly Asn Leu Arg Ser Leu Pro Val Pro Phe Ile Leu Asn 225 230 235 240 Gln Pro Pro Pro Pro Gly Pro Val Pro Ala Pro Gly Pro Ala Gln 245 250 255 Ala Pro Pro Pro Glu Ser Pro Ala Gln Gly Gly 260 265

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 97 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

Leu Ile Ser Thr Gly Lys Ala Ser His Ala Ser Leu Gly Val Gln Val 1 5 10 15

Thr Asn Asp Lys Asp Thr Pro Gly Ala Lys Ile Val Glu Val Val Ala 20 25 30

Gly Gly Ala Ala Ala Asn Ala Gly Val Pro Lys Gly Val Val Val Thr 35 40 45

Lys Val Asp Asp Arg Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Asp Ala Leu Val Ala Ala 50 55 60

Val Arg Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ala Thr Val Ala Leu Thr Phe Gln Asp 65 70 75 80

Pro Ser Gly Gly Ser Arg Thr Val Gln Val Thr Leu Gly Lys Ala Glu 85 90 95

Gln

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 364 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Gly Ala Ala Val Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Gly Thr Leu Val Leu Thr Ala 1 5 10 15

Cys Gly Gly Gly Thr Asn Ser Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Thr Ser 20 25 30

Gly Ser Val His Cys Gly Gly Lys Lys Glu Leu His Ser Ser Gly Ser 35 40 45

Thr Ala Gln Glu Asn Ala Met Glu Gln Phe Val Tyr Ala Tyr Val Arg 50 55 60

Ser Cys Pro Gly Tyr Thr Leu Asp Tyr Asn Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Ala 65 70 75 80

G7y	′ Val	Thr	· Gln	Phe 85	Leu	Asn	Asn	Glu	Thr 90	` Asp	) Phe	Ala	Gly	/ Ser <b>9</b> 5	Asp
Va1	Pro	Leu	Asn 100	Pro	Ser	Thr	G1y	Gln 105		Asp	Arg	Ser	` Ala		Arg
Cys	Gly	Ser 115	Pro	Ala	Trp	Asp	Leu 120	Pro	Thr	Val	Phe	Gly 125		Ile	Ala
Ile	Thr 130	Tyr	Asn	Ile	Lys	Gly 135	Val	Ser	Thr	Leu	Asn 140	Leu	Asp	Gly	Pro
Thr 145	Thr	Ala	Lys	Ile	Phe 150	Asn	Gly	Thr	Пe	Thr 155		Trp	Asn	Asp	Pro 160
Gln	Ile	Gln	Ala	Leu 165	Asn	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asp 170	Leu	Pro	Pro	Thr	Pro 175	Ile
Ser	Va1	Ile	Phe 180	Arg	Ser	Asp	Lys	Ser 185	Gly	Thr	Ser	Asp	Asn 190	Phe	Gln
Lys	Tyr	Leu 195	Asp	Gly	Val	Ser	Asn 200	Gly	Ala	Trp	Gly	Lys 205	Gly	Ala	Ser
G1u	Thr 210	Phe	Ser	Gly	Gly	Va1 215	Gly	Val	Gly	Ala	Ser 220	Gly	Asn	Asn	Gly
Thr 225	Ser	Ala	Leu	Leu	G1n 230	Thr	Thr	Asp	Gly	Ser 235	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Asn	G1u 240
Trp	Ser	Phe	Ala	Val 245	Gly	Lys	G1n		Asn 250	Met	Ala	Gln	Ile	I1e 255	Thr
Ser	Ala	Gly	Pro 260	Asp	Pro	Val		Ile 265	Thr	Thr	G1u	Ser	Va1 270	Gly	Lys
Thr		Ala 275	G1y	Ala	Lys		Met 280	Gly	Gln	Gly		Asp 285	Leu	Va 1	Leu
Asp	Thr 290	Ser	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Arg 295	Pro	Thr	Gln		Gly 300	Ser	Tyr	Pro	Ile
Va 1 305	Leu	Ala	Thr	Tyr	G1u 310	lle	Val	Cys		Lys 315	Tyr	Pro	Asp		Thr 320

Thr Gly Thr Ala Val Arg Ala Phe Met Gln Ala Ala Ile Gly Pro Gly 325 330 335

Gln Glu Gly Leu Asp Gln Tyr Gly Ser Ile Pro Leu Pro Lys Ser Phe 340 345 350

Gln Ala Lys Leu Ala Ala Ala Val Asn Ala Ile Ser 355 360

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 309 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:

Gln Ala Ala Ala Gly Arg Ala Val Arg Arg Thr Gly His Ala Glu Asp 1 5 10 15

Gln Thr His Gln Asp Arg Leu His His Gly Cys Arg Arg Ala Ala Val 20 25 30

Val Val Arg Gln Asp Arg Ala Ser Val Ser Ala Thr Ser Ala Arg Pro 35 40 45

Pro Arg Arg His Pro Ala Gln Gly His Arg Arg Val Ala Pro Ser 50 55 60

Gly Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro His Pro His His Val Gln Pro Asp Asp Arg 65 70 75 80

Arg Asp Arg Pro Ala Leu Leu Asp Arg Thr Gln Pro Ala Glu His Pro 85 90 95

Asp Pro His Arg Arg Gly Pro Ala Asp Pro Gly Arg Val Arg Gly Arg 100 105 110

Gly Arg Leu Arg Arg Val Asp Asp Gly Arg Leu Gln Pro Asp Arg Asp

115 120 125

Ala Asp His Gly Ala Pro Val Arg Gly Arg Gly Pro His Arg Gly Val 130 135 140

Gln His Arg Gly Gly Pro Val Phe Val Arg Arg Val Pro Gly Val Arg 145 150 155 160

Cys Ala His Arg Arg Gly His Arg Arg Val Ala Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly 165 170 175

Asp Val Leu Arg Ala Gly Leu Arg Val Glu Arg Leu Arg Pro Val Ala 180 185 190

Ala Val Glu Asn Leu His Arg Gly Ser Gln Arg Ala Asp Gly Arg Val 195 200 205

Phe Arg Pro Ile Arg Arg Gly Ala Arg Leu Pro Ala Arg Arg Ser Arg 210 215 220

Ala Gly Pro Gln Gly Arg Leu His Leu Asp Gly Ala Gly Pro Ser Pro 225 230 235 240

Leu Pro Ala Arg Ala Gly Gln Gln Gln Pro Ser Ser Ala Gly Gly Arg 245 250 255

Arg Ala Gly Gly Ala Glu Arg Ala Asp Pro Gly Gln Arg Gly Arg His 260 265 270

His Gln Gly Gly His Asp Pro Gly Arg Gln Gly Ala Gln Arg Gly Thr 275 280 285

Ala Gly Val Ala His Ala Ala Ala Gly Pro Arg Arg Ala Ala Val Arg 290 295 300

Asn Arg Pro Arg Arg 305

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 580 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:
- Ser Ala Val Trp Cys Leu Asn Gly Phe Thr Gly Arg His Arg His Gly
  1 10 15
- Arg Cys Arg Val Arg Ala Ser Gly Trp Arg Ser Ser Asn Arg Trp Cys
  20 25 30
- Ser Thr Thr Ala Asp Cys Cys Ala Ser Lys Thr Pro Thr Gln Ala Ala 35 40 45
- Ser Pro Leu Glu Arg Arg Phe Thr Cys Cys Ser Pro Ala Val Gly Cys 50 60
- Arg Phe Arg Ser Phe Pro Val Arg Arg Leu Ala Leu Gly Ala Arg Thr 65 70 75 80
- Ser Arg Thr Leu Gly Val Arg Arg Thr Leu Ser Gln Trp Asn Leu Ser 85 90 95
- Pro Arg Ala Gln Pro Ser Cys Ala Val Thr Val Glu Ser His Thr His 100 105 110
- Ala Ser Pro Arg Met Ala Lys Leu Ala Arg Val Val Gly Leu Val Gln 115 120 125
- Glu Glu Gln Pro Ser Asp Met Thr Asn His Pro Arg Tyr Ser Pro Pro 130 135 140
- Pro Gln Gln Pro Gly Thr Pro Gly Tyr Ala Gln Gly Gln Gln Gln Thr 145 150 155 160
- Tyr Ser Gln Gln Phe Asp Trp Arg Tyr Pro Pro Ser Pro Pro Pro Gln
  165 170 175
- Pro Thr Gln Tyr Arg Gln Pro Tyr Glu Ala Leu Gly Gly Thr Arg Pro 180 185 190
- Gly Leu Ile Pro Gly Val Ile Pro Thr Met Thr Pro Pro Pro Gly Met 195 200 205

Val Arg Gln Arg Pro Arg Ala Gly Met Leu Ala Ile Gly Ala Val Thr Ile Ala Val Val Ser Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly Ala Ala Ala Ser Leu Val Gly Phe Asn Arg Ala Pro Ala Gly Pro Ser Gly Gly Pro Val Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser Ile Pro Ala Ala Asn Met Pro Pro Gly Ser Val Glu Gln Val Ala Ala Lys Val Val Pro Ser Val Val Met Leu Glu Thr Asp Leu Gly Arg Gln Ser Glu Glu Gly Ser Gly Ile Ile Leu Ser Ala Glu Gly Leu Ile Leu Thr Asn Asn His Val Ile Ala Ala Ala Lys Pro Pro Leu Gly Ser Pro Pro Pro Lys Thr Thr Val Thr Phe Ser Asp Gly Arg Thr Ala Pro Phe Thr Val Val Gly Ala Asp Pro Thr Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Val Arg Val Gln Gly Val Ser Gly Leu Thr Pro Ile Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Ser Asp Leu Arg Val Gly Gln Pro Val Leu Ala Ile Gly Ser Pro Leu Gly Leu Glu Gly Thr Val Thr Thr Gly Ile Val Ser Ala Leu Asn Arg Pro Val Ser Thr Thr Gly Glu Ala Gly Asn Gln Asn Thr Val Leu Asp Ala Ile Gln Thr Asp Ala Ala Ile Asn Pro Gly Asn Ser Gly Gly Ala Leu Val Asn Met Asn Ala Gln Leu Val Gly Val Asn 

Ser Ala Ile Ala Thr Leu Gly Ala Asp Ser Ala Asp Ala Gln Ser Gly 450 455 460

Ser Ile Gly Leu Gly Phe Ala Ile Pro Val Asp Gln Ala Lys Arg Ile 465 470 475 480

Ala Asp Glu Leu Ile Ser Thr Gly Lys Ala Ser His Ala Ser Leu Gly
485 490 495

Val Gln Val Thr Asn Asp Lys Asp Thr Pro Gly Ala Lys Ile Val Glu 500 505 510

Val Val Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Ala Asn Ala Gly Val Pro Lys Gly Val 515 520 525

Val Val Thr Lys Val Asp Asp Arg Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Asp Ala Leu 530 540

Val Ala Ala Val Arg Ser Lys Ala Pro Gly Ala Thr Val Ala Leu Thr 545 550 555 560

Phe Gln Asp Pro Ser Gly Gly Ser Arg Thr Val Gln Val Thr Leu Gly 565 570 575

Lys Ala Glu Gln 580

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 233 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

Met Asn Asp Gly Lys Arg Ala Val Thr Ser Ala Val Leu Val Val Leu 1 5 15

- Gly Ala Cys Leu Ala Leu Trp Leu Ser Gly Cys Ser Ser Pro Lys Pro 20 25 30
- Asp Ala Glu Glu Gln Gly Val Pro Val Ser Pro Thr Ala Ser Asp Pro 35 40 45
- Ala Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile Arg Gln Ser Leu Asp Ala Thr Lys Gly Leu 50 55 60
- Thr Ser Val His Val Ala Val Arg Thr Thr Gly Lys Val Asp Ser Leu 70 75 80
- Leu Gly Ile Thr Ser Ala Asp Val Asp Val Arg Ala Asn Pro Leu Ala 85 90 95
- Ala Lys Gly Val Cys Thr Tyr Asn Asp Glu Gln Gly Val Pro Phe Arg 100 105 110
- Val Gln Gly Asp Asn Ile Ser Val Lys Leu Phe Asp Asp Trp Ser Asn 115 120 125
- Leu Gly Ser Ile Ser Glu Leu Ser Thr Ser Arg Val Leu Asp Pro Ala 130 135 140
- Ala Gly Val Thr Gln Leu Leu Ser Gly Val Thr Asn Leu Gln Ala Gln 145 150 155 160
- Gly Thr Glu Val Ile Asp Gly Ile Ser Thr Thr Lys Ile Thr Gly Thr 165 170 175
- Ile Pro Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Met Leu Asp Pro Gly Ala Lys Ser Ala 180 185 190
- Arg Pro Ala Thr Val Trp Ile Ala Gln Asp Gly Ser His His Leu Val 195 200 205
- Arg Ala Ser Ile Asp Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 210 215 220
- Lys Trp Asn Glu Pro Val Asn Val Asp 225 230

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 66 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:77:

Val Ile Asp Ile Ile Gly Thr Ser Pro Thr Ser Trp Glu Gln Ala Ala 1 5 10 15

Ala Glu Ala Val Gln Arg Ala Arg Asp Ser Val Asp Asp Ile Arg Val 20 25 30

Ala Arg Val Ile Glu Gln Asp Met Ala Val Asp Ser Ala Gly Lys Ile 35 40 45

Thr Tyr Arg Ile Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Phe Lys Met Arg Pro Ala Gln 50 60

Pro Arg 65

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:

Val Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Ser Pro Ile Ser 1 5 10 15

Cys Ala Ser Pro Pro Ser Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Ala 20 25 30 Pro Gly Pro Pro Met Pro Pro Leu Asp Pro Trp Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro 35 40 45

Leu Pro Tyr Ser Thr Pro Pro Gly Ala Pro Leu Pro Pro Ser Pro Pro 50 55 60

Ser Pro Pro Leu Pro 65

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 355 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:

Met Ser Asn Ser Arg Arg Ser Leu Arg Trp Ser Trp Leu Leu Ser 1 5 10 15

Val Leu Ala Ala Val Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala Thr Ala Pro Ala Gln Ala 20 25 30

Ala Pro Pro Ala Leu Ser Gln Asp Arg Phe Ala Asp Phe Pro Ala Leu 35 40 45

Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser Ala Met Val Ala Gln Val Ala Pro Gln Val Val 50 60

Asn Ile Asn Thr Lys Leu Gly Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Gly Ala Gly Thr 65 70 75 80

Gly Ile Val Ile Asp Pro Asn Gly Val Val Leu Thr Asn Asn His Val 85 90 95

Ile Ala Gly Ala Thr Asp Ile Asn Ala Phe Ser Val Gly Ser Gly Gln
100 105 110

- Thr Tyr Gly Val Asp Val Val Gly Tyr Asp Arg Thr Gln Asp Val Ala
  115 120 125
- Val Leu Gln Leu Arg Gly Ala Gly Gly Leu Pro Ser Ala Ala Ile Gly 130 135 140
- Gly Gly Val Ala Val Gly Glu Pro Val Val Ala Met Gly Asn Ser Gly 145 150 155 160
- Gly Gln Gly Gly Thr Pro Arg Ala Val Pro Gly Arg Val Val Ala Leu 165 170 175
- Gly Gln Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Asp Ser Leu Thr Gly Ala Glu Glu Thr 180 185 190
- Leu Asn Gly Leu Ile Gln Phe Asp Ala Ala Ile Gln Pro Gly Asp Ser 195 200 205
- Gly Gly Pro Val Val Asn Gly Leu Gly Gln Val Val Gly Met Asn Thr 210 215 220
- Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu Ser Gln Gly Gly Gln Gly Phe Ala 225 230 235 240
- Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Arg Ser Gly 245 250 255
- Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe Leu Gly Leu 260 265 270
- Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Gln Arg Val Val 275 280 285
- Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val Ile 290 295 300
- Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala Asp 305 310 315 320
- Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Val Asn Trp Gln 325 330 335
- Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu Gly 340 345 350

Pro Pro Ala 355

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 205 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80:

Ser Pro Lys Pro Asp Ala Glu Glu Glu Gly Val Pro Val Ser Pro Thr 1 5 10 15

Ala Ser Asp Pro Ala Leu Leu Ala Glu Ile Arg Gln Ser Leu Asp Ala 20 25 30

Thr Lys Gly Leu Thr Ser Val His Val Ala Val Arg Thr Thr Gly Lys
35 40 45

Val Asp Ser Leu Leu Gly Ile Thr Ser Ala Asp Val Asp Val Arg Ala 50 55 60

Asn Pro Leu Ala Ala Lys Gly Val Cys Thr Tyr Asn Asp Glu Gln Gly 65 70 75 80

Val Pro Phe Arg Val Gln Gly Asp Asn Ile Ser Val Lys Leu Phe Asp 85 90 95

Asp Trp Ser Asn Leu Gly Ser Ile Ser Glu Leu Ser Thr Ser Arg Val 100 105 110

Leu Asp Pro Ala Ala Gly Val Thr Gln Leu Leu Ser Gly Val Thr Asn 115 120 125

Leu Gln Ala Gln Gly Thr Glu Val Ile Asp Gly Ile Ser Thr Thr Lys 130 135 140

Ile Thr Gly Thr Ile Pro Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Met Leu Asp Pro Gly

145 150 155 160

Ala Lys Ser Ala Arg Pro Ala Thr Val Trp Ile Ala Gln Asp Gly Ser 165 170 175

His His Leu Val Arg Ala Ser Ile Asp Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Ile Gln 180 185 190

Leu Thr Gln Ser Lys Trp Asn Glu Pro Val Asn Val Asp 195 200 205

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 286 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81:

Gly Asp Ser Phe Trp Ala Ala Ala Asp Gln Met Ala Arg Gly Phe Val 1 5 10 15

Leu Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Arg Thr Thr Leu Thr Gly Glu Gly Leu Gln 20 25 30

His Ala Asp Gly His Ser Leu Leu Leu Asp Ala Thr Asn Pro Ala Val 35 40 45

Val Ala Tyr Asp Pro Ala Phe Ala Tyr Glu Ile Gly Tyr Ile Xaa Glu 50 55 60

Ser Gly Leu Ala Arg Met Cys Gly Glu Asn Pro Glu Asn Ile Phe Phe 65 70 75 80

Tyr Ile Thr Val Tyr Asn Glu Pro Tyr Val Gln Pro Pro Glu Pro Glu 85 90 95

Asn Phe Asp Pro Glu Gly Val Leu Gly Gly Ile Tyr Arg Tyr His Ala 100 105 110

- Ala Thr Glu Gln Arg Thr Asn Lys Xaa Gln Ile Leu Ala Ser Gly Val 115 120 125
- Ala Met Pro Ala Ala Leu Arg Ala Ala Gln Met Leu Ala Ala Glu Trp 130 135 140
- Asp Val Ala Ala Asp Val Trp Ser Val Thr Ser Trp Gly Glu Leu Asn 145 150 155 160
- Arg Asp Gly Val Val Ile Glu Thr Glu Lys Leu Arg His Pro Asp Arg 165 170 175
- Pro Ala Gly Val Pro Tyr Val Thr Arg Ala Leu Glu Asn Ala Arg Gly 180 185 190
- Pro Val Ile Ala Val Ser Asp Trp Met Arg Ala Val Pro Glu Gln Ile 195 200 205
- Arg Pro Trp Val Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Thr Leu Gly Thr Asp Gly Phe 210 215 220
- Gly Phe Ser Asp Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Arg Arg Tyr Phe Asn Thr Asp 225 230 235 240
- Ala Glu Ser Gln Val Gly Arg Gly Phe Gly Arg Gly Trp Pro Gly Arg 245 250 255
- Arg Val Asn Ile Asp Pro Phe Gly Ala Gly Arg Gly Pro Pro Ala Gln 260 265 270
- Leu Pro Gly Phe Asp Glu Gly Gly Leu Arg Pro Xaa Lys 275 280 285

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 173 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:

Thr Lys Phe His Ala Leu Met Gln Glu Gln Ile His Asn Glu Phe Thr 1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Gln Gln Tyr Val Ala Ile Ala Val Tyr Phe Asp Ser Glu Asp 20 25 30

Leu Pro Gln Leu Ala Lys His Phe Tyr Ser Gln Ala Val Glu Glu Arg 35 40 45

Asn His Ala Met Met Leu Val Gln His Leu Leu Asp Arg Asp Leu Arg 50 55 60

Val Glu Ile Pro Gly Val Asp Thr Val Arg Asn Gln Phe Asp Arg Pro 65 70 75 80

Arg Glu Ala Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu Asp Gln Glu Arg Thr Val Thr Asp 85 90 95

Gln Val Gly Arg Leu Thr Ala Val Ala Arg Asp Glu Gly Asp Phe Leu 100 105 110

Gly Glu Gln Phe Met Gln Trp Phe Leu Gln Glu Gln Ile Glu Glu Val 115 120 125

Ala Leu Met Ala Thr Leu Val Arg Val Ala Asp Arg Ala Gly Ala Asn 130 135 140

Leu Phe Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Val Ala Arg Glu Val Asp Val Ala Pro 145 150 155 160

Ala Ala Ser Gly Ala Pro His Ala Ala Gly Gly Arg Leu 165 170

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 107 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:

Arg Ala Asp Glu Arg Lys Asn Thr Thr Met Lys Met Val Lys Ser Ile 10 15

Ala Ala Gly Leu Thr Ala Ala Ala Ile Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly 20 25 30

Val Thr Ser Ile Met Ala Gly Gly Pro Val Val Tyr Gln Met Gln Pro 35 40 45

Val Val Phe Gly Ala Pro Leu Pro Leu Asp Pro Xaa Ser Ala Pro Xaa 50 60

Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Trp Thr Xaa Leu Leu Asn Xaa Leu Xaa Asp 65 70 75 80

Pro Asn Val Ser Phe Xaa Asn Lys Gly Ser Leu Val Glu Gly Gly Ile 85 90 95

Gly Gly Xaa Glu Gly Xaa Xaa Arg Arg Xaa Gln 100 105

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 125 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84:

Val Leu Ser Val Pro Val Gly Asp Gly Phe Trp Xaa Arg Val Val Asn 1 5 10 15

Pro Leu Gly Gln Pro Ile Asp Gly Arg Gly Asp Val Asp Ser Asp Thr 20 25 30

- Arg Arg Ala Leu Glu Leu Gln Ala Pro Ser Val Val Xaa Arg Gln Gly 35 40 45
- Val Lys Glu Pro Leu Xaa Thr Gly Ile Lys Ala Ile Asp Ala Met Thr 50 60
- Pro Ile Gly Arg Gly Gln Arg Gln Leu Ile Ile Gly Asp Arg Lys Thr 65 70 75 80
- Gly Lys Asn Arg Arg Leu Cys Arg Thr Pro Ser Ser Asn Gln Arg Glu 85 90 95
- Glu Leu Gly Val Arg Trp Ile Pro Arg Ser Arg Cys Ala Cys Val Tyr 100 105 110
- Val Gly His Arg Ala Arg Arg Gly Thr Tyr His Arg Arg 115 120 125

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 117 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

- Cys Asp Ala Val Met Gly Phe Leu Gly Gly Ala Gly Pro Leu Ala Val 10 15
- Val Asp Gln Gln Leu Val Thr Arg Val Pro Gln Gly Trp Ser Phe Ala 20 25 30
- Gln Ala Ala Ala Val Pro Val Val Phe Leu Thr Ala Trp Tyr Gly Leu 35 40 45
- Ala Asp Leu Ala Glu Ile Lys Ala Gly Glu Ser Val Leu Ile His Ala 50 55 60
- Gly Thr Gly Gly Val Gly Met Ala Ala Val Gln Leu Ala Arg Gln Trp

65 70 75 80

Gly Val Glu Val Phe Val Thr Ala Ser Arg Gly Lys Trp Asp Thr Leu 85 90 95

Arg Ala Xaa Yaa Phe Asp Asp Xaa Pro Tyr Arg Xaa Phe Pro His Xaa 100 105 110

Arg Ser Ser Xaa Gly 115

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 103 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

Met Tyr Arg Phe Ala Cys Arg Thr Leu Met Leu Ala Ala Cys Ile Leu 1 5 10 15

Ala Thr Gly Val Ala Gly Leu Gly Val Gly Ala Gln Ser Ala Ala Gln 20 25 30

Thr Ala Pro Val Pro Asp Tyr Tyr Trp Cys Pro Gly Gln Pro Phe Asp 35 40 45

Pro Ala Trp Gly Pro Asn Trp Asp Pro Tyr Thr Cys His Asp Asp Phe 50 55 60

His Arg Asp Ser Asp Gly Pro Asp His Ser Arg Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro 65 70 75 80

Ile Leu Glu Gly Pro Val Leu Asp Asp Pro Gly Ala Ala Pro Pro Pro 85 90 95

Pro Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala 100

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 88 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:
- Val Gln Cys Arg Val Trp Leu Glu Ile Gln Trp Arg Gly Met Leu Gly  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$
- Ala Asp Gln Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Pro Ala Arg Ile Trp Arg Glu His 20 25 30
- Ser Met Ala Ala Met Lys Pro Arg Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Leu Glu Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Lys Glu Gly Arg Gly Ile Val Met Arg Val Pro Leu Glu Gly Gly 50 55 60
- Gly Arg Leu Val Val Glu Leu Thr Pro Asp Glu Ala Ala Ala Leu Gly 65 70 75 80

Asp Glu Leu Lys Gly Val Thr Ser 85

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 95 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

Thr Asp Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala Gln Glu Ala Gly Asn Phe Glu Arg Ile

5 10 15

Ser Gly Asp Leu Lys Thr Gln Ile Asp Gln Val Glu Ser Thr Ala Gly 20 25 30

Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Trp Arg Gly Ala Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Gln Ala 35 40 45

Ala Val Val Arg Phe Gln Glu Ala Ala Asn Lys Gln Lys Gln Glu Leu 50 60

Asp Glu Ile Ser Thr Asn Ile Arg Gln Ala Gly Val Gln Tyr Ser Arg 65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Glu Glu Gln Gln Gln Ala Leu Ser Ser Gln Met Gly Phe 85 90 95

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 166 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

Met Thr Gln Ser Gln Thr Val Thr Val Asp Gln Gln Glu Ile Leu Asn 1 5 10 15

Arg Ala Asn Glu Val Glu Ala Pro Met Ala Asp Pro Pro Thr Asp Val 20 25 30

Pro Ile Thr Pro Cys Glu Leu Thr Xaa Xaa Lys Asn Ala Ala Gln Gln 35 40 45

Xaa Val Leu Ser Ala Asp Asn Met Arg Glu Tyr Leu Ala Ala Gly Ala 50 55 60

Lys Glu Arg Gln Arg Leu Ala Thr Ser Leu Arg Asn Ala Ala Lys Xaa 65 70 75 80

Tyr Gly Glu Val Asp Glu Glu Ala Ala Thr Ala Leu Asp Asn Asp Gly 85 90 95

Glu Gly Thr Val Gln Ala Glu Ser Ala Gly Ala Val Gly Gly Asp Ser 100 105 110

Ser Ala Glu Leu Thr Asp Thr Pro Arg Val Ala Thr Ala Gly Glu Pro 115 120 125

Asn Phe Met Asp Leu Lys Glu Ala Ala Arg Lys Leu Glu Thr Gly Asp 130 135 140

Gln Gly Ala Ser Leu Ala His Xaa Gly Asp Gly Trp Asn Thr Xaa Thr 145 150 155 160

Leu Thr Leu Gln Gly Asp 165

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

Arg Ala Glu Arg Met 1 5

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 263 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

### (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr Ala Gly Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala 1 5 10 15

Gln Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala Ala Tyr Glu Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr 20 25 30

Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala Glu Asn Arg Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu 35 40 45

Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly Gln Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn 50 55 60

Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met Trp Ala Gln Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe 65 70 75 80

Gly Tyr Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Leu Leu Pro Phe 85 90 95

Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Met Thr Ser Ala Gly Gly Leu Leu Glu Gln Ala 100 105 110

Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ser Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Leu Met 115 120 125

Asn Asn Val Pro Gln Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Ala Gln Pro Thr Gln Gly 130 140

Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Lys Leu Gly Gly Leu Trp Lys Thr Val Ser Pro 145 150 155 160

His Arg Ser Pro Ile Ser Asn Met Val Ser Met Ala Asn Asn His Met 165 170 175

Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val Ser Met Thr Asn Thr Leu Ser Ser Met 180 185 190

Leu Lys Gly Phe Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala Ala Gln Ala Val Gln Thr Ala

195 200 205

Ala Gln Asn Gly Val Arg Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly 210 220

Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala 225 230 235 240

Ser Val Arg Tyr Gly His Arg Asp Gly Gly Lys Tyr Ala Xaa Ser Gly 245 250 255

Arg Arg Asn Gly Gly Pro Ala 260

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 303 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

Met Thr Tyr Ser Pro Gly Asn Pro Gly Tyr Pro Gln Ala Gln Pro Ala 1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Tyr Gly Gly Val Thr Pro Ser Phe Ala His Ala Asp Glu Gly 20 25 30

Ala Ser Lys Leu Pro Met Tyr Leu Asn Ile Ala Val Ala Val Leu Gly 35 40 45

Leu Ala Ala Tyr Phe Ala Ser Phe Gly Pro Met Phe Thr Leu Ser Thr 50 55 60

Glu Leu Gly Gly Gly Asp Gly Ala Val Ser Gly Asp Thr Gly Leu Pro 65 70 75 80

Val Gly Val Ala Leu Leu Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Val Val Leu Val 85 90 95

- Pro Lys Ala Lys Ser His Val Thr Val Val Ala Val Leu Gly Val Leu 100 105 110
- Gly Val Phe Leu Met Val Ser Ala Thr Phe Asn Lys Pro Ser Ala Tyr 115 120 125
- Ser Thr Gly Trp Ala Leu Trp Val Val Leu Ala Phe Ile Val Phe Gln 130 135 140
- Ala Val Ala Ala Val Leu Ala Leu Leu Val Glu Thr Gly Ala Ile Thr 145 150 155 160
- Ala Pro Ala Pro Arg Pro Lys Phe Asp Pro Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Gly Arg 165 170 175
- Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Gly Val Gln Pro Gly Gly Tyr Tyr Gly 180 185 190
- Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Gln Ala Ala Gly Leu Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln 195 200 205
- Gln Ser Pro Gln Pro Pro Gly Tyr Gly Ser Gln Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Ser 210 215 220
- Ser Ser Pro Ser Gln Ser Gly Ser Gly Tyr Thr Ala Gln Pro Pro Ala 225 230 235 240
- Gln Pro Pro Ala Gln Ser Gly Ser Gln Gln Ser His Gln Gly Pro Ser 245 250 255
- Thr Pro Pro Thr Gly Phe Pro Ser Phe Ser Pro Pro Pro Pro Val Ser 260 265 270
- Ala Gly Thr Gly Ser Gln Ala Gly Ser Ala Pro Val Asn Tyr Ser Asn 275 280 285
- Pro Ser Gly Gly Glu Gln Ser Ser Ser Pro Gly Gly Ala Pro Val 290 295 300

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 28 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

Gly Cys Gly Glu Thr Asp Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala Gln Glu Ala Gly Asn 1 5 10 15

Phe Glu Arg Ile Ser Gly Asp Leu Lys Thr Gln Ile 20 25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

Asp Gln Val Glu Ser Thr Ala Gly Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Trp Arg Gly 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

Gly Cys Gly Ser Thr Ala Gly Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Trp Arg Gly Ala 10 15

Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Val Val Arg 20 25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

Gly Cys Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Val Val Arg Phe Gln Glu
1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Asn Lys Gln Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Glu 20 25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:97:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:

Gly Cys Gly Ala Asn Lys Gln Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Glu Ile Ser Thr 1 5 10 15

Asn Ile Arg Gln Ala Gly Val Gln Tyr Ser Arg 20 25

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 28 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

Gly Cys Gly Ile Arg Gln Ala Gly Val Gln Tyr Ser Arg Ala Asp Glu
1 5 10 15

Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Ser Ser Gln Met Gly Phe
20 25

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 507 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

ATGAAGATGG TGAAATCGAT CGCCGCAGGT CTGACCGCCG CGGCTGCAAT CGGCGCCGCT 60

GCGGCCGGTG TGACTTCGAT CATGGCTGGC GGCCCGGTCG TATACCAGAT GCAGCCGGTC 120

GTCTTCGGCG CGCCACTGCC GTTGGACCCG GCATCCGCCC CTGACGTCCC GACCGCCGCC 180

CAGTTGACCA GCCTGCTCAA CAGCCTCGCC GATCCCAACG TGTCGTTTGC GAACAAGGGC 240

AGTCTGGTCG AGGGCGG	CAT CGGGG	GCACC GA	GGCGCGCA	TCGCCGAC	CCA CAAG	CTGAAG				
AAGGCCGCCG AGCACGG	GGA TCTGCC	CGCTG TC	GTTCAGCG	TGACGAAC	CAT CCAG	CCGGCG				
GCCGCCGGTT CGGCCAC	CGC CGACGT	TTCC GTO	CTCGGGTC	CGAAGCTC	TC GTCG	CCGGTC				
ACGCAGAACG TCACGTTC	GT GAATCA	AGGC GG(	CTGGATGC	TGTCACGC	GC ATCG	GCGATG				
GAGTTGCTGC AGGCCGCAGG GAACTGA										
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:										
<pre>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:      (A) LENGTH: 168 amino acids      (B) TYPE: amino acid      (C) STRANDEDNESS: single      (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:</pre>										
Met Lys Met Va 1	5 5	lie Ala	Ala Gly 10	Leu Ihr	Ala Ala	ı Ala Ala 15				
Ile Gly Ala Al 20	a Ala Ala	Gly Val	Thr Ser 25	Ile Met	Ala Gly 30	Gly Pro				
Val Val Tyr Gl 35	n Met Gln	Pro Val 40	Val Phe	Gly Ala	Pro Leu 45	Pro Leu				
Asp Pro Ala Se 50	r Ala Pro	Asp Val 55	Pro Thr	Ala Ala 60	Gln Leu	Thr Ser				
Leu Leu Asn Se 65	r Leu Ala 70	Asp Pro	Asn Val	Ser Phe 75	Ala Asn	Lys Gly 80				
Ser Leu Val Gl	u Gly Gly 85	Ile Gly	Gly Thr 90	Glu Ala	Arg Ile	Ala Asp 95				

His Lys Leu Lys Lys Ala Ala Glu His Gly Asp Leu Pro Leu Ser Phe 100 105 110

Ser	Val	Thr 115	Asn	Пe	Gln	Pro	Ala 120	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ser	Ala 125	Thr	Ala	Asp
۷a٦	Ser 130	Va1	Ser	Gly	Pro	Lys 135	Leu	Ser	Ser	Pro	Va1 140	Thr	Gln	Asn	Val
Thr 145	Phe	Val	Asn	Gln	Gly 150	Gly	Trp	Met	Leu	Ser 155	Arg	Ala	Ser	Ala	Met 160
Glu	Leu	Leu	Gln	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asn								

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

# (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 500 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

CGTGGCAATG TCGTTGACCG TCGGGGCCGG GGTCGCCTCC GCAGATCCCG TGGACGCGGT	60
	00
CATTAACACC ACCTGCAATT ACGGGCAGGT AGTAGCTGCG CTCAACGCGA CGGATCCGGG	120
GGCTGCCGCA CAGTTCAACG CCTCACCGGT GGCGCAGTCC TATTTGCGCA ATTTCCTCGC	180
	100
CGCACCGCCA CCTCAGCGCG CTGCCATGGC CGCGCAATTG CAAGCTGTGC CGGGGGCGGC	240
ACAGTACATC GGCCTTGTCG AGTCGGTTGC CGGCTCCTGC AACAACTATT AAGCCCATGC	200
	300
GGGCCCCATC CCGCGACCCG GCATCGTCGC CGGGGCTAGG CCAGATTGCC CCGCTCCTCA	360
ACGGGCCGCA TCCCGCGACC CGGCATCGTC GCCGGGGCTA GGCCAGATTG CCCCGCTCCT	400
The state of the s	420
CAACGGGCCG CATCTCGTGC CGAATTCCTG CAGCCCGGGG GATCCACTAG TTCTAGAGCG	480
GCCGCCACCG CGGTGGAGCT	
decadenced edgradati	500

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 96 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:102:

Val Ala Met Ser Leu Thr Val Gly Ala Gly Val Ala Ser Ala Asp Pro 1 5 10 15

Val Asp Ala Val Ile Asn Thr Thr Cys Asn Tyr Gly Gln Val Val Ala 20 25 30

Ala Leu Asn Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Ala Ala Ala Gln Phe Asn Ala Ser 35 40 45

Pro Val Ala Gln Ser Tyr Leu Arg Asn Phe Leu Ala Ala Pro Pro Pro 50 55 60

Gln Arg Ala Ala Met Ala Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala Val Pro Gly Ala Ala 65 70 75 80

Gln Tyr Ile Gly Leu Val Glu Ser Val Ala Gly Ser Cys Asn Asn Tyr 85 90 95

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 154 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:103:

ATGACAGAGC AGCAGTGGAA TTTCGCGGGT ATCGAGGCCG CGGCAAGCGC AATCCAGGGA									
AATGTCACGT CCATTCATTC CCTCCTTGAC GAGGGGAAGC AGTCCCTGAC CAAGCTCGCA									
GCGGCCTGGG GCGGTAGCGG TTCGGAAGCG TACC									
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:104:									
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 51 amino acids</li> <li>(B) TYPE: amino acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>									
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:									
Met Thr Glu Gln Gln Trp Asn Phe Ala Gly Ile Glu Ala Ala Ser 1 5 10 15									
Ala Ile Gln Gly Asn Val Thr Ser Ile His Ser Leu Leu Asp Glu Gly 20 25 30									
Lys Gln Ser Leu Thr Lys Leu Ala Ala Ala Trp Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser 35 40 45									
Glu Ala Tyr 50									
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:									
<ul> <li>(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:</li> <li>(A) LENGTH: 282 base pairs</li> <li>(B) TYPE: nucleic acid</li> <li>(C) STRANDEDNESS: single</li> <li>(D) TOPOLOGY: linear</li> </ul>									

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:105:

CGGTCGCGCA CTTCCAGGTG ACTATGAAAG TCGGCTTCCG NCTGGAGGAT TCCTGAACCT 60

TCAAGCGCGG CCGATAACTG AGGTGCATCA TTAAGCGACT TTTCCAGAAC ATCCTGACGC 120

GCTCGAAACG CGGCACAGCC GACGGTGGCT CCGNCGAGGC GCTGNCTCCA AAATCCCTGA 180

GACAATTCGN CGGGGGCGCC TACAAGGAAG TCGGTGCTGA ATTCGNCGNG TATCTGGTCG 240

ACCTGTGTGG TCTGNAGCCG GACGAAGCGG TGCTCGACGT CG 282

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:106:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1565 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

GTATGCGGCC ACTGAAGTCG CCAATGCGGC GGCGGCCAGC TAAGCCAGGA ACAGTCGGCA 60 CGAGAAACCA CGAGAAATAG GGACACGTAA TGGTGGATTT CGGGGCGTTA CCACCGGAGA 120 TCAACTCCGC GAGGATGTAC GCCGGCCCGG GTTCGGCCTC GCTGGTGGCC GCGGCTCAGA 180 TGTGGGACAG CGTGGCGAGT GACCTGTTTT CGGCCGCGTC GGCGTTTCAG TCGGTGGTCT 240 GGGGTCTGAC GGTGGGGTCG TGGATAGGTT CGTCGGCGGG TCTGATGGTG GCGGCGGCCT 300 CGCCGTATGT GGCGTGGATG AGCGTCACCG CGGGGCAGGC CGAGCTGACC GCCGCCCAGG 360 TCCGGGTTGC TGCGGCGCC TACGAGACGG CGTATGGGCT GACGGTGCCC CCGCCGGTGA 420 TCGCCGAGAA CCGTGCTGAA CTGATGATTC TGATAGCGAC CAACCTCTTG GGGCAAAACA 480 CCCCGGCGAT CGCGGTCAAC GAGGCCGAAT ACGGCGAGAT GTGGGCCCAA GACGCCGCCG 540 CGATGTTTGG CTACGCCGCG GCGACGGCGA CGGCGACGGC GACGTTGCTG CCGTTCGAGG 600

AGGCGCCGGA GATGACCAGC GCGGGTGGGC TCCTCGAGCA GGCCGCCGCG GTCGAGGAGG	660
CCTCCGACAC CGCCGCGCG AACCAGTTGA TGAACAATGT GCCCCAGGCG CTGCAACAGC	720
TGGCCCAGCC CACGCAGGC ACCACGCCTT CTTCCAAGCT GGGTGGCCTG TGGAAGACGG	780
TCTCGCCGCA TCGGTCGCCG ATCAGCAACA TGGTGTCAAT GGCCAACAAC CACATGTCAA	840
TGACCAACTC GGGTGTGTCA ATGACCAACA CCTTGAGCTC GATGTTGAAG GGCTTTGCTC	900
CGGCGGCGC CGCCCAGGCC GTGCAAACCG CGGCGCAAAA CGGGGTCCGG GCGATGAGCT	960
CGCTGGGCAG CTCGCTGGGT TCTTCGGGTC TGGGCGGTGG GGTGGCCGCC AACTTGGGTC	1020
GGGCGGCCTC GGTCGGTTCG TTGTCGGTGC CGCAGGCCTG GGCCGCGGCC AACCAGGCAG	1080
TCACCCCGGC GGCGCGGCG CTGCCGCTGA CCAGCCTGAC CAGCGCCGCG GAAAGAGGGC	1140
CCGGGCAGAT GCTGGGCGGG CTGCCGGTGG GGCAGATGGG CGCCAGGGCC GGTGGTGGGC	1200
TCAGTGGTGT GCTGCGTGTT CCGCCGCGAC CCTATGTGAT GCCGCATTCT CCGGCGGCCG	1260
GCTAGGAGAG GGGGCGCAGA CTGTCGTTAT TTGACCAGTG ATCGGCGGTC TCGGTGTTTC	1320
CGCGGCCGGC TATGACAACA GTCAATGTGC ATGACAAGTT ACAGGTATTA GGTCCAGGTT	1380
CAACAAGGAG ACAGGCAACA TGGCCTCACG TTTTATGACG GATCCGCACG CGATGCGGGA	1440
CATGGCGGC CGTTTTGAAG TGCACGCCCA GACGGTGGAG GACGAGGCTC GCCGGATGTG	1500
GGCGTCCGCG CAAAACATTT CCGGTGCGGG CTGGAGTGGC ATGGCCGAGG CGACCTCGCT	1560
AGACA	1565

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:

# (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 391 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:
- Met Val Asp Phe Gly Ala Leu Pro Pro Glu Ile Asn Ser Ala Arg Met 1 5 10 15
- Tyr Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Ala Gln Met Trp 20 25 30
- Asp Ser Val Ala Ser Asp Leu Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Gln Ser 35 40 45
- Val Val Trp Gly Leu Thr Val Gly Ser Trp Ile Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly 50 60
- Leu Met Val Ala Ala Ala Ser Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr 65 70 75 80
- Ala Gly Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala 85 90 95
- Ala Tyr Glu Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala 100 105 110
- Glu Asn Arg Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly 115 120 125
- Gln Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met 130 135 140
- Trp Ala Gln Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe Gly Tyr Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala 145 150 155 160
- Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Leu Leu Pro Phe Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Met Thr 165 170 175
- Ser Ala Gly Gly Leu Leu Glu Gln Ala Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ser 180 185 190
- Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Leu Met Asn Asn Val Pro Gln Ala Leu 195 200 205
- Gln Gln Leu Ala Gln Pro Thr Gln Gly Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Lys Leu 210 215 220

G1y 225	Gly	Leu	Trp	Lys	Thr 230	Va 1	Ser	Pro	His	Arg 235		Pro	Пе	Ser	Asn 240
Met	. Val	Ser	Met	A1a 245		Asn	His	Met	Ser 250		Thr	Asn	Ser	Gly 255	Val
Ser	Met	Thr	Asn 260	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Met 265	Leu	Lys	Gly	Phe	Ala 270	Pro	Ala
Ala	Ala	A1a 275	Gln	Ala	Val	Gln	Thr 280	Ala	Ala	Gln	Asn	Gly 285	Val	Arg	Ala
Met	Ser 290	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ser 295	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly 300	Leu	Gly	Gly	Gly
Va1 305	Ala	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gly 310	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser	Val 315	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Val 320
Pro	Gin	Ala	Trp	A1a 325	Ala	Ala	Asn	Gln	A1a 330	Val	Thr	Pro	Ala	Ala 335	Arg
Ala	Leu	Pro	Leu 340	Thr	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ser 345	Ala	Ala	Glu	Arg	Gly 350	Pro	Gly
Gln	Met	Leu 355	Gly	G1y	Leu	Pro	Va1 360	Gly	Gln	Met	G1y	A1a 365	Arg	Ala	Gly
Gly	Gly 370	Leu	Ser	Gly		Leu 375	Arg	Val	Pro	Pro	Arg 380	Pro	Tyr	Val	Met
Pro 385	His	Ser	Pro	Ala	A1a 390	G1y									

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:108:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 259 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(xi)	SEQUENCE	DESCRIPTION:	SEO	חז	NO - 100 -
,		DESCRIPTION	201	111	MID: INX

ACCAACACCT	TGCACTCNAT	GTTGAAGGGC	TTAGCTCCGG	CGGCGGCTCA	GGCCGTGGAA	60
ACCGCGGCGG	AAAACGGGGT	CTGGGCAATG	AGCTCGCTGG	GCAGCCAGCT	GGGTTCGTCG	120
CTGGGTTCTT	CGGGTCTGGG	CGCTGGGGTG	GCCGCCAACT	TGGGTCGGGC	GGCCTCGGTC	180
GGTTCGTTGT	CGGTGCCGCC	AGCATGGGCC	GCGGCCAACC	AGGCGGTCAC	CCCGGCGGCG	240
CGGGCGCTGC	CGCTGACCA					259

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:109:

# (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 86 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:109:

Thr Asn Thr Leu His Ser Met Leu Lys Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala 1 5 10 15

Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Asn Gly Val Trp Ala Met Ser Ser 20 25 30

Leu Gly Ser Gln Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Ala 35 40 45

Gly Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Ser Leu Ser 50 60

Val Pro Pro Ala Trp Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Ala Val Thr Pro Ala Ala 65 70 75 80

Arg Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr

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#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:110:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1109 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:110:

TACTTGAGAG AATTTGACCT GTTGCCGACG TTGTTTGCTG TCCATCATTG GTGCTAGTTA 60 TGGCCGAGCG GAAGGATTAT CGAAGTGGTG GACTTCGGGG CGTTACCACC GGAGATCAAC 120 TCCGCGAGGA TGTACGCCGG CCCGGGTTCG GCCTCGCTGG TGGCCGCCGC GAAGATGTGG 180 GACAGCGTGG CGAGTGACCT GTTTTCGGCC GCGTCGGCGT TTCAGTCGGT GGTCTGGGGT 240 CTGACGACGG GATCGTGGAT AGGTTCGTCG GCGGGTCTGA TGGTGGCGGC GGCCTCGCCG 300 TATGTGGCGT GGATGAGCGT CACCGCGGGG CAGGCCGAGC TGACCGCCGC CCAGGTCCGG 360 GTTGCTGCGG CGGCCTACGA GACGGCGTAT GGGCTGACGG TGCCCCCGCC GGTGATCGCC 420 GAGAACCGTG CTGAACTGAT GATTCTGATA GCGACCAACC TCTTGGGGCA AAACACCCCG 480 GCGATCGCGG TCAACGAGGC CGAATACGGG GAGATGTGGG CCCAAGACGC CGCCGCGATG 540 TTTGGCTACG CCGCCACGGC GGCGACGGCG ACCGAGGCGT TGCTGCCGTT CGAGGACGCC 600 CCACTGATCA CCAACCCCGG CGGGCTCCTT GAGCAGGCCG TCGCGGTCGA GGAGGCCATC 660 GACACCGCCG CGGCGAACCA GTTGATGAAC AATGTGCCCC AAGCGCTGCA ACAACTGGCC 720 CAGCCCACGA AAAGCATCTG GCCGTTCGAC CAACTGAGTG AACTCTGGAA AGCCATCTCG 780 CCGCATCTGT CGCCGCTCAG CAACATCGTG TCGATGCTCA ACAACCACGT GTCGATGACC 840 AACTCGGGTG TGTCAATGGC CAGCACCTTG CACTCAATGT TGAAGGGCTT TGCTCCGGCG 900 GCGGCTCAGG CCGTGGAAAC CGCGGCGCAA AACGGGGTCC AGGCGATGAG CTCGCTGGGC 960

AGCCAGCTGG	GTTCGTCGCT	GGGTTCTTCG	GGTCTGGGCG	CTGGGGTGGC	CGCCAACTTG	1020
GGTCGGGCGG	CCTCGGTCGG	TTCGTTGTCG	GTGCCGCAGG	CCTGGGCCGC	GGCCAACCAG	1080
GCGGTCACCC	CGGCGGCGCG	GGCGCTGCC				1109
(2) INFORMA	ATION FOR SE	Q ID NO:111	L:			

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 341 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:111:

Val Val Asp Phe Gly Ala Leu Pro Pro Glu Ile Asn Ser Ala Arg Met

Tyr Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Ala Lys Met Trp

Asp Ser Val Ala Ser Asp Leu Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Gln Ser 40 45

Val Val Trp Gly Leu Thr Thr Gly Ser Trp Ile Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly 50 55

Leu Met Val Ala Ala Ala Ser Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr 65 70 75 80

Ala Gly Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala 85 90 95

Ala Tyr Glu Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala 100 105 110

Glu Asn Arg Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly 115 120 125

- Gln Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met 130 135 140
- Trp Ala Gln Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe Gly Tyr Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala 145 150 155 160
- Thr Ala Thr Glu Ala Leu Leu Pro Phe Glu Asp Ala Pro Leu Ile Thr 165 170 175
- Asn Pro Gly Gly Leu Leu Glu Gln Ala Val Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ile 180 185 190
- Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Leu Met Asn Asn Val Pro Gln Ala Leu 195 200 205
- Gln Gln Leu Ala Gln Pro Thr Lys Ser Ile Trp Pro Phe Asp Gln Leu 210 220
- Ser Glu Leu Trp Lys Ala Ile Ser Pro His Leu Ser Pro Leu Ser Asn 225 230 235 240
- Ile Val Ser Met Leu Asn Asn His Val Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val 245 250 255
- Ser Met Ala Ser Thr Leu His Ser Met Leu Lys Gly Phe Ala Pro Ala 260 265 270
- Ala Ala Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Ala Ala Gln Asn Gly Val Gln Ala Met 275 280 285
- Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Gln Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu 290 295 300
- Gly Ala Gly Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Ser 305 310 315 320
- Leu Ser Val Pro Gln Ala Trp Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Ala Val Thr Pro 325 330 335

Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu 340

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:112:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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(A) LENGTH: 1256 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:112:

CATCGGAGGG	AGTGATCACC	ATGCTGTGGC	ACGCAATGCC	ACCGGAGNTA	AATACCGCAC	60
GGCTGATGGC	CGGCGCGGGT	CCGGCTCCAA	TGCTTGCGGC	GGCCGCGGGA	TGGCAGACGC	120
TTTCGGCGGC	TCTGGACGCT	CAGGCCGTCG	AGTTGACCGC	GCGCCTGAAC	TCTCTGGGAG	180
AAGCCTGGAC	TGGAGGTGGC	AGCGACAAGG	CGCTTGCGGC	TGCAACGCCG	ATGGTGGTCT	240
GGCTACAAAC	CGCGTCAACA	CAGGCCAAGA	CCCGTGCGAT	GCAGGCGACG	GCGCAAGCCG	300
CGGCATACAC	CCAGGCCATG	GCCACGACGC	CGTCGCTGCC	GGAGATCGCC	GCCAACCACA	360
TCACCCAGGC	CGTCCTTACG	GCCACCAACT	TCTTCGGTAT	CAACACGATC	CCGATCGCGT	420
TGACCGAGAT	GGATTATTTC	ATCCGTATGT	GGAACCAGGC	AGCCCTGGCA	ATGGAGGTCT	480
ACCAGGCCGA	GACCGCGGTT	AACACGCTTT	TCGAGAAGCT	CGAGCCGATG	GCGTCGATCC	540
TTGATCCCGG	CGCGAGCCAG	AGCACGACGA	ACCCGATCTT	CGGAATGCCC	TCCCCTGGCA	600
GCTCAACACC	GGTTGGCCAG	TTGCCGCCGG	CGGCTACCCA	GACCCTCGGC	CAACTGGGTG	660
AGATGAGCGG	CCCGATGCAG	CAGCTGACCC	AGCCGCTGCA	GCAGGTGACG	TCGTTGTTCA	720
GCCAGGTGGG	CGGCACCGGC	GGCGGCAACC	CAGCCGACGA	GGAAGCCGCG	CAGATGGGCC	780
TGCTCGGCAC	CAGTCCGCTG	TCGAACCATC	CGCTGGCTGG	TGGATCAGGC	CCCAGCGCGG	840
GCGCGGGCCT	GCTGCGCGCG	GAGTCGCTAC	CTGGCGCAGG	TGGGTCGTTG	ACCCGCACGC	900
CGCTGATGTC	TCAGCTGATC	GAAAAGCCGG	TTGCCCCCTC	GGTGATGCCG	GCGGCTGCTG	960
CCGGATCGTC	GGCGACGGGT	GGCGCCGCTC	CGGTGGGTGC	GGGAGCGATG	GGCCAGGGTG	1020

CGCAATCCGG	CGGCTCCACC	AGGCCGGGTC	TGGTCGCGCC	GGCACCGCTC	GCGCAGGAGC	1080
GTGAAGAAGA	CGACGAGGAC	GACTGGGACG	AAGAGGACGA	CTGGTGAGCT	CCCGTAATGA	1140
CAACAGACTT	CCCGGCCACC	CGGGCCGGAA	GACTTGCCAA	CATTTTGGCG	AGGAAGGTAA	1200
AGAGAGAAAG	TAGTCCAGCA	TGGCAGAGAT	GAAGACCGAT	GCCGCTACCC	TCGCGC	1256
(2) INFORMA	ATION FOR SE		۵.			

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ 10 NO:113:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 432 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:113:

CTAGTGGATG GGACCATGGC CATTTTCTGC AGTCTCACTG CCTTCTGTGT TGACATTTTG 60 GCACGCCGGC GGAAACGAAG CACTGGGGTC GAAGAACGGC TGCGCTGCCA TATCGTCCGG 120 AGCTTCCATA CCTTCGTGCG GCCGGAAGAG CTTGTCGTAG TCGGCCGCCA TGACAACCTC 180 TCAGAGTGCG CTCAAACGTA TAAACACGAG AAAGGGCGAG ACCGACGGAA GGTCGAACTC 240 GCCCGATCCC GTGTTTCGCT ATTCTACGCG AACTCGGCGT TGCCCTATGC GAACATCCCA 300 GTGACGTTGC CTTCGGTCGA AGCCATTGCC TGACCGGCTT CGCTGATCGT CCGCGCCAGG 360 TTCTGCAGCG CGTTGTTCAG CTCGGTAGCC GTGGCGTCCC ATTTTTGCTG GACACCCTGG 420 TACGCCTCCG AA 432

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEO ID NO:114:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 368 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:114:

Met Leu Trp His Ala Met Pro Pro Glu Xaa Asn Thr Ala Arg Leu Met 1 5 10 15

Ala Gly Ala Gly Pro Ala Pro Met Leu Ala Ala Ala Gly Trp Gln
20 25 30

Thr Leu Ser Ala Ala Leu Asp Ala Gln Ala Val Glu Leu Thr Ala Arg 35 40 45

Leu Asn Ser Leu Gly Glu Ala Trp Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Lys Ala 50 55 60

Leu Ala Ala Ala Thr Pro Met Val Val Trp Leu Gln Thr Ala Ser Thr 65 70 75 80

Gln Ala Lys Thr Arg Ala Met Gln Ala Thr Ala Gln Ala Ala Tyr 85 90 95

Thr Gln Ala Met Ala Thr Thr Pro Ser Leu Pro Glu Ile Ala Ala Asn 100 105 110

His Ile Thr Gln Ala Val Leu Thr Ala Thr Asn Phe Phe Gly Ile Asn 115 120 125

Thr Ile Pro Ile Ala Leu Thr Glu Met Asp Tyr Phe Ile Arg Met Trp 130 135 140

Asn Gln Ala Ala Leu Ala Met Glu Val Tyr Gln Ala Glu Thr Ala Val 145 150 155 160

Asn Thr Leu Phe Glu Lys Leu Glu Pro Met Ala Ser Ile Leu Asp Pro 165 170 175

Gly Ala Ser Gln Ser Thr Thr Asn Pro Ile Phe Gly Met Pro Ser Pro 180 185 190

Gly Ser Ser Thr Pro Val Gly Gln Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Thr Gln Thr 195 200 205

Leu Gly Gln Leu Gly Glu Met Ser Gly Pro Met Gln Gln Leu Thr Gln 210 215 220 Pro Leu Gln Gln Val Thr Ser Leu Phe Ser Gln Val Gly Gly Thr Gly 225 230 235 240 Gly Gly Asn Pro Ala Asp Glu Glu Ala Ala Gln Met Gly Leu Leu Gly 245 250 Thr Ser Pro Leu Ser Asn His Pro Leu Ala Gly Gly Ser Gly Pro Ser 260 265 Ala Gly Ala Gly Leu Leu Arg Ala Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Ala Gly Gly 280 Ser Leu Thr Arg Thr Pro Leu Met Ser Gln Leu Ile Glu Lys Pro Val 290 295 Ala Pro Ser Val Met Pro Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ser Ser Ala Thr Gly 305 310 315 320 Gly Ala Ala Pro Val Gly Ala Gly Ala Met Gly Gln Gly Ala Gln Ser 325 330 335 Gly Gly Ser Thr Arg Pro Gly Leu Val Ala Pro Ala Pro Leu Ala Gln 340 345 350 Glu Arg Glu Glu Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Trp Asp Glu Glu Asp Asp Trp 355 360 365

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:115:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

Met Ala Glu Met Lys Thr Asp Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala 1 5 10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:116:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 396 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:116:

GATCTCCGGC GACCTGAAAA CCCAGATCGA CCAGGTGGAG TCGACGGCAG GTTCGTTGCA

GGGCCAGTGG CGCGGCGCG CGGGGACGGC CGCCCAGGCC GCGGTGGTGC GCTTCCAAGA

120

AGCAGCCAAT AAGCAGAAGC AGGAACTCGA CGAGATCTCG ACGAATATTC GTCAGGCCGG

180

CGTCCAATAC TCGAGGGCCG ACGAGGAGCA GCAGCAGGCG CTGTCCTCGC AAATGGGCTT

CTGACCCGCT AATACGAAAA GAAACGGAGC AAAAACATGA CAGAGCAGCA GTGGAATTTC

GCGGGTATCG AGGCCGCGC AAGCGCAATC CAGGGAAATG TCACGTCCAT TCATTCCCTC

360

CTTGACGAGG GGAAGCAGTC CCTGACCAAG CTCGCA

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:117:

#### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 80 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

#### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:117:

Ile 1	Ser	Gly	Asp	Leu 5	Lys	Thr	Gln	Ile	Asp 10	Gln	Val	Glu	Ser	Thr 15	Ala
G1y	Seŕ	Leu	Gln 20	Gly	Gln	Trp	Arg	Gly 25	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ala 30	Ala	Gln
Ala	Ala	Va1 35	Val	Arg	Phe	Gln	Glu 40	Ala	Ala	Asn	Lys	G1n 45	Lys	G1n	Glu
Leu	Asp 50	Glu	Ile	Ser	Thr	Asn 55	Ile	Arg	Gln	Ala	Gly 60	Val	Gln	Tyr	Ser
Arg 65	Ala	Asp	Glu	Glu	G1n 70	Gln	Gln	Ala	Leu	Ser 75	Ser	Gln	Met	Gly	Phe 80

# (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:118:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 387 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

# (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:118:

GTGGATCCCG	ATCCCGTGTT	TCGCTATTCT	ACGCGAACTC	GGCGTTGCCC	TATGCGAACA	60
TCCCAGTGAC	GTTGCCTTCG	GTCGAAGCCA	TTGCCTGACC	GGCTTCGCTG	ATCGTCCGCG	120
CCAGGTTCTG	CAGCGCGTTG	TTCAGCTCGG	TAGCCGTGGC	GTCCCATTTT	TGCTGGACAC	180
CCTGGTACGC	CTCCGAACCG	CTACCGCCCC	AGGCCGCTGC	GAGCTTGGTC	AGGGACTGCT	240
TCCCCTCGTC	AAGGAGGAA	TGAATGGACG	TGACATTTCC	CTGGATTGCG	CTTGCCGCGG	300
CCTCGATACC	CGCGAAATTC	CACTGCTGCT	CTGTCATGTT	TTTGCTCCGT	ПСТТТСGT	360
ATTAGCGGGT	CAGAAGCCCA	TTTGCGA				387

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(2)	INFORMATION	FOR	SEQ	ID	NO:119:
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## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 272 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:119:

CGGCACGAGG ATCTCGGTTG GCCCAACGGC GCTGGCGAGG GCTCCGTTCC GGGGGCGAGC 60 TGCGCGCCGG ATGCTTCCTC TGCCCGCAGC CGCGCCTGGA TGGATGGACC AGTTGCTACC 120 TTCCCGACGT TTCGTTCGGT GTCTGTGCGA TAGCGGTGAC CCCGGCGCGC ACGTCGGGAG 180 TGTTGGGGGG CAGGCCGGGT CGGTGGTTCG GCCGGGGACG CAGACGGTCT GGACGGAACG 240 GGCGGGGTT CGCCGATTGG CATCTTTGCC CA 272

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:120:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:120:

Asp Pro Val Asp Ala Val Ile Asn Thr Thr Cys Asn Tyr Gly Gln Val 10

Val Ala Ala Leu 20

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:121:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:121:

Ala Val Glu Ser Gly Met Leu Ala Leu Gly Thr Pro Ala Pro Ser 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:122:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:122:

Ala Ala Met Lys Pro Arg Thr Gly Asp Gly Pro Leu Glu Ala Ala Lys  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$ 

Glu Gly Arg

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:123:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID NO:123:

Tyr Tyr Trp Cys Pro Gly Gln Pro Phe Asp Pro Ala Trp Gly Pro 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:124:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS:

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:124:

Asp Ile Gly Ser Glu Ser Thr Glu Asp Gln Gln Xaa Ala Val 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:125:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS:

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:125:

Ala Glu Glu Ser Ile Ser Thr Xaa Glu Xaa Ile Val Pro 1 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:126:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:126:

Asp Pro Glu Pro Ala Pro Pro Val Pro Thr Thr Ala Ala Ser Pro Pro 1 5 10 15

Ser

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:127:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:127:

Ala Pro Lys Thr Tyr Xaa Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Thr Asp Thr Gly 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:128:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:128:

Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gln Leu Thr Ser 10 15

Leu Leu Asn Ser Leu Ala Asp Pro Asn Val Ser Phe Ala Asn 20 25 30

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:129:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 22 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:129:

Asp Pro Pro Asp Pro His Gln Xaa Asp Met Thr Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Pro 1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Arg Arg Xaa Phe 20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:130:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:130:

Asp Pro Gly Tyr Thr Pro Gly
1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:131:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ix) FEATURE:
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "The Second Residue Can Be Either a Pro or Thr"
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:131:

Xaa Xaa Gly Phe Thr Gly Pro Gln Phe Tyr 5 10

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:132:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ix) FEATURE:
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "The Third Residue Can Be Either a Gln or Leu"
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:132:

Xaa Pro Xaa Val Thr Ala Tyr Ala Gly
1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:133:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:133:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Glu Lys Pro Phe Leu Arg 1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:134:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:134:

Xaa Asp Ser Glu Lys Ser Ala Thr Ile Lys Val Thr Asp Ala Ser 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:135:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:135:

Ala Gly Asp Thr Xaa Ile Tyr Ile Val Gly Asn Leu Thr Ala Asp

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1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:136:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:136:

Ala Pro Glu Ser Gly Ala Gly Leu Gly Gly Thr Val Gln Ala Gly 1 5 10 15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:137:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 21 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:137:

Xaa Tyr Ile Ala Tyr Xaa Thr Thr Ala Gly Ile Val Pro Gly Lys Ile 1 5 10 15

Asn Val His Leu Val 20

#### <u>Claims</u>

- 1. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen has an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) Asp-Pro-Val-Asp-Ala-Val-Ile-Asn-Thr-Thr-Cys-Asn-Tyr-Gly-Gln-Val-Val-Ala-Ala-Leu; (SEQ ID No. 120)
  - (b) Ala-Val-Glu-Ser-Gly-Met-Leu-Ala-Leu-Gly-Thr-Pro-Ala-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 121)
  - (c) Ala-Ala-Met-Lys-Pro-Arg-Thr-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Leu-Glu-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Gly-Arg; (SEQ ID No. 122)
  - (d) Tyr-Tyr-Trp-Cys-Pro-Gly-Gln-Pro-Phe-Asp-Pro-Ala-Trp-Gly-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 123)
  - (e) Asp-Ile-Gly-Ser-Glu-Ser-Thr-Glu-Asp-Gln-Gln-Xaa-Ala-Val; (SEQ ID No. 124)
  - (f) Ala-Glu-Glu-Ser-Ile-Ser-Thr-Xaa-Glu-Xaa-Ile-Val-Pro; (SEQ ID No. 125)
  - (g) Asp-Pro-Glu-Pro-Ala-Pro-Pro-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Ser-Pro-Pro-Ser; (SEQ ID No. 126)
  - (h) Ala-Pro-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Xaa-Glu-Glu-Leu-Lys-Gly-Thr-Asp-Thr-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 127)
  - (i) Asp-Pro-Ala-Ser-Ala-Pro-Asp-Val-Pro-Thr-Ala-Ala-Gln-Leu-Thr-Ser-Leu-Leu-Asn-Ser-Leu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Asn-Val-Ser-Phe-Ala-Asn; (SEQ ID No. 128) and
  - (j) Ala-Pro-Glu-Ser-Gly-Ala-Gly-Leu-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Gln-Ala-Gly; (SEQ ID No. 136)

wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.

2. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative

substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen has an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) Asp-Pro-Pro-Asp-Pro-His-Gln-Xaa-Asp-Met-Thr-Lys-Gly-Tyr-Tyr-Pro-Gly-Gly-Arg-Xaa-Phe; (SEQ ID No. 129) and
- (b) Xaa-Tyr-Ile-Ala-Tyr-Xaa-Thr-Thr-Ala-Gly-Ile-Val-Pro-Gly-Lys-Ile-Asn-Val-His-Leu-Val; (SEQ ID No. 137), wherein Xaa may be any amino acid.
- 3. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a soluble *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 1, 2, 4-10, 13-25, 52, 99 and 101 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.
- 4. A polypeptide comprising an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of said antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, wherein said antigen comprises an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 26-51 or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions.
- 5. A DNA molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1-4.
- 6. An expression vector comprising a DNA molecule according to claim 5.
  - 7. A host cell transformed with an expression vector according to claim 6.

- 8. The host cell of claim 7 wherein the host cell is selected from the group consisting of *E. coli*, yeast and mammalian cells.
- 9. A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more DNA molecules according to claim 5 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 11. A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more DNA sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 12. A vaccine comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and a non-specific immune response enhancer.
  - 13. A vaccine comprising:
- a polypeptide having an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 134 and 135; and
  - a non-specific immune response enhancer.
  - 14. A vaccine comprising:

one or more polypeptides encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

- 15. The vaccine of claims 12-14 wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.
- 16. A vaccine comprising one or more DNA molecules according to claim 5 and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

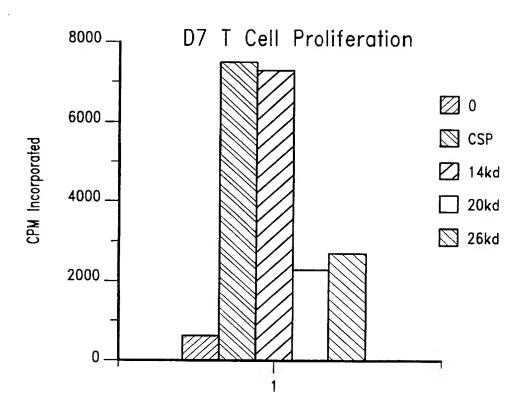
- 17. A vaccine comprising one or more DNA sequences recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and a non-specific immune response enhancer.
- 18. The vaccine of claims 16 or 17 wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.
- 19. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 9-11.
- 20. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a vaccine according to any one of claims 12-18.
- 21. A fusion protein comprising two or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4.
- 22. A fusion protein comprising one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4 and ESAT-6.
- 23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 21 or 22 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 24. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claims 21 or 22 and a non-specific immune response enhancer.
- 25. The vaccine of claim 24 wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.
- 26. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23.
- 27. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a vaccine according to claims 24 or 25.

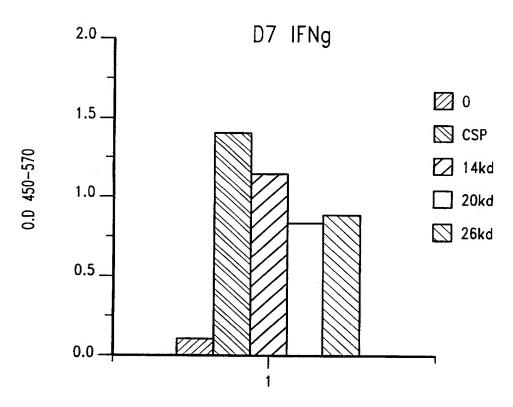
- 28. A method for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, comprising:
- (a) contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more polypeptides according to any one of claims 1-4; and
- (b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting tuberculosis in the patient.
  - 29. A method for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, comprising:
- (a) contacting dermal cells of a patient with a polypeptide having an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 134 and 135; and
- (b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting tuberculosis in the patient.
  - 30. A method for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, comprising:
- (a) contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more polypeptides encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and
- (b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting tuberculosis in the patient.
- 31. The method of any one of claims 28-30 wherein the immune response is induration.
  - 32. A diagnostic kit comprising:
  - (a) a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1-4; and
- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.

- 33. A diagnostic kit comprising:
- (a) a polypeptide having an N-terminal sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 134 and 135; and
- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.
  - 34. A diagnostic kit comprising:
- (a) a polypeptide encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID Nos.: 3, 11 and 12; and
- (b) apparatus sufficient to contact said polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.

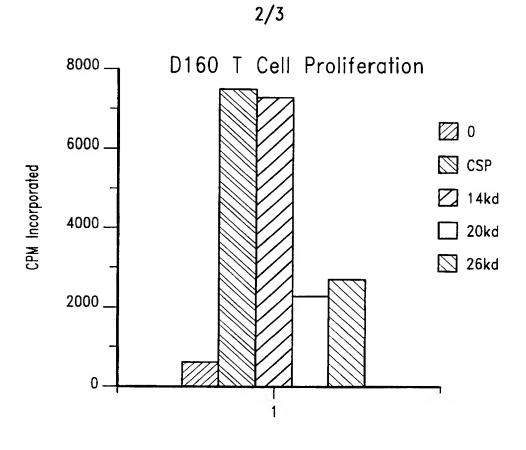
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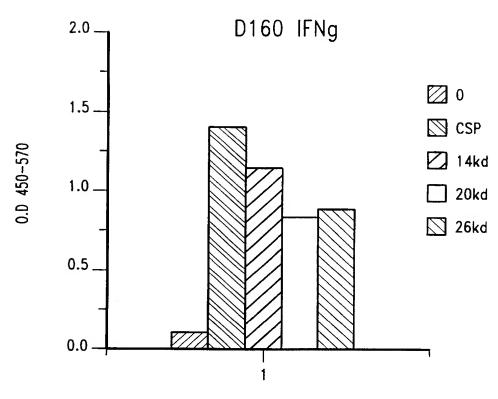






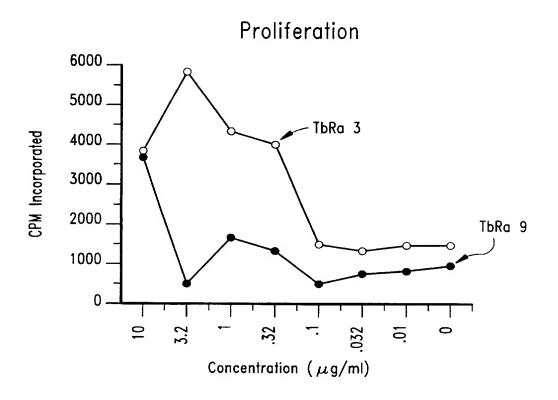
 $Fig.\,\,\,1A$  SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)





 $Fig. \ 1B$  SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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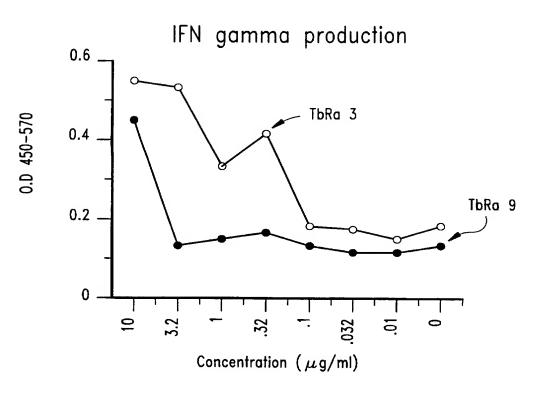


Fig.  $\it 2$  SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)